

PROTECTED AREAS POLICY IMPLEMENTATION PLAN 2018-2028

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The views and opinions expressed in this publication are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the official policy or position of the UNDP.

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ACRONYMS

<i>ABSA</i>	Access Benefit Sharing Agreement	<i>LMMA</i>	Locally Managed Marine Areas
<i>AG</i>	Attorney General	<i>M&E</i>	Monitoring and Evaluation
<i>BPNG</i>	Bank of Papua New Guinea	<i>MAG</i>	Management Advisory Group
<i>CA</i>	Conservation Areas	<i>MEAs</i>	Multi-lateral Environment Agreements
<i>CARR</i>	Comprehensive, adequate, representative and resilient	<i>MOA</i>	Memorandum of Agreement
<i>CBD</i>	Convention on Biodiversity	<i>MRA</i>	Mineral Resources Authority
<i>CBOs</i>	Community-Based Organizations	<i>MTDP</i>	Medium Term Development Plan
<i>CCA</i>	Community Conservation Areas	<i>NCC</i>	National Conservation Council
<i>CCDA</i>	Climate Change Development Authority	<i>NCDC</i>	National Capital District Commission
<i>CEPA</i>	Conservation and Environment Protection Authority	<i>NEC</i>	National Executive Council
<i>CIP</i>	Capital Investment Programme	<i>NFA</i>	National Forest Authority
<i>CITES</i>	Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species	<i>NGOs</i>	Non-Government Organizations
<i>CSOs</i>	Civil Society Organizations	<i>NMAG</i>	National Museum and Art Gallery
<i>DAL</i>	Department of Agriculture and Livestock	<i>NMSA</i>	National Maritime Safety Authority
<i>DDAs</i>	District Development Authorities	<i>NPART</i>	National Protected Areas Round Table
<i>DJAG</i>	Department of Justice and Attorney General	<i>NRI</i>	National Research Institute
<i>DMPG</i>	Department of Mineral Policy and Geohazards	<i>NTNA</i>	National Training Needs Assessment
<i>DNPM</i>	Department of National Planning and Monitoring	<i>PA</i>	Protected Areas
<i>DoF</i>	Department of Finance	<i>PAPIP</i>	Protected Areas Policy Implementation Plan
<i>DoT</i>	Department of Treasury	<i>PAN</i>	Protected Areas Network
<i>DPLGA</i>	Department of Provincial and Local Level Government Affairs	<i>PM&NEC</i>	Prime Minister and National Executive Council
<i>DPM</i>	Department of Personnel Management	<i>PNG</i>	Papua New Guinea
<i>EHP</i>	Eastern Highlands Province	<i>PNGFA</i>	Papua New Guinea Forest Authority
<i>FPIC</i>	Free Prior Informed Consent	<i>PNGNMAG</i>	Papua New Guinea National Museum & Art Gallery
<i>GEF</i>	Global Environment Facility	<i>POWPA</i>	Programme of Work on Protected Areas (Programme of the CBD)
<i>GoPNG</i>	Government of Papua New Guinea	<i>RCF</i>	Research and Conservation Foundation
<i>IBR</i>	Institute of Binatang Research	<i>RPART</i>	Regional Protected Areas Round Table
<i>IPA</i>	Investment Promotion Authority	<i>SDGs</i>	Sustainable Development Goals
<i>IPR</i>	Intellectual Property Rights	<i>SOP</i>	Standard Operating Procedure
<i>IPZ</i>	Integrated Protected Zone	<i>StaRS</i>	Strategy for Responsible Sustainable Development
<i>IRC</i>	Internal Revenue Commission	<i>TF</i>	Trust Fund
<i>IUCN</i>	International Union for Conservation of Nature	<i>TNA</i>	Training Needs Assessment
<i>JICA</i>	Japanese International Cooperation Agency	<i>UN</i>	United Nations
<i>KI</i>	Kokoda Initiative	<i>UNDP</i>	United Nations Development Programme
<i>LLG</i>	Local Level Government	<i>UoG</i>	University of Goroka
		<i>VNP</i>	Varirata National Park
		<i>WCS</i>	World Conservation Society

FOREWORD

Papua New Guinea (PNG) contains more than 7% of the world's biodiversity in less than 1% of the world's land area, placing PNG in the category of a mega-biodiverse country.

This Protected Areas Policy Implementation Plan (PAPIP) guides our countries' organisations, agencies and resource-owning communities to harmonise our sustainability efforts towards developing new, and essential, protected areas in PNG. It translates the five pillars of the Government of PNG's Policy on Protected Areas, released in 2014, into corresponding goals with clear objectives, strategies, targets, indicators and actions. Importantly, this plan reaffirms the central role of protected areas and conservation in ensuring PNG continues to build a society that is smart, fair, wise and healthy.

The PAPIP recognises issues regarding current methods of conservation and environment protection in PNG. It details the approach that the national Conservation and Environment Protection Authority (CEPA), tasked with the development and implementation of this Plan, will follow and includes Frameworks on Implementation, Schedules, Monitoring and Evaluation for each of the five goals, including associated timeframes and costs.

This Plan has been developed by Papua New Guineans through a broad consultative approach to establish clear management and governance structures, strengthen collaboration between various stakeholders, and raise awareness of the critical value of protecting PNG's environment.

I am personally committed to this comprehensive plan, which outlines how to support the core elements of our Policy on Protected Areas and reaffirms the PNG Government's recognition of the importance of natural ecosystems, biodiversity, conservation, people, culture and sustainability.



A handwritten signature in blue ink.

Hon. John Pundari, CMG, MP
Minister for Environment &
Conservation and Climate Change

ENDORSEMENT

This plan provides a tremendous opportunity to give conservation in Papua New Guinea (PNG) the attention and recognition it deserves. As we know, our nation's biodiversity is a critical resource for local communities and customary landholders, providing food, shelter and medicines which are irreplaceable and economically significant.

However, increasing pressure on resources from population growth and industrial developments have the potential to negatively impact our biodiversity.

This Protected Areas Policy Implementation Plan is a tool which can guide organisations, agencies and resource-owning communities to work collaboratively towards creating new Protected Areas in PNG. It sets out a clear vision for a future Protected Area Network, which includes Special Management Areas, Community Conservation Areas, Locally Managed Marine Areas and National Parks.

Significantly, this plan also commits to the protection of PNG's unique biological and cultural heritage, which is supported by a new sustainable funding model, based on biodiversity, payments for environmental services and capacity building throughout our country.

I look forward to putting this plan into action through the Conservation and Environment Protection Authority (CEPA) to achieve sustainable development for betterment of all Papua New Guineans.



A handwritten signature in blue ink.

Mr. Gunther Joku
Managing Director -
Conservation and Environment
Protection Authority

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This Protected Areas Policy Implementation Plan (PAPIP) aims to guide organizations, agencies and resource-owning communities of Papua New Guinea (PNG) to collaborate and harmonize their sustainability efforts towards developing new protected areas (PA) in PNG.

The PAPIP supports the vision of the PNG Policy on Protected Areas (PPA) which states:

"Our protected area system across land and sea safeguards our precious and outstanding natural and cultural heritage. Together, we manage these areas effectively for all the people of Papua New Guinea."

It translates the five pillars of the PPA into corresponding goals with clear objectives, strategies, targets, monitorial indicators and actions.

The PAPIP was developed by Papua New Guineans through a wide consultative approach that embraced the whole of government from the national to the sub-national level, as well as resource-owning communities, the private sector, non-government organizations (NGOs) and research institutions. It is a 'home-grown' Plan that encapsulates the vision and desires of all who were consulted.

a) The Constitution which provides the underlying directive principles

- b) The National Strategy for Responsible Sustainable Development (StaRS) which prescribes the consequent paradigm
- c) The Vision 2050 Human Development Index objective and its subsequent reviews
- d) The Medium Term Development Plans (MTDPs)
- e) Sector Plans
- f) Annual Budgets relating to the implementation of the MTDP
- g) Other documents made for such purposes.

The Act clearly states that '...the elements of the National Planning Framework shall operate in a Cascading manner from (a) to (g).

International agreements also influence the development of this Plan. As a signatory to the United Nations (UN) Convention on Biodiversity (CBD), PNG has committed to establishing a 'comprehensive, effectively managed and ecologically representative national system of protected areas', including specific targets of land and sea areas, by 2020.

It is a vital document with a mandate derived directly from the 4th Goal of the PNG Constitution and its Directive Principles, which states:

"Papua New Guinea's natural resources and environment should be conserved and used for all and should be replenished for the benefit of ourselves and prosperity of the environment and its sacred, scenic and historical qualities for future generations".



Coral life, Pacific Ocean, PNG © Valerijs Novickis/ Shutterstock

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The development of the PAPIP was a result of the approval of the PAP by the National Executive Council (NEC) in 2014. The NEC Decision No.385/2014 directed the Minister for Environment and Conservation and Climate Change to:

1. Implement the National Protected Area Policy; and
2. Formulate an Implementation Plan with financial estimates.

The PAP sets out a clear vision for a protected areas network (PAN) which includes Special Management Areas, Community Conservation Areas (CCA), Locally Managed Marine Areas (LMMA) and national parks. The Policy commits to the protection of PNG's unique biological and cultural heritage that is supported by a new sustainable funding model, based on biodiversity, payments for environmental services to enable active management, and capacity building throughout PNG. It outlines legislations that support and enable the establishment of a PAN and provides governance and management arrangements for PA across land and sea.

"Through the PPA, the Government recognizes the importance of natural ecosystems, biodiversity, conservation, people, culture and sustainability. It reaffirms the central role of PA and conservation in building a society that is smart, fair, wise and healthy."

The role of local communities and customary landowners is fundamental and so it is critical that the PAN support their livelihoods and protect PNG's unique biodiversity. The Policy recognizes and welcomes partnerships in PA with all levels of Government, NGOs, civil societies, industry and especially local communities.

The PPA outlines five pillars:

1. Governance and Management of Protected Areas;
2. Sustainable Livelihoods for Communities;
3. Effective and Adaptive Biodiversity Management;
4. Managing the Protected Areas Network; and
5. Sustainable and Equitable Financing for Protected Areas.

1.1 PURPOSE OF THE PAPIP

The purpose of PAPIP 2018-2028 is embedded in the five pillars of the PPA, as reflected in Figure 1 below. The five pillars guide the Conservation and Environment Protection Authority (CEPA) to develop the PAPIP, which assists in part to addressing ongoing issues including:

- the current PAN not working effectively
- no plan to guide PAN development or management
- legislation is fragmented and unclear
- management responsibilities are confusing
- activities of Government, NGOs, provincial and local level governments (LLGs) are not well coordinated and lack direction
- biodiversity loss is accelerating
- communities are not benefitting as they could be.

Thus, the PAPIP serves several purposes. These are:

- Raise awareness on the value of PA in PNG
- Establish networking and strengthen collaboration among Government and various stakeholders including local communities, NGOs, private sector and donors
- Contribute to establishing clear management and governance structures/guidelines for effective protected areas management
- Assist in improving coordination and instill a sense of direction amongst key stakeholders
- Enable effective collaboration with relevant partners to establish an equitable, sustainable benefit sharing mechanism for local communities
- A one-stop-shop marketing tool for soliciting government/donor financial and technical support for PAPIP implementation.

1.2 RATIONALE FOR THE PAPIP

Rationale for the Plan rests on several grounds. Firstly, and as stated above, NEC Decision No. 385/2014 directed the Minister to implement the National PPA and formulate an implementation plan with financial estimates.

Secondly, the PPA calls for the establishment of a PAN under its Vision:

"Our protected area system across land and sea safeguards our precious and outstanding natural and cultural heritage. Together, we manage these areas effectively for all the people of Papua New Guinea."¹

PNG PROTECTED AREA NETWORK

Our protected area network across land and seas safeguards our precious and outstanding natural and cultural heritage. together we manage these areas effectively for all the people of Papua New Guinea

A network for and by
PNG people

Ecological design
and management

A fair and thoughtful
system of management

FIVE PILLARS SUPPORTING THE VISION



PILLAR ONE
Protected Areas:
Governance and
management



PILLAR TWO
Sustainable
livelihoods for
communities



PILLAR THREE
Effective
and adaptive
biodiversity
management



PILLAR FOUR
Managing
the protected
Area Network



PILLAR FIVE
Sustainable and
equitable financing
for Protected Areas

PNG CONSTITUTION: ITS GOALS AND DIRECTIVE PRINCIPLES

Figure 1: Framework for National Protected Area Network

Taking its cue from the NEC directive, CEPA translated the five pillars of the Policy into five Implementation Plan Goals.

1.3 PAPIP GOALS

Goal 1 – Governance and management of Protected Areas is enhanced

The PAN will consist of a range of PA types, which will form the cornerstone of an integrated approach to conserve nature and provide resilience to climate change on both land and sea. The Network will be established and managed to conserve the country's outstanding biodiversity and provide benefits for local communities, customary landowners and all PNG people. The Network is built and managed with free, prior and informed consent (FPIC) of customary landowners.

National, provincial, district and LLGs will provide effective legislation, policy and institutional support and assist with capacity development and practical support, including training and mentoring.

The system will comprise two groups of PA:

- National PA including national parks and conservation areas. These areas will be gazetted under national legislation
- Regional PA including CCA and LMMA. These areas will be gazetted through provincial government legislation.

Goal 2 – Livelihoods of the communities are sustained

The support, enthusiasm and dedication of customary landowners and communities for PA are an essential component of this Plan. Governments (National, Provincial, District and Local), in collaboration with relevant stakeholders (e.g. NGOs and customary landowners) will develop transparent processes to establish Conservation and Benefit Sharing Agreements to enable the establishment of PA on customary lands.

The Conservation and Benefit Sharing Agreements will take account of the diversity of social and cultural

¹Papua New Guinea Policy on Protected Areas (PPA), pg. 17

practices and will identify the roles and responsibilities of the customary landowners in the establishment, implementation and monitoring of the PA.

Goal 3 – Effective and adaptive biodiversity management that supports the PAN to ensure that the values of the PA are maintained to the highest possible extent

“Maintaining natural integrity, cultural values and natural landscapes and seascapes across time is the highest priority of PA management, along with delivering sustainable benefits to customary landowners.”

Management effectiveness of PA will be evaluated regularly through audits. Management planning plays an important role in PA as part of an adaptive management system and for building consensus among stakeholders and managers. The emphasis will be on a good planning process. A requirement for planning is built into the PA legislation. Different PA types and zones will be managed on land and sea according to the values of management plans, zoning and conservation agreements for that area.

Goal 4 – Protected Area Network that is relevant to PNG people; protects the diversity of life, landscapes and seascapes; and forms a well-connected, adequate and resilient system

A robust scientific basis will be used to prioritize investment in PA, but the initial emphasis will be on better management of selected existing PA projects rather than delaying action while awaiting better information.

An efficient and effective process will be developed for the legal establishment, gazettal, management and sustainability of PA by the national PAN. This will include conversion of existing areas and establishment of new areas. It will allow for de-gazettal where existing areas do not meet the new standards.

No new areas will become PA without the support and agreement of the customary landowners and communities. Support from NGOs will also be critical.

Goal 5 – Sustainable and equitable financing supports the PAN and established PA

Adequate and reliable financial resources will be needed for effective designation and management of PA. Each PA will require annual budgets for development and implementation of management plans (including capital and recurrent expenditure) and to support the customary landowners and communities in their management of the PA.

Funding for this Plan will be obtained from a mix of sources including but not limited to:

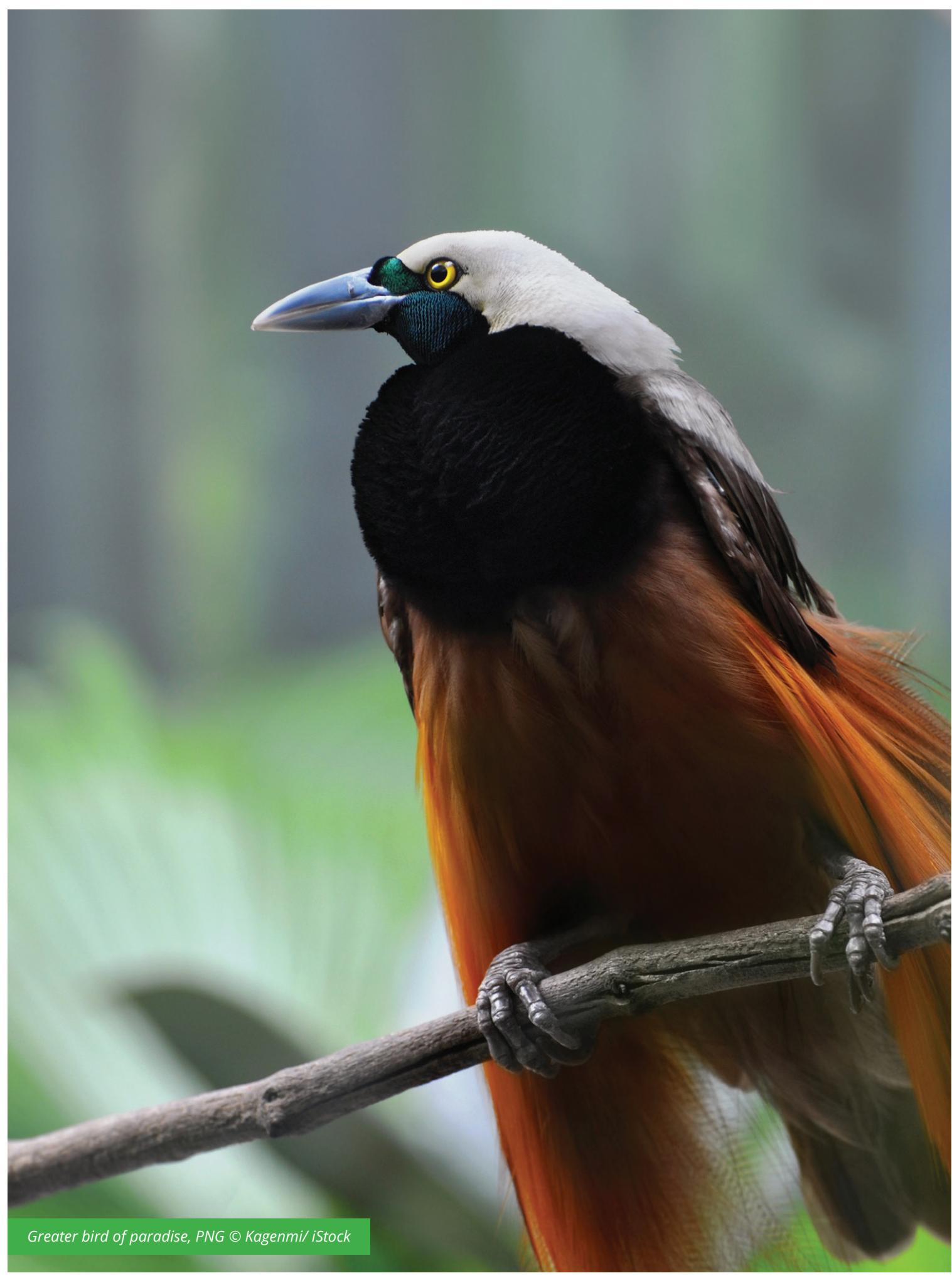
- Environmental offsets to be paid by resource companies holding environment permits under the Environment Act 2000
- Overseas development assistance, in particular funding from the Global Environment Facility (GEF) which provides significant funding to PNG on a four-year budgetary cycle
- Co-financing from the national budgets will be necessary to maintain the international communities' commitment to protecting biodiversity in PNG.

A Biodiversity Trust Fund, to be established under its own legislation, is the proposed financial vehicle for managing and investing funding for PA. The proposed Trust Fund will operate on an endowment basis and provide the regular income streams required to meet the obligations in Conservation and Benefit Sharing Agreements.

1.4 PLAN TIMEFRAME

The PAPIP 2018-2028 covers a ten-year period. This is in line with other overarching national policies and strategies such as the Vision 2050, the Strategy for Responsible Sustainable Development, the PPA and the MTDP3 whose objectives are embraced in this Plan.

This Plan will be subject to two reviews – at the end of the first five years and at the end of the Plan period. This will ensure the Plan is consistent with the political cycle of each parliament and hence maintains its policy and political relevance.



Greater bird of paradise, PNG © Kagenmi/ iStock

2.0 BACKGROUND

PNG contains more than 7% of the world's biodiversity in less than 1% of the world's land area⁴. This places PNG in the category of a mega-biodiverse country. PNG's biodiversity is a critical resource for local communities and customary landholders, for the nation and for the world.

For local communities, biodiversity provides food, shelter and medicines that are irreplaceable and without which the quality of life of people in rural areas would be substantially impacted. The economic significance of this cannot be underestimated. It also has enormous cultural significance as evidenced by the use of feathers from the birds-of-paradise and fur of tree kangaroos and cuscus in cultural ceremonies.

Biodiversity, along with cultural attractions, have potential to play a significant role in the development of a PNG tourism industry – a key plank of the Vision 2050 strategy as well as the StaRS. Internationally protected areas, including world heritage areas, are the foundation of many tourism industries. With the ageing of global populations and increasing demand for tourism the opportunities have never been better to develop PNG's own unique tourism industry.

"PNG's biodiversity currently appears to be fairly healthy and no evidence exists that it has lost any mammal, bird or reptile species. However, the trend towards more intensive development in recent years, that which causes large-scale clearing of forests, could place many species in threat within a short period of time. Increasing pressure on marine resources from population growth and industrial developments in coastal zones also has the potential to have significant negative impacts on biodiversity."

PA are the primary mechanism used internationally to protect biodiversity. They are not sufficient on their own to provide protection for all components of PNG's biodiversity but they are the cornerstone of the PAPIP. The international minimum standard for a PA target is 10% of a country's land/marine areas. Currently, PNG has a little over 2% of its land area in PA and few

⁴PNG PA Policy 2014 pg. 6

⁵PNG PPA Policy 2014

⁶ibid.

⁷PNG Vision 2050, pg.42

marine protected areas⁵. Of the 2% PA, the majority is gazetted under legislation which provides no effective protection for biodiversity. This is evidenced by the fact that several PA in PNG have been logged and converted to commercial agriculture⁶.

2.1 POLICY AND LEGAL FRAMEWORK FOR PLANNING FOR PA IN PNG

a) The Constitution of PNG and the National Goals and Directive Principles

"Papua New Guinea's natural resources and environment should be conserved and used for all and should be replenished for the benefit of ourselves and prosperity of the environment and its sacred, scenic and historical qualities for future generations".

b) The PNG Vision 2050:

Underpinned by seven strategic focus areas referred to as Pillars, the Vision 2050 (Figure 2) is the aspiration of every Papua New Guinean to fulfil the dreams of the founding fathers to ensure that correct mechanisms are in place for PNG's future.

The Vision 2050 sets the long-term direction for the country from the Constitution and the seven pillars towards a 'Smart, Wise, Fair, Healthy and Happy Society by 2050' to '...be ranked in the top 50 countries in the United Nations Human Development Index by 2050....'

Pillar 6 of the Vision 2050 calls for urgent measures to be taken to protect PNG's environment and its future sustainability, making the PPA and its accompanying Implementation Plan well-aligned to it. The Vision 2050 also clearly articulates the importance of biodiversity and promoting sustainable use in economic planning, re-affirming that 'Oceans, marine and terrestrial areas are protected'⁷ as one of its key performance indicators.

c) The National Strategy for Responsible Sustainable Development

The StaRS aims to redefine the development road map. It does this by prescribing a new strategy where greater economic growth is built on renewable resources rather than extractive activities. A priority is placed on preserving the environment and using it sustainably by adding economic value to it. The StaRS shares the National Vision of being a 'Smart, Wise, Fair, Healthy and Happy Society by 2050.'

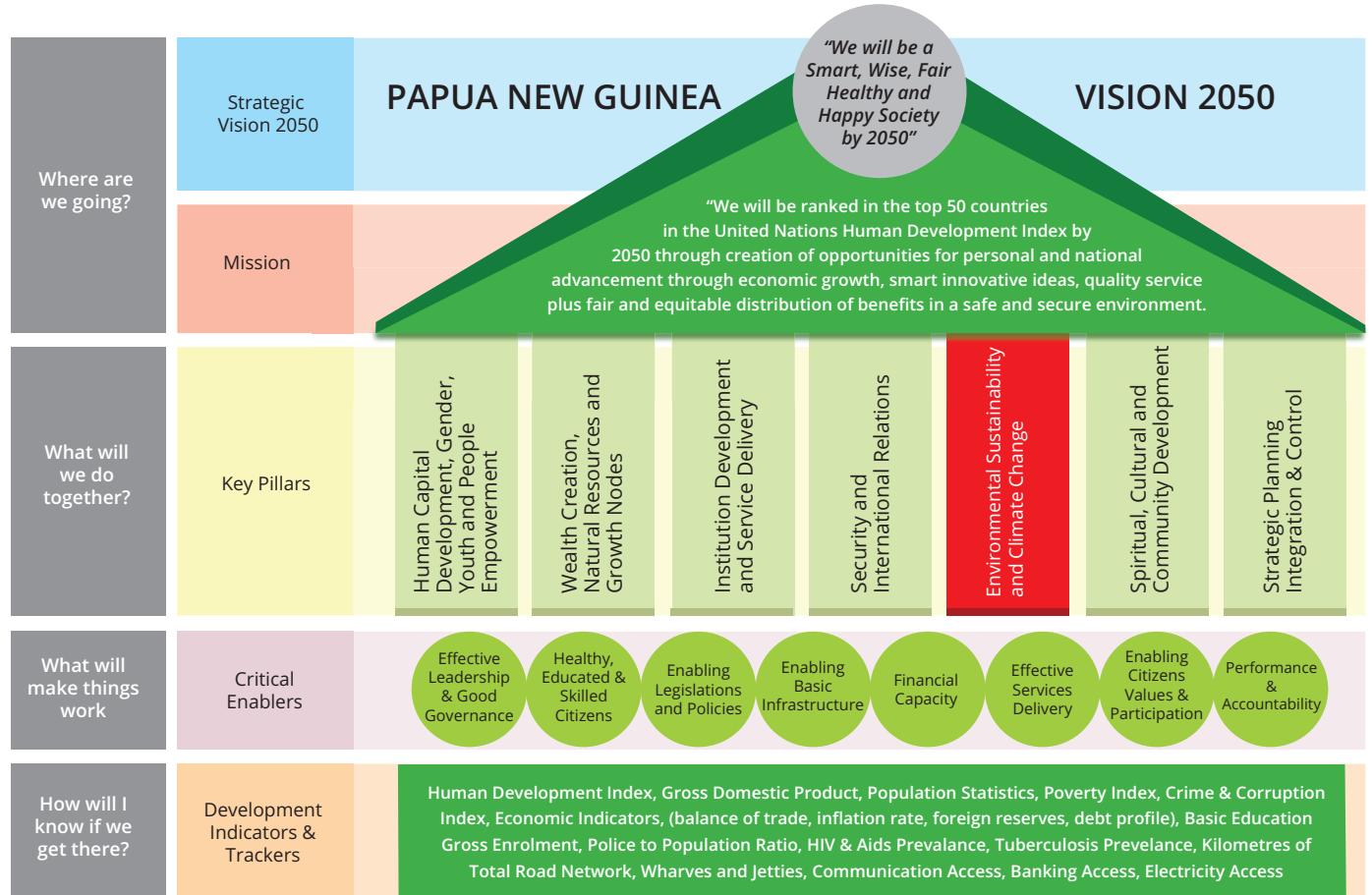


Figure 2: The PNG Vision 2050

Within the StaRS, environment is one of the three pillars of sustainable development (see Figure 4) defined as 'development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of the future generations to meet their own needs.'¹⁸

The Intersection between two Pillars equals Partial Development. For example, Social and Economic = **Equitable**; Social and Environment = **Bearable**;

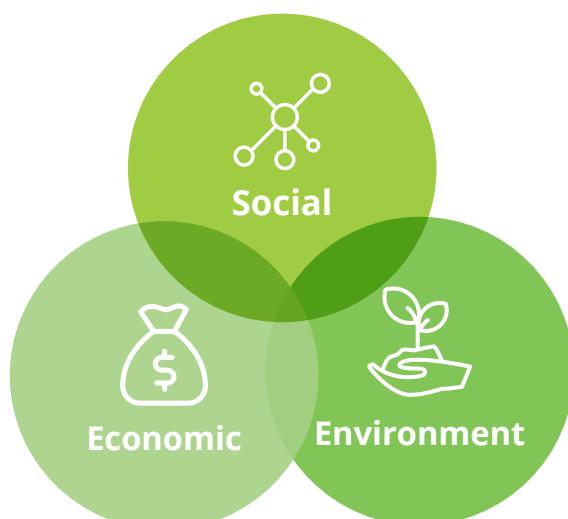


Figure 3: The three pillars of sustainable development

¹⁸United Nations (1987), Our Common Future, also known as Brundtland Report
¹⁹National Strategy for Responsible Sustainable Development, pg.40

Environment and Economic = **Viable**. Development is only **Sustainable** at the intersection of all three pillars. All three are critical pillars of sustainable development and each pillar has equal weight.¹⁹

In the context of PNG, sustainable development means continuous progressive transformation of the economy and society with minimal long-term negative impact on the environment. StaRS states that 'Sustainable development involves meeting the basic needs and aspirations of the present and future generations without jeopardizing the ability of the environment to provide the necessary ecosystem services, including clean water, clean air, clean energy, healthy food, and processes such as absorption of pollution and decomposition of wastes.'

d) The PNG Medium Term Plan 2 (MTDP2)

The MTDP2 clearly articulates that environment is a fundamental Pillar of the PNG Constitution. However, the Constitutional recognition of the environment is being challenged by ongoing unsustainable development practices such as logging operations, direct tailings into rivers by mining companies and mangrove depletion, deforestation and forest degradation due to subsistence and cash crop agriculture. Therefore, the MTDP2 has

proposed several strategies to sustain the environment of which the following closely align with the PAPIP:

- Strengthen customary practices for enhancing and preserving the environment
- Improve the legislative framework together with monitoring and evaluation (M&E) mechanisms in order to protect the environment
- Align national environmental programs to international commitments to demonstrate PNG's obligation to the global community
- Empower and resource agencies responsible for environmental and geophysical issues to be proactively engaged in mitigation and to establish a database for environmental accounting
- Promote and support all efforts to generate increased awareness and encourage actions to protect the environment.

It is envisaged that the MTDPs will mobilize resources and dictate expenditure priorities for the purposes of reaching the five-year socio-economic targets set within the MTDPs. It is important to note that the MTDPs do coincide with the term of each Parliament as per the Planning and Monitoring Responsibility Act 2016 (refer Figure 4 below).

e) The Planning and Monitoring Responsibility Act 2016

Part II, Section 3, Sub-Section 2 of the Act establishes the National Planning Framework, which consists of:

- a) The Constitution which provides the underlying directive principles
- b) The National Strategy for Responsible Sustainable Development which prescribes the consequent paradigm
- c) The Vision 2050 Human Development Index objective and its subsequent reviews
- d) The Medium Term Development Plans
- e) The Sector Plans
- f) The Annual Budgets relating to the implementation of the MTDP
- g) Other documents made for such purposes.

The Act clearly states that 'the elements of the National Planning Framework shall operate in a Cascading manner from (a) to (g).'¹⁰ This is diagrammatically presented in Figure 4.

¹⁰The Planning and Monitoring Responsibility Act 2016, pg. 3

¹¹CBD COP 10 Decision X2 2010



Figure 4: The National Planning Framework of Government

2.2 NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS

a) Convention on Biodiversity

PNG is a signatory to the CBD and the Program of Work on Protection Areas (POWPA). Target 11 of the CBD Strategic Plan states that:

"By 2020, at least 17% of terrestrial and in land water areas and 10% of coastal and marine areas, especially areas of particular importance for biodiversity and ecosystem services, are conserved through effectively and equitably managed, ecologically representative and well-connected systems of protected areas and other effective area-based conservation measures, and integrated into the wider landscape and seascapes."¹¹

As a signatory to the CBD, PNG has committed to establish a comprehensive, effectively managed and ecologically representative national system of PA including specific targets of coverage of land and sea. Thus, the PAPIP is the vehicle that will not only translate the above global commitment but also the PPA which clearly articulates the need to conserve PNG's rich biodiversity and cultural diversity for future generations.

b) Sustainable Development Goals

Sustainable Development Goals (SDGS) were adopted as the new global development agenda on 25 September 2015 during the UN General Assembly Meeting and came into effect at the beginning of 2016. The SDGS are integrated, cross-cutting and balance the three dimensions of sustainable development (see Figure 3 above).

There are 17 SDGS, with Goals 14 and 15 relating directly to climate change, environment and biodiversity:

- **Goal No. 14:** Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development.

- **Goal No. 15:** Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss.

c) PNG Policy on Protected Areas

The PPA heralds the beginning of a new era for PA and conservation in PNG. The NEC Decision No. 385/2014 is clear evidence that the PNG Government recognizes the importance of natural ecosystems, biodiversity, conservation, people, culture and sustainability.



3.0 THE PROTECTED AREAS IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

3.1 THE PLAN PROCESS

CEPA developed a logical, practical and transparent process to guide the formulation of the PAPIP and raise awareness on the PPA. Since this was a new exercise for most CEPA staff, Goal Area Teams were formed and four internal workshops were conducted to familiarize staff on the planning process and techniques critical to actively lead and participate in PPA development.

Of importance was the need to focus on how to think, plan and organize the development of the Plan, rather than the finished product, i.e., CEPA staff were more concerned about the Plan process out of which the finish product (the Plan itself) sprang forth.

It was envisaged that through using in-house technical staff, CEPA would be able to develop a Plan that is:

- Complete – lists all the action steps
- Clear – specifies who will do what by when
- Current – reflects the current work and anticipates emerging opportunities or challenges.

While documenting information on the PAPIP, the CEPA team ensured consistency with the current national vision and higher-order strategies including the PPA, Vision 2050, StaRS, MTDP2 and MTDP3, the CBD, and SDGs.

Figure 5 reflects the major steps of the Plan formulation process. Many other minor steps were critical, however, including briefing and debriefing, dry runs on presentations and revision of plan frameworks.

Figure 5 also demonstrates the importance of embracing the whole of government approach through a collaborative and consultative process when developing the Plan, as required under the PNG Constitution, Goals and Directive Principles.

"Working together builds stronger relationships and a deeper shared understanding of what needs to be done. Good planning requires stakeholder consultation and collaboration."

The PAPIP development entailed several basic stages:

- **Where is PNG now in terms of its PA?** CEPA reviewed achievements and progress and undertook self-assessment as part of the preparatory work leading to the PPA.

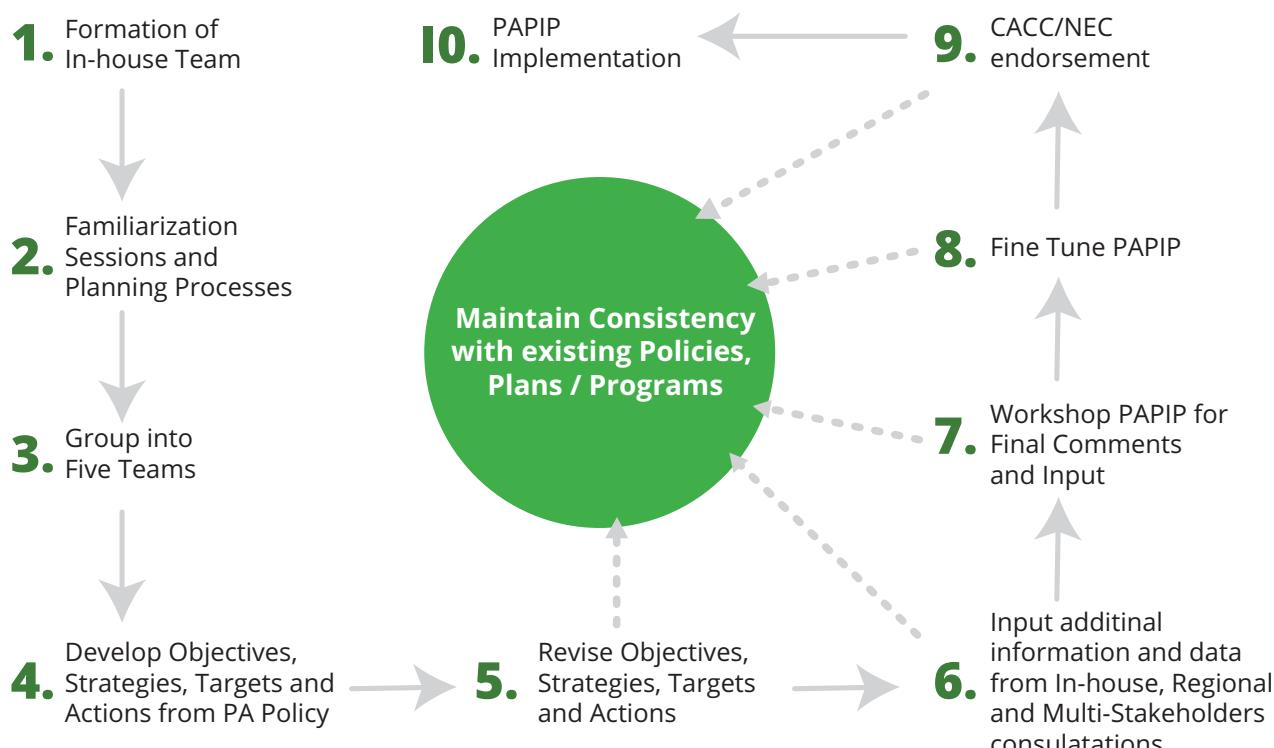


Figure 5: Protected Areas Policy Implementation Plan Formulation Process



Flora in PNG rainforest, Madang Province, PNG © Alice Plate/ UNDP

- **Where do we want PNG to be?** Here, CEPA established Policy pillars which were later translated into Plan goals.
- **How do we get there?** CEPA further classified the goals into objectives and clearly defined the strategies that would be applied to achieve the targets.
- **How do we know if we have got there?** CEPA established its indicators to measure progress and achievements.
- **Taking action.** This outlines the specific actions that need to be taken to implement the PAPIP.
- **Who will implement the specified actions?** Identifying possible partners and supporting partners to implement the Plan is critical to ensure that specified actions are executed.

Consultation was the platform for dialogue and information sharing amongst possible implementing partners with a shared interest, purpose and vision. It was also the ideal forum for raising awareness on the PPA amongst NGOs, community-based organizations (CBOs) and the private sector, and to engage with Provincial Government representatives on possible funding avenues. The key beneficiaries were the PA managers and other stakeholders at the community level who, through the consultative process, enabled CEPA to capture their aspirations and inputs.

Four regional and two national workshops were conducted with specific purposes to:

- Carry out awareness on the PPA and share the strategic policy objectives and outcomes with key stakeholders in order to gauge stakeholder views and inputs into the draft PAPIP and the draft PA Bill
- Engage key decision makers at Provincial Government level to support the implementation of the PPA through development of the PAPIP and the draft PA Bill
- Strengthen partnerships and co-operation between CEPA officials, Provincial Administrations, NGOs and CBOs in implementing PA Policy Directions.

Stakeholders within and around PA throughout PNG have been consulted widely for their views and contributions towards this Plan. Hence, what is contained in this Plan reflects the desires and aspirations of all stakeholders.

3.2 PLAN DEVELOPMENT STRATEGY

The technical work involved in translating the PPA into an Implementation Plan with financial estimates was completed in-house by CEPA staff, who are technically sound in their areas of focus and knowledgeable on the historical and institutional information and data pertaining to the respective goal areas. The approach taken was to build capacity of CEPA staff through four in-house workshops that exposed selected staff to the planning process and techniques and consequently, enabled them to lead in four regional consultative workshops. This ensured ownership and sustainability of the Plan and success in terms of implementation in the medium to long term.

Assistance outside of CEPA was engaged for the planning and documentation process. A National consultant led a hands-on technique in which CEPA staff were grouped into five teams, each responsible for developing one Goal area which ultimately led into a consolidated Implementation Framework reflecting all areas of the PAPIP. The consolidated document was then taken to the four Regions (Momase, Highlands, Southern, New Guinea Islands) for stakeholder consultation and was also used for inter-government consultation that included all national Government departments, statutory bodies, research institutions and provincial Governments.

The PAPIP demonstrates the links between the specific objectives, strategies and actions that stakeholders intend to employ in order to achieve the Plan's goals along with implementation costs and M&E. (Further details of these linkages are contained in the Plan Matrices reproduced in the Appendices).

3.3 PLAN GOALS, OBJECTIVES, STRATEGIES AND TARGETS

Goal 1 – Governance and management of Protected Areas is enhanced

Objective 1.1 – To establish the legal and institutional framework for effective management and governance of the PAN

Strategies to achieve Objective 1.1

- Strengthen the institutional framework (including database) in CEPA for effective management and governance of the PAN.

- Review and strengthen the existing legal framework and develop a new PA legislation for effective management and governance of a PAN.
- Ensure Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs) are integrated into national legal and institutional frameworks.

Implementation Targets

- Standard of Governance by Government in CEPA is improved and strengthened by 2020.
- A PAN Register/registry is developed and linked to Provincial/Regional offices by 2020.
- A new PA legislation developed by 2018.
- Related legislation relevant to PA establishment, reviewed and amended by 2025.
- Consistency and complementary of the new PA legislation with Organic Law on Provincial and LLG and other international treaties by 2018.
- Nationalize Aichi Targets, World Heritage, Kokoda Initiative (KI), 17 SDGs, into national legislations and policies by 2018.

Objective 1.2 – To ensure the legal framework becomes fully operational with clear lines of responsibility and high standards of governance, accountability and reporting

Strategies to achieve Objective 1.2

- Develop operational procedures, administrative guidelines and Regulations for the legal framework with clear lines of responsibility and high standards of governance, accountability and reporting.

Implementation Targets

- Develop priority Regulations by 2018.
- Develop Standard Operating Procedures by 2020.

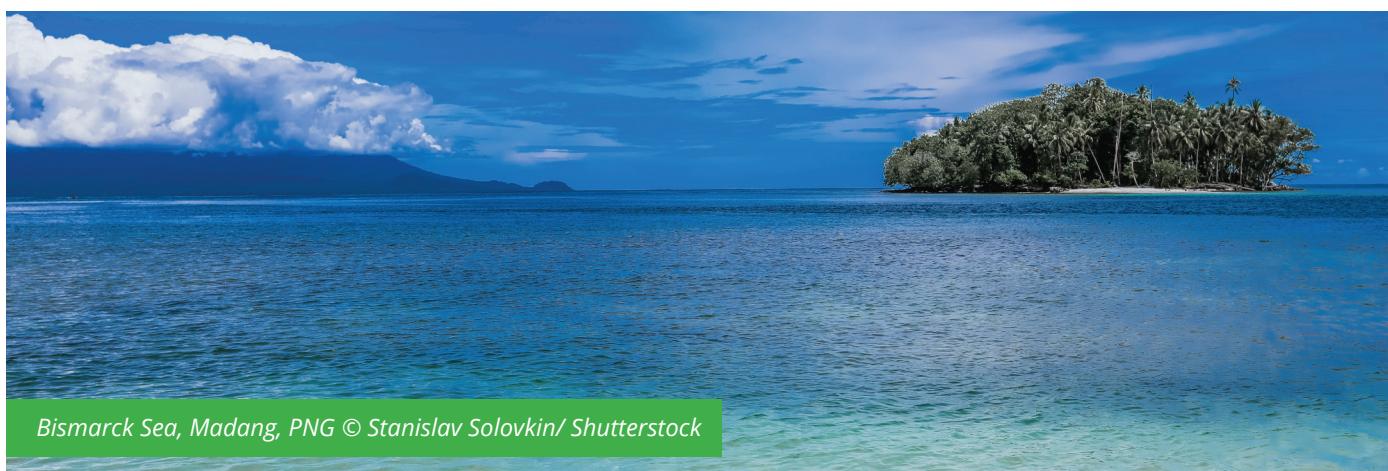
Objective 1.3 – To ensure effective legal and institutional arrangements are in place for provincial, district and local level governments, and communities including customary landowners, on-ground protected area managers and other partners work in cooperation

Strategies to achieve Objective 1.3

- The PNG PAN is a shared responsibility among different levels of government and other sectors through legislation and policies created at Provincial, District and local level including local communities.
- Improve and strengthen existing Provincial and Local Level Governments' Biodiversity Conservation laws in PA management.
- Integrate PA management activities into Five-Year Development Plans, with annual budgets and Land-Use Plans across all levels of government.

Implementation Targets

- Shared governance of PA between customary landowners and organizations including NGOs, and Governance by customary landowners in eight targeted Provinces are strengthened by 2020.
- Train 10 community personnel in PA management and governance per project site by 2020.
- Any existing Provincial and LLG laws reviewed and aligned with the new PA legislation by 2025.
- Integrated Provincial (5 Years) Development Plans for eight target Provinces to reflect PA management activities, its annual budget and land use plans by 2020.
- 10% priority conservation areas integrated and aligned with resource sectors conservation planning by 2025.



Objective 1.4 - To support customary landowners in their initiatives to establish effective protected areas on their land and contribute to strengthening the PAN

Strategies to achieve Objective 1.4

- Ensure PAN is built and managed with FPIC of customary landowners and communities.
- Encourage and promote governance by local communities – model of ownership and management style.

Implementation Targets

- New CCA or LMMA are registered and effectively managed by customary landowners in any of the eight target Provinces by 2020.
- Customary landowners in eight target Provinces demonstrating strong leadership in PA management by 2020.

Objective 1.5 - To ensure CEPA supports the PAN with adequate funding and staff capacity

Strategies to achieve Objective 1.5

- CEPA financial management strengthened with clear lines of responsibility and high standards of governance, accountability and reporting to secure adequate funding from the Government and donor partners to support PAN.
- Ensure Public-Private Partnership Arrangements are established and enhanced.

Implementation Targets

- Budget for PAN management and supporting activities in CEPA and eight target Provinces are increased by 2020.
- Declare Public Private Partnership arrangement in place for Varirata National Park, Central Province by 2020.

Goal 2 – Livelihoods of communities are sustained

Objective 2.1 - To strengthen customary practices for enhancing and protecting the environment and traditional livelihoods through PA establishment and management

Strategies to achieve Objective 2.1

- Areas under customary ‘Conservation’ i.e. sacred sites, tambu areas and/or customary practices that sustain the environment are recognized.
- Ensure local arrangements governing use of natural resources in PA are sustainable and continue to support traditional livelihoods.

Implementation Targets

- Traditional ecological and sustainable cultural practice-based ‘sacred sites’ recognized as PAs in eight Provinces/ecoregions by 2023.
- Document traditional and cultural knowledge and practices for sustainable environmental use in all targeted PAs by 2023.
- Protect and promote understanding of the value of cultural and traditional knowledge in targeted PAs by 2023.
- Document identified pilot project sites, social maps completed by 2023.

Objective 2.2 – To link additional livelihoods to effective conservation initiatives by customary landowners

Strategies to achieve Objective 2.2

- Conservation initiatives are supported by the provision of needed facilities to the community that will support the management of PAs.
- Conservation initiatives are supported by economic opportunities in the community.

Implementation Targets

- Improve support for livelihoods within identified PAs by 2023.
- In the targeted PAs, customary landowners’ economic livelihood initiatives are developed/enhanced and supported by 2023.
- Candidates from targeted PAs are trained in business management, marketing and related initiatives linked to PA management by 2023.

Objective 2.3 – To develop Conservation and Benefit Sharing Agreements with customary landowners and communities for all PA in order to formalize the management arrangements and benefits

Strategies to achieve Objective 2.3

- Government recognition of Access Benefit Sharing Agreements (ABSA) supported through practical assistance, both financial and technical.

Implementation Targets

- Formulate ABSA policy and legislation by 2020.
- Conservation and ABSA developed, formalized and operational in 84 locations by 2023.

Goal 3 – Effective and adaptive biodiversity management that supports the network and ensures that the values of the PA are maintained to the highest possible extent

Objective 3.1 – To ensure effective and adaptive biodiversity management supports the PAN

Strategies to achieve Objective 3.1

- Develop and implement Policies for biodiversity management planning, monitoring and reporting.
- Effectively manage activities on PA including compatible development, recreation, research and traditional use.
- Strengthen the M&E process for effective biodiversity management for each PA.

Implementation Targets

- Regular monitoring and reporting of Biodiversity Conservation activities of all PAs by 2020.
- Biodiversity Conservation planning and monitoring guidelines are established by 2020.
- Species Management Plans developed for selected culturally important species (International Union for Conservation of Nature [IUCN], Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species [CITES] and PNG protected fauna) by 2023.
- Participatory Land use/Zone and seascapes planning guidelines for Terrestrial/Marine Protected Areas is established by 2020.
- M&E process strengthened by 2018.
- Manual on the PA Management effectiveness is developed by 2018.
- Current PA in PNG are evaluated by 2018 (GEF4).

Objective 3.2 – To ensure that the values of the PA are maintained to the highest possible extent

Strategies to achieve Objective 3.2

- Encourage and support resource mobilization including human resource capacity building, finance, etc. and align ongoing initiatives of PA management.
- Promote merit-based staff recruitment and training workshops.
- Encourage and promote a nation-wide PA workforce community guided by a common workplace culture and values.
- Establish adaptive management systems that incorporate a good and shared understanding of natural and cultural values of PA.
- Develop a robust information base to guide decision-making including a National PA and Proposals Database and a Reporting System.
- Promote planning as a process of adaptive management and an opportunity for building shared understanding.
- Promote creation of zones and PA in a unified manner.
- Maintain and protect cultural values, natural landscapes and seascapes of PA.
- Encourage and maintain an Asset Management System for the PA.

Implementation Targets

- Current PA resource requirements systematically documented through CEPA's Resource Mobilization Strategy by 2023.
- Improve capacity of CEPA by 2023.
- Improve capacity for Provincial Administrations, District Development Authorities (DDAs) and LLGs by 2023.
- Improve capacity of national research and academic institutions by 2023.
- A five-year training plan for PAN (CEPA, five Provincial Administrations, DDAs, LLGs, National research and academic institutions) developed by 2018.
- Workplace Code of Ethics and Principles developed by 2022.
- Regulations on the appointment of Rangers for PAs developed and/or incorporated under the PA Legislation by 2022.
- Wildlife Rangers recruited in all Provinces by 2022.
- A systematic integrated information system linking a PA register developed by 2022.
- A historical information management system developed for improved decision making by 2018.

- A dedicated documentation on traditional knowledge commenced by 2018.
- Conservation priorities map and information of PNG developed by 2018.
- Biodiversity (species and ecosystems) Management System developed by 2018.
- Register of existing and potential/proposed PA developed by 2019.
- All PA have Management Plans developed and operationalized by 2023.
- Management Advisory Group (MAG) established and functioning by 2018.
- Roles and responsibilities including membership of both the PAN Board and the MAG clearly defined by 2018.
- Business Plans emanating from five PA Management Plans by 2018.
- 15-20 guidelines developed to guide sustainable use of resources by 2020.
- 10-25 zones and PA created in five locations being guided by Management Planning Guidelines by 2020.
- 20% of PA boosted against effects of climate change and population growth by 2020.
- Level of community resilience during natural and man-made disasters.
- Establish Asset Management Systems for five PA by 2020.
- Establish working status/condition of plant/equipment and facilities in five PA by 2020.

Goal 4 – PA network that is relevant to the PNG people; protects the diversity of life, landscapes and seascapes, and; forms a well-connected, adequate and resilient system.

Objective 4.1 – To develop, enhance and manage a PNG PAN that is relevant to the local communities and landscape, protects the diversity of life and forms a well-connected and resilient system

Strategies to achieve Objective 4.1

- Establish a PAN according to the guiding principles and the range of reserve types outlined in the PPA.
- Strengthen research initiatives and or collaborations (partnerships) in biodiversity information.
- Establish a relevant Comprehensive, Adequate, Representative and Resilient (CARR) PNG PAN

- according to the range of reserve types and network design principles established in the PNG PPA.
- Ensure a smooth transition from the 2014 PA types to the updated Network, with no loss of values.
- Promote and encourage PA/CCA Communities' participation.
- Improve and strengthen PA/CCA communities networking.
- Mobilize support among various PA/CCA community networks to establish an 'overarching organization' to manage various networks.
- Empower PA/CCA communities with skills and knowledge to participate effectively in managing PA.

Implementation Targets

- PNG PAN strengthened by 2026.
- 20% increase in research partnerships entered into between CEPA and other partners by 2026.
- A relevant, comprehensive, adequate, representative and resilient PNG PAN is established by 2026.
- Reclassification of existing PAs into the new PA types as per PA Policy by 2020.
- 20% of PA/CCA (GEF 5, KI and New Britain Island) community representatives identified and trained by 2020.
- Sustainable livelihoods needs (KI) assessed and tools developed (for development documented) by 2020.
- 20% of PAs/CCA communities' networks established and/or strengthened throughout PNG by 2020.
- An 'overarching organization' established by 2023.
- Five trainings conducted per location per year by 2026.

Objective 4.2 – To develop and maintain a proposal database of potential priority sites for PNG PA

Strategies to achieve Objective 4.2

- Establish and/or integrate a PNG Biodiversity Information system for PNG PAN.

Implementation Targets

- Develop and integrate Biodiversity information System by 2026.
- A well-established and effective data standard criterion for inputting data is developed by 2020.
- Priority conservation targets and priority conservation areas (Ecological Gap Analysis) are identified by 2020.



Blue-faced honeyeater, PNG © Thomasmales/ iStock

Goal 5 – Sustainable and equitable financing Facility supports the PA network and established PA

Objective 5.1 – To establish a Biodiversity Trust Fund to support the establishment and management of PA across PNG

Strategies to achieve Objective 5.1

- Establish and promote a funding facility that will sustain the management of PA in the long term.
- Establish a Small Grant Facility to deliver funding directly to support local communities in the establishment and management of PA.
- Utilize existing financing options to fund PA initiatives.

Implementation Targets

- Biodiversity Trust Fund consultations initiated by 2018.
- Biodiversity Trust Fund Bill submitted to NEC by September 2018.

- Trust Fund Bill goes to Parliament for approval by November 2018.
- Biodiversity Trust Fund established and operational by 2019.
- 20% increase in Small Grants funding directly to local PA communities by 2019.
- 20% increase in the number of financing options currently available by 2019.
- Carbon Trading Funding to be accessed by 2019.
- Environmental levies collected by 2018.

Objective 5.2 – To ensure a sustainable and equitable funding mechanism is established to support the PNG PA

Strategies to achieve Objective 5.2

- Mobilize support among stakeholders including various Landowners' Networks to establish a Biodiversity Trust Fund.

Implementation Targets

- Biodiversity Trust Fund consultations initiated by 2018.
- Biodiversity Trust Fund Bill presented to cabinet by June 2018.
- NEC approval of Trust Fund Bill by August 2018.
- Biodiversity Trust Fund established by 2019.

Objective 5.3 – To ensure all Development Plan and Annual Budgets capture requirements of Protected Areas

Strategies to achieve Objective 5.3

- Mobilize support at all levels of government to incorporate requirements of PA into their Strategic Planning and Budgeting initiatives.

Implementation Targets

- All development plans to factor in the requirements of PA by 2019.
- All budgets at national and sub-national levels to include appropriations for PA by 2019.

Objective 5.4 – To promote and encourage alternative sources of income generation for the land owners within PAs

Strategies to achieve Objective 5.4

- Capacity building, empowerment of communities and resource mobilization.
- Develop and implement collaborative research programs involving NGOs, industry, education sector and customary landowners.
- Improved understanding of traditional ecological knowledge and sustainable cultural uses and practices and the incorporation of this knowledge into PA planning and management.

Implementation Targets

- 120 awareness activities and trainings conducted in 60 PAs by 2019.
- 120 alternate employment opportunities identified and trialed in 60 communities by 2021.
- 120 community projects implemented in 60 locations by 2021.
- 120 communities' self-reliant projects identified and implemented in 60 locations by 2021.

- Increase in the proportion of external financial resources accessed by 60 PAs.
- 120 collaborative research activities conducted in 60 PAs by 2021.
- Traditional knowledge and sustainable cultural uses documented for 60 PAs by 2024.
- Traditional ecological and sustainable cultural practice-based PA planning/management implemented in 60 PAs by 2025.

3.4 IMPLEMENTATION AND REPORTING SCHEDULES

The implementation of this Plan will require close collaboration and strong partnership between stakeholders providing oversight to the various PAs, local communities, Government, NGOs, churches, donors and individual commitment, to bring about positive change, conservation and preservation of the numerous wealth that is contained within each PA. The Plan targets have all been carefully considered so they are achievable and within the capacities of the various stakeholders/partners to implement. The roles and responsibilities of each of the stakeholders are clearly identified within the PAPIP Implementation Framework.

3.5 MANAGEMENT AND AUTHORITY FOR THE PLAN

CEPA is the overall authority for the Plan, in collaboration with local communities and those that provide oversight to the PAs. The Management of the Plan is to be carried out by a dedicated team within CEPA.

3.6 RISK ASSESSMENT

The scope of the Plan provides for translation of individual Plan goals into deliverable projects. However, should a PA encounter certain challenges or issues, it is unlikely to greatly affect the overall implementation of the Plan.



The Bottlebrush Orchid, PNG © Eldred Lim

3.7 COST SCHEDULE

The cost estimations of the PAPIP were completed with the CEPA team against their known costs for similar programs. However, all the estimates are subject to variation based on local domestic prices which can be volatile. It is estimated that implementation of the entire PAPIP and therefore, the PNG PPA, would cost approximately PGK55,298,000 (K55.3 million) over the ten year period (2018-2028). The breakup of the estimates is as follows:

The Government is demonstrating ownership of the PAPIP as well as leadership and hence, meeting 54% of the total costs for implementing the PAPIP (K30 million). This leaves a funding gap of 46% (K25,298,000 or K25.3 million). It is envisaged that this funding gap will be sourced from development partners/donors and the business community.

Table 1: Plan goals total estimated costs

Goal	Goal Area	Cost (K mill)
1	Governance and Management of Protected Areas	10,805,000
2	Sustainable Livelihoods for Communities	14,200,000
3	Effective and Adaptive Biodiversity Management	11,530,000
4	Managing the Protected Areas Network	8,248,000
5	Sustainable and Equitable Financing for Protected Areas	10,515,000
	Grand Total	K55,298,000

THE FUNDING GAP

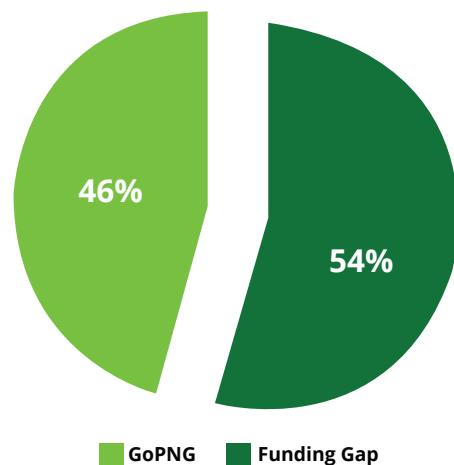


Figure 6: PAPIP Implementation Funding Gap

- GoPNG driven with clear signals to other possible funding parties
- Recognition of GoPNG leadership in PAPIP implementation thus, re-enforcing longer-term objective of self-reliance

TABLES – INDIVIDUAL GOAL ESTIMATED COSTS

Goal 1: Governance and Management of Protected Areas

No.	Strategy	Cost (K'000)
1	Strengthening institutional framework (including database) in CEPA	3,610
2	Reviewing and strengthening the existing legal framework and developing new Protected Area Legislation	2,380
3	Integrating Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs) into national legal and institutional frameworks	470
4	Developing operational procedures, administrative guidelines and Regulations for the legal framework	550
5	Creation of legislation and policies at Provincial, District and Local Level including local communities	1,135
6	Improving and strengthening existing Provincial and local level Governments' Biodiversity Conservation laws in PA management	180
7	Integrating Protected Area management activities into 5-Year Development Plans, with annual budgets and Land-Use Plans	1,330
8	PA Network is built and managed with free, prior and informed consent of customary landowners and communities	410
9	Encouraging and promoting governance by Local Communities - model of ownership and management style	150
10	CEPA Financial Management strengthening with clear lines of responsibility, and high standards of governance, accountability and reporting	280
11	Establishing and enhancing Public-Private Partnership Arrangements	310
	Sub-Total:	K10,805

Goal 2: Sustainable Livelihoods for Communities

No.	Strategy	Cost (K'000)
1	Recognition of areas under Customary 'Conservation' i.e Sacred Sites, Tambu Areas and/or Customary Practices	400
2	Local arrangements governing use of natural resources are sustainable and continue to support traditional livelihoods	2,270
3	Support to Conservation Initiatives that support the management of PAs	2,700
4	Conservation Initiatives are supported by economic opportunities in the community	4,050
5	Government recognition of ABS (Access Benefit Sharing) Agreements	4,780
	Sub-Total:	K14,200

Goal 3: Effective and Adaptive Biodiversity Management

No.	Strategy	Cost (K'000)
1	Policy development/implementation for biodiversity management planning, monitoring and reporting	3,260
2	Effective management of Protected Areas including compatible development, recreation, research and traditional use	1,080
3	Strengthening the M&E process for effective biodiversity management for each PA	775
4	Resource mobilization including human resource capacity building, finance	990
5	Promoting merit-based Staff recruitment and training	430
6	Encouraging and promoting a nation-wide Protected Area Workforce Community	395
7	Establishing adaptive management systems	450
8	Developing a robust information base to guide decision-making	1,060
9	Promoting planning as a process of adaptive management	1,710
10	Promoting creations of zones and Protected Areas in a unified manner	280
11	Maintaining and protecting cultural values, natural landscapes and seascapes	460
12	Encouraging and maintaining an Asset Management System	640
	Sub-Total:	K11,530

Goal 4: Managing the Protected Areas Network

No.	Strategy	Cost (K'000)
1	Establishing a PNG Protected Area Network	1,190
2	Strengthening research initiatives and or collaborations (partnerships)	535
3	Establishing a relevant, comprehensive, adequate, representative and resilient (CARR) PNG Protected Area Network according to the range of reserve types and network design principles	130
4	Ensuring a smooth transition from the 2014 Protected Area types to the updated Network	80
5	Promoting and encouraging PA/CCA Communities' participation	1,053
6	Improving and strengthening PAs/CCA communities networking	220
7	Mobilizing support among various PA/CCA community Networks to establish an 'Overarching Organization' to manage various Networks	220
8	Empowering PA/CCA communities through capacity building	3,380
9	Establishing and/or integrating a PNG Biodiversity Information system for PNG PAN	1,440
	Sub-Total:	K8,248

Goal 5: Sustainable and Equitable Financing for Protected Areas

No.	Strategy	Cost (K'000)
1	Establishing and promoting a funding facility for Protected Areas sustainability.	1,180
2	Establishing Small Grant facility.	160
3	Utilizing existing financing options.	720
4	Mobilizing support among stakeholders.	1,330
5	Mobilizing support at all levels of government for integrated Strategic Planning and Budgeting.	350
6	Capacity Building, empowerment of communities and resource mobilization.	3,895
7	Developing and implementing collaborative research programs.	1,500
8	Improving understanding of Traditional Ecological knowledge and sustainable cultural uses and practices.	1,380
	Sub-Total:	K10,515

3.8 OWNERSHIP OF ASSETS

All assets originating from this Plan will become the assets of the individual PA, the PAN, and the local communities.

3.9 SUSTAINABILITY

The sustainability of each PAN will be reviewed under this Plan, with review recommendations addressed. Needs assessments will assist in addressing how to sustain the wellbeing of the PA including the local communities, the flora and fauna, the traditions and the customs.

“PA must be maintained for future generations. As such, increased efforts and initiatives are included in this Plan to develop, improve and sustain the activities of each of the PA.”

Efforts on improving the legal aspects are also reflected in this Plan.

3.10 MONITORING AND EVALUATION

Monitoring is a critical component as it enables the CEPA and partners' to regularly collect the information needed to assess the progress of Plan implementation. Evaluation enables the periodic assessment as to whether the PAPIP is being implemented effectively.

Details on the type of information collected at what levels are set out in Figure 7.

- Inputs:** financial, human resource, material, technology, and information resources needed to implement the Plan.

- Activities:** actions taken or work performed that mobilizes the inputs to produce specific outputs.
- Outputs:** products and services that result from completing the Plan activities.
- Outcomes:** short to medium-term effects of an output.
- Impacts:** long-term effects (positive or negative) on the target group for the PAPIP.

The overall responsibility for PAPIP M&E rests with CEPA which reports directly to CACC through the Managing Director and the NEC through the Minister for Environment Conservation and Climate Change. The PAPIP details clear targets, actions and indicators that are specific, measurable and time-bound. All departments, agencies and provincial and local level governments, NGOs, CBOs, development partners and donors are to work within the framework set out in Figure 7.

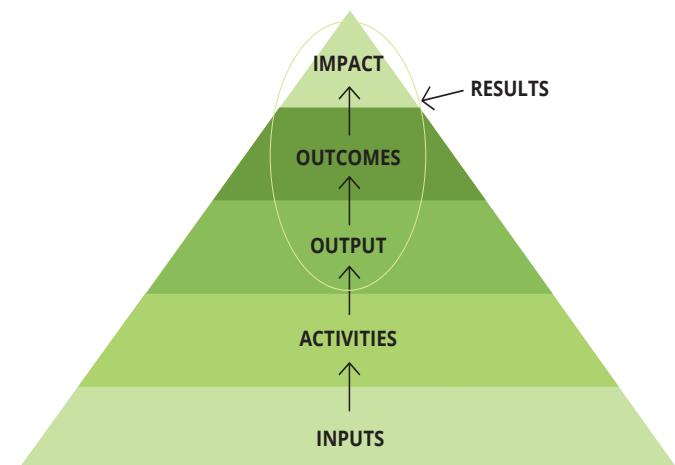


Figure 7: PAPIP Monitoring and Evaluation Framework

An Annual report will be produced by CEPA for funding agencies and interested parties to know how funds have been managed and used for intended purposes.

Within CEPA, M&E is a collaborative activity amongst its functional Divisions/Branches.

Each Division/Branch will be responsible for different aspects that fall within the ambit of their core responsibilities including:

- Physical financial monitoring of PAPIP implementation
- Collecting and collating quarterly reports from implementing partners
- Physically monitoring programs/projects implemented on PA sites in Provinces
- Disseminating lessons learnt for its M&E assessments to guide further improvements in Plan implementation
- Ensuring that funding appropriated for PAPIP implementation is used for planned activities and properly accounted for.



Pati Island, New Ireland Province, PNG © Andrea Egan/ UNDP

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Grizzled Tree Kangaroo, PNG © Jean Thomas/ Tenkile Conservation Alliance

5.0 APPENDIX

IMPLEMENTATION FRAMEWORK

Goal No.1: Governance and Management of Protected Areas is enhanced

Objective 1 - To establish the legal and institutional framework for effective management and governance of the Protected Areas Network			
Targets	Actions to be taken	Measurable Indicators	Responsible/Support organization
Strategy 1.1 Strengthen the institutional framework (including database) in CEPA for effective management and governance of the PNG PA Network			
1.1.1 Standard of Governance by Government in CEPA is improved and strengthened by 2020.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1.1.1.1 Review the current CEPA institutional structure to include with clear lines of responsibility the PA network management. 1.1.1.2 Endorse the revised CEPA institutional structure that includes PA network management 1.1.1.3 Recruit qualified personnel to the approved CEPA institutional structure 1.1.1.4 Conduct a Training Needs Assessment of CEPA Staff relating to Biodiversity Conservation and Protected Areas Management 1.1.1.5 Train CEPA officers in PA management and planning and biodiversity conservation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Review Report Endorsed CEPA institutional structure Number of qualified personnel recruited Training Needs Assessment Report Number of CEPA staff trained 	CEPA, DPM, System Specialist Consultant and Project team
1.1.2 A Protected Area Network Register/registry is developed and linked to Provincial/ Regional Offices by 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1.1.2.1 Conduct assessment of all existing Protected Areas in PNG 1.1.2.2 Implement recommendations of the Assessment Report and re-classify all existing Protected Areas. 1.1.2.3 Update the PA Network Register/registry 1.1.2.4 Draft SOP to include the Administration of PA Register 1.1.2.5 Update all other data of Protected Areas managed by other stakeholders. 1.1.2.6 Formulate a coherent and synchronized Dataset Standards across all targeted PA types. 1.1.2.7 Develop mechanisms for effective communication and sharing of information and data between line agencies and stakeholders 1.1.2.8 Review data storage system, its backup system and report improvements on storage system 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assessment Report produced Report on implementation of TNA Recommendations Updated PA Network Registry SOP reflecting administration of PA register Report on Updated PA data Dataset Standard and Manual produced Communications Strategy developed Review Report produced; Backup system established and operational 	CEPA, UNDP/GEF 4 team

Strategy 1.2 Review and Strengthen the existing legal framework and develop a new Protected Area legislation for effective management and governance of PNG PA Network	Actions to be taken	Measurable Indicators	Responsible/Support organization
<p>1.2.1 A new Protected Area legislation developed by 2018</p> <p>1.2.1.1 Recruit a legal counsel as consultant to develop PA legislation and regulations.</p> <p>1.2.1.2 Conduct a legal review of all existing conservation related legislation and provide a report with recommendations for improvement.</p> <p>1.2.1.3 Draft Information Paper on the proposed Protected Area legislation.</p> <p>1.2.1.4 Circulate the Draft Bill to partners, stakeholders and communities for written comments and feedback</p> <p>1.2.1.5 Workshop the Zero Draft Bill with partners, stakeholders and communities to incorporate feedback through regional consultations.</p> <p>1.2.1.6 Consult stakeholders on revised Drafts of the Bill</p> <p>1.2.1.7 Hire a legal drafting specialist to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fine-tune the Bill ensuring there is Constitutional compliance with Section 38(1) of the Constitution as well as provide practical and experienced inputs to ensuring cross-cutting issues in the Transitional Provisions to save all existing rights. • Provide practical and experienced input to obtain approval or clearance from the Office of the Legislative Counsel that the PA Bill is fit for submission to the NEC. • Provide practical and experienced input to navigating the process of obtaining the Certificate of Necessity from the Solicitor General's Office. • Assist in obtaining the cooperation of the NEC Secretariat to get the Bill onto the NEC agenda and business-paper. • Provide practical and experienced input into the process of compiling and fine-tuning the final NEC Submission. 	<p>A legal counsel is recruited as a consultant</p> <p>Review Report produced with clear Recommendations</p> <p>Draft Information Paper is produced</p> <p>Draft Bill is circulated to stakeholders and their written feedback received and relevant amendments done to Draft Bill</p> <p>Workshop conducted to present the Zero Draft Bill to partners, stakeholders and communities; Workshop report produced</p> <p>Stakeholders' feedback on revised Drafts of the Bill received and incorporated</p> <p>A legal drafting specialist hired with clear Terms of Reference</p>		CEPA, Legal Consultant UNDP/GEF 4 team

Goal No.1: Governance and Management of Protected Areas is enhanced *Continued...*

<p>1.2.2 Related legislation relevant to protected areas established reviewed and amended by 2025.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conservation Areas Act, • Fauna Protection and Control Act, • Crocodile Protection Act, • International Trade Act (CITES), • Environment Act, • Conservation and Environment Protection Act, • Forestry Act, • Mining Act, • Fisheries Act, • Maritime Zones Act, and Marine Pollution Act under NMSA. 	<p>1.2.2.1 Review relevant legislation to make it consistent with the new PA legislation such as;</p> <p>1.2.2.2 Prepare report for any major or consequential amendments.</p> <p>1.2.2.3 Seek legal clearance prior to making necessary amendments</p> <p>1.2.2.4 Amend all necessary legislation where possible.</p>	<p>Report on Consequential Amendments</p> <p>Letter of endorsement on legal clearance</p> <p>Amendment Report</p> <p>Proposed Recommendations</p>	<p>Review Report</p> <p>CEPA</p> <p>CEPA, DJAG, Foreign Affairs, DNPM, PM & NEC, Resource Sector Agencies and Development Partners</p> <p>Monitoring & Review Report</p>
Strategy 1.3 Ensure Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs) are integrated into national legal and institutional frameworks			
<p>1.3.1 Nationalize Aichi Targets, World Heritage, KI, 17 SDGs, into national legislations and policies by 2018.</p>	<p>1.3.1.1 Review current implementation of Global, Regional and Bilateral Environmental/Biodiversity Conservation Agreements (MEAs).</p> <p>1.3.1.2 Amend relevant national legislation to nationalize MEA's.</p> <p>1.3.1.3 Provide reports on the status of implementation.</p> <p>1.3.1.4 Monitor and review implementation of the targets using indicators</p>	<p>Review Report</p> <p>Report on Amendments</p> <p>Status Report</p> <p>Monitoring & Review Report</p>	

Objective 2 - To Ensure the legal framework becomes fully operational with clear lines of responsibility and high standards of governance, accountability and reporting

Strategy 2.1 Develop operational procedures, administrative guidelines and Regulations for the legal framework with clear lines of responsibility and high standards of governance, accountability and reporting	
2.1.1 Develop priority Regulations by 2018	<p>2.1.1.1 Develop Regulations for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Establishment and Council Procedures of the NCC including NPART and RPART, • Protected Area Management, • Establishing of new PA • standards for adaptive and effective biodiversity management; • Penalties and Fires • Zoning, • De-registration of a PA, • Species Management, control and protection in PA • Documenting Traditional knowledge (including local ecological and biological knowledge and cultural values), • Resources development within the vicinity of major protected areas, • Linking of Environment Permits for developments adjacent to Protected Areas.
2.1.2 Develop Standard Operating Procedures by 2020.	<p>2.1.2.1 Develop Standard Operating Procedures for;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Protected Area management to be transparent, accountable, adaptive, responsive to landowner needs, and for occupational health and safety, • Administration for PA Network Register/registry to include data collection and sharing, community engagement protocol, research consent regime etc. • Linking of Environment Permits for developments adjacent to Protected Areas.

Objective 3 -To ensure effective legal and institutional arrangements are in place for provincial, district and local level governments, communities including customary landowners, on-ground protected area managers and other partners work in cooperation.

Goal No.1: Governance and Management of Protected Areas is enhanced *Continued...*

Targets	Actions to be taken	Measurable Indicators	Responsible/Support organization
Strategy 3.1 The PNG Protected Area Network is a shared responsibility among different levels of government and other sectors through legislation and policies created at Provincial, District and Local Level including local communities.			
3.1.1 Shared governance of Protected Areas between customary landowners and organizations including NGOs and Governance by customary landowners in 8 targeted Provinces are strengthened by 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3.1.1.1 Conduct a Technical assessment on Management Effectiveness of registered Protected Areas. 3.1.1.2 Implement recommendations from this assessment in the 8 target provinces as part of their Management Plans. 3.1.1.3 Assign a CEPA team to work with projects at Variarata National Park, New Britain Island, Kokoda Track IPZ, YUS and Torricelli Mountain Ranges in developing respective Management Plans as models. 3.1.1.4 Implement these Management plans with strong emphasis on developing their governance structures. 3.1.1.5 Document all lessons learnt from these sites. 3.1.1.6 Replicate the lessons learnt in other priority protected areas as identified through the PowPA report in both marine and terrestrial. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Technical Assessment Report Implementation Reports Project specific site Teams with clear and costed Work Plans Implementation Reports Implementation Reports Implementation Reports 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CEPA UNDP/GEF4/5
3.1.2 Train 10 community personnel in Protected Area Management and governance per project site by 2020.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3.1.2.1 Conduct Training Needs Assessments for all levels of government and communities and develop Training Plan for each Province. 3.1.2.2 PA Management to identify relevant landowners for training. 3.1.2.3 Identify resource persons or institutions (eg. PA) to conduct Training on PA Management including basic financial management, book keeping, FPIC & IPR, reporting and literacy if needed. 3.1.2.4 Document all lesson learnt from this process to be replicated in other priority protected areas identified through PowPA. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Training Needs Assessments Reports; Provincial Training Plans Number of Landowners identified and trained Resource persons and institutions identified and engaged to conduct training; Different types of trainings conducted Reports and Procedural Manuals 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CEPA UNDP/GEF4/5
Strategy 3.2 Improve and strengthen existing Provincial and Local Level Governments' Biodiversity Conservation laws in PA management.			
3.2.1 Any existing Provincial and LLG laws reviewed and aligned with the new PA legislation by 2025	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3.2.1.1 Review Almami LLG Conservation Law and Forest Protection Law 2007, Madang to be consistent with the new PA legislation. 3.2.1.2 Complete a peer review of the pending Kimbe Bay Environmental Law. 3.2.1.3 Prepare a report on its findings 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Review Report with Recommendations; Statutory Amendments Peer Review Report with Recommendations 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Peer Review Report with Recommendations

		CEPA; Legal Team; UNDP/GEF4/5; State So; Department of Treasury, Finance and National Planning; Pro- vincial Governments
3.2.1.4 Complete the legal requirements and clearance before recommending for its enactment.	Legal Clearance Letter; Parliamentary Statement	
3.2.1.5 Complete a needs assessment for all Provinces to identify any need for Provincial and LLG laws for biodiversity conservation and protected area management.	Needs Assessment Reports	
3.2.1.6 Implement any key recommendations from this report in order to maintain and strengthen effective protected area management.	Implementation Reports	
Strategy 3.3 Integrate Protected Area management activities into 5-Year Development Plans, with annual budgets and Land-Use Plans across all levels of government		
3.3.1 Integrated Provincial (5 Years) Development Plans for 8 target Provinces to reflect protected area management activities, its annual budget and land use plans by 2020	3.3.1.1 Integrate biodiversity conservation and community livelihood development initiatives of VNP into the provincial, district and local governments' development plans 3.3.1.2 Establish consultation with key government personnel from the provincial, district, and local level governments for the review of their 5 Year Development Plans	Integrated Development Plans; Level of budgetary support Review Program/schedule Consultation Reports
3.3.2 10% priority conservation areas integrated and aligned with Resource Sectors conservation planning by 2025.	3.3.2.1 Build the capacity of East and West New Britain, East and West Sepik, Morobe, Madang, Central and Oro Provincial, Districts and Local Level Governments to manage identified PAs within their respective areas. 3.3.2.2 Establish and harmonise a database for PA Network on the various PAs and provide accessibility to Provincial/Regional Offices. 3.3.2.3 Conduct assessment of land uses in selected PAs – Kokoda track IPZ, Varirata, New Britain Island and Sogeri plateau. 3.3.2.4 Zoning of priority conservation areas in identified PAs.	Level of demonstrated management capacities Database Land-use Assessment Reports Maps
	3.3.2.5 Collaborate with NFA, PNG FA, DAL, MRA, DPE, DMPG, CCDA and DNPM to mainstream conservation planning into Sector Plans.	Integrated Sector Plans
Objective 4 - To support customary landowners in their initiatives to establish effective protected areas on their land and contribute to strengthening the Protected Area Network.		

Goal No.1: Governance and Management of Protected Areas is enhanced *Continued...*

Targets	Actions to be taken	Measurable Indicators	Responsible/Support organization
Strategy 4.1 Ensure PA Network is built and managed with free prior and informed consent (FPIC) of customary landowners and communities.			
4.1.1 New Community Conservation Areas or Locally Managed Marine Areas are registered and effectively managed by customary landowners in any of the 8 target Provinces by 2020	4.1.1.1 Using the recommendations from the PowPA Report, identify 4 suitable CCA and LMMA sites in the 8 target Provinces. 4.1.1.2 Prepare Awareness materials on why the sites need to be protected and managed. 4.1.1.3 Prepare a road map on the proposed sites in-house. 4.1.1.4 Conduct awareness programs on these sites to relevant stakeholders including governments and landowners. 4.1.1.5 Using the new PA legislation as a yard stick, go through the full process of declaring the sites protected working closely with the communities, LLGs, Districts and Provincial Administrations. 4.1.1.6 Conduct specific Training for partners including landowners in PA management and enforcement of the new PA law including PA management	Number of suitable CCA & LMMA sites identified Number and types of awareness materials Road map Number of awareness conducted Number of sites declared as protected areas Gazetteal Notice Number of training conducted, Number of persons trained	CEPA Provincial, District and Local Level Government GEF5/6, JICA NGO's, Research Institutions, Protected Area Communities and Land Owners. JICA
Strategy 4.2 Encourage and promote governance by Local Communities - model of ownership and management style.			
4.2.1 Customary landowners in 8 Target Provinces demonstrating strong leadership in PA management by 2020.	4.2.1.1 Conduct and implement Governance by local communities by allowing the communities to take leadership in building their capacities.	Number of local communities taking lead in capacity building.	CEPA, UNDP/GEF5/6 JICA
Objective 5 - To ensure CEPA supports Protected Area Network with adequate funding and staff capacity			
Strategy 5.1 CEPA Financial Management strengthened with clear lines of responsibility, and high standards of governance, accountability and reporting to secure adequate funding from the Government and donor partners to support PA Network.			
5.1.1 Budget for protected Area Network management and supporting activities in CEPA and 8 target Provinces are increased by 2020.	5.1.1.1 Establish Project Management or Donor Co-ordination Unit in CEPA. 5.1.1.2 Review or audit the existing Financial Management structure in CEPA to ensure it is credible and transparent. 5.1.1.3 Implement recommendations in accordance with the Public Finance Management Act and CEPA Financial Management Order	Project Management Unit established Audit report Implementation report	CEPA, UNDP/GEF5/6 JICA

5.1.1.4 Prepare Donor Fund Raising Strategy for PA Network Management in PNG.	Donor Fund raising Strategy	
5.1.1.5 Prepare annual Budget submissions based on identified priority activities in the PA Implementation Plan (2018-2025).	Annual Budget Document	
5.1.1.6 Prepare 1 Capital Investment Project submission for five years commencing 2018 – 2022.	Capital Investment Project Proposal	
5.1.1.7 Secure additional funds from GEF6, JICA and other donors for implementation of the PA policy.	Volume of Funding secured from GEF6, JICA and Other Donors	
Strategy 5.2 Ensure Public-Private Partnership Arrangements are established and enhanced		
5.2.1 Declare Public Private Partnership arrangement in place for Varirata National Park by 2020	<p>5.2.1.1 Review the MoA between NCDC and CEPA on the management arrangement for Varirata National Park, Central Province and amend where necessary.</p> <p>5.2.1.2 Complete a literature review of existing PPP arrangements with established PAS in Australia and other Asian countries.</p> <p>5.2.1.3 Explore potential partners for PPP arrangements in PNG or abroad.</p> <p>5.2.1.4 Approach the potential partner for Varirata National Park.</p> <p>5.2.1.5 Work with JICA-CEPA project team to further expand on the potential investors/partners for Varirata National Park.</p> <p>5.2.1.6 Prepare necessary legal process to formalize the arrangements under the new PA law.</p>	<p>MoA Review Report</p> <p>Literature Review Report</p> <p>Concept Note /Briefs</p> <p>Letter of Invites/Brief</p> <p>Position Paper/Briefs</p> <p>Legal instruments prepared</p>
		CEPA, UNDP/GEF5/6 JICA

IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE

Goal No.1: Governance and Management of Protected Areas is enhanced

Program: Enhancing Governance and Management of Protected Areas

Strategies:

1. Strengthen the institutional framework (including database) in CEPA for effective management and governance of the PNG Protected Area Network
2. Review and Strengthen the existing legal framework and develop a new Protected Area legislation for effective management and governance of PNG PA Network
3. Ensure Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs) are integrated into national legal and institutional frameworks
4. Develop operational procedures, administrative guidelines and Regulations for the legal framework with clear lines of responsibility and high standards of governance, accountability and reporting
5. The PNG Protected Area Network is a shared responsibility among different levels of government and other sectors through legislation and policies created at Provincial, District and Local Level including local communities.
6. Improve and strengthen existing Provincial and Local Level Governments' Biodiversity Conservation laws in PA management.
7. Integrate Protected Area management activities into 5-Year Development Plans, with annual budgets and Land-Use Plans across all levels of government
8. Ensure PA Network is built and managed with free prior and informed consent (FPIC) of customary landowners and communities.
9. Encourage and promote governance by Local Communities - model of ownership and management style
10. CEPA Financial Management strengthened with clear lines of responsibility, and high standards of governance, accountability and reporting to secure adequate funding from the Government and donor partners to support PA Network.
11. Ensure Public-Private Partnership Arrangements are established and enhanced

Project/Activities	2018				2019				2020				2021				2022				2023				2024				2025				2026-2028				Cost K'000				Funding Source				Action				Output Indicator			
	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	150	Operational Budget; CIP	CEPA DPM, System Specialist Consultant and Project team	Review Report												
1. Strengthen the Institutional framework (including database) in CEPA for effective management and governance of the PNG Protected Area Network																																																				
1.1.1.1 Review the current CEPA institutional structure to include with clear lines of responsibility the PA network management.																																																				
1.1.1.2 Endorse the revised CEPA institutional structure that includes PA network management																																																				
1.1.1.3 Recruit qualified personnel to the approved CEPA institutional structure																																																				

1.1.1.4 Conduct a Training Needs Assessment of CEPA Staff relating to Biodiversity Conservation and Protected Areas Management		200	Same as above; UNDP	Same as above	Training Needs Assessment Report
1.1.1.5 Train CEPA officers in PA management and planning and biodiversity conservation		400	Same as above	Number of CEPA staff trained	
1.1.1.6 Conduct assessment of all existing Protected Areas in PNG		300	Same as above	CEPA, UNDP/ GEF 4 team	Assessment Report produced
1.1.1.7 Implement recommendations of the Assessment Report and re-classify all existing Protected Areas.		100	Same as above	Same as above	Report on implementation of TNA Recommendations
1.1.1.8 Update the PA Network Register/registry		100	Same as above	Same as above	Updated PA Network Registry
1.1.1.9 Draft SOP to include the Administration of PA Register		10	Same as above	Same as above	SOP reflecting administration of PA register
1.1.1.10 Update all other data of Protected Areas managed by other stakeholders.		150	Same as above	Same as above	Report on Updated PA data
1.1.1.11 Formulate a coherent and synchronized Dataset Standards across all targeted PA types.		500	Same as above	Same as above	Dataset Standard and Manual produced
1.1.1.12 Develop mechanisms for effective communication and sharing of information and data between line agencies and stakeholders		200	Same as above	Same as above	Communications Strategy Developed

Goal No.1: Governance and Management of Protected Areas is enhanced *Continued...*

Goal No.1: Governance and Management of Protected Areas is enhanced *Continued...*

3. Ensure Multilateral Environment Agreements (MEAs) are integrated into national legal and institutional frameworks

3.1.1.1 Review current implementation of Global, Regional and Bilateral Environmental/Biodiversity Conservation Agreements (MEAs).	3.1.1.2 Amend relevant national legislation to nationalize MEAs.	3.1.1.3 Provide reports on the status of implementation.	3.1.1.4 Monitor and review implementation of the targets using indicators	200	CEPA, Donors	CEPA, DJAG-, Foreign Affairs, DNPM, PM & NEC, Resource Sector Agencies and	Review Report
				50	Same as above	Development Partners	Report on Amendments
				20		Same as above	Status Report
				200		Same as above	Monitoring & Review Report
					Sub Total:	470	
4. Develop operational procedures, administrative guidelines and Regulations for the legal framework with clear lines of responsibility and high standards of governance, accountability and reporting							
4.1.1.1 Develop Regulations for:	• Establishment and Council Procedures of the NCC including NPART and RPART, • Protected Area Management, • Establishing of new PA standards for adaptive and effective biodiversity management, • Penalties and Fines • Zoning, • De-registration of a PA, • Species Management, control and protection in PA • Documenting Traditional knowledge (including local ecological and biological knowledge and cultural values). • Resources development within the vicinity of major protected areas. • Linking of Environment Permits for developments adjacent to Protected Areas.						
	Number of priority Regulations supporting the new PA legislation developed.						
	500 Operational/ Capital Budget; Donors UNDP/GEF4/5						

Goal No.1: Governance and Management of Protected Areas is enhanced *Continued...*

5.1.1.5 Document all lessons learnt from these sites.					
5.1.1.6 Replicate the lessons learnt in other priority protected areas as identified through the PoWPA report in both marine and terrestrial.					
5.1.1.7 Conduct Training Needs Assessments for all levels of government and communities and develop Training Plan for each Province.					
5.1.1.8 PA Management to identify relevant landowners for training.					
5.1.1.9 Identify resource persons or institutions (eg. IPA) to conduct Training on PA Management including basic financial management, book keeping, FPIC & IPR, reporting and literacy if needed.					
5.1.1.10 Document all lesson learnt from this process to be replicated in other priority protected areas identified through PoWPA.					
Sub Total:		1,135			
6. Improve and strengthen existing Provincial and Local Level Governments' Biodiversity Conservation laws in PA management.					
6.1.1.1 Review Alnami LLG Conservation Law and Forest Protection Law 2007, Madang to be consistent with the new PA legislation.			20	Operational/ Capital Budget; Donors	CEPA; Legal Team; State Sol; Department of Treasury, Finance and National Planning
6.1.1.2 Complete a peer review of the pending Kimbe Bay Environmental Law.			50	Same as Above	Provincial Governments
6.1.1.3 Prepare a report on its findings			0.0	Same as Above	Peer Review Report with Recommendations

Goal No.1: Governance and Management of Protected Areas is enhanced *Continued...*

7.1.1.3 Build the capacity of East and West New Britain, East and West Sepik, Morobe, Madang, Central and Oro Provincial, Districts and Local Level Governments to manage identified PA's within their respective areas.	200	Same as Above	CEPA; UNDP/ GEF4/5; Provincial Governments; DDAs	Level of demonstrated management capacities		
7.1.1.4 Establish and harmonise a database for PA Network on the various PA's and provide accessibility to Provincial/ Regional Offices	200	Same as Above	Database			
7.1.1.5 Conduct assessment of land uses in selected PAs – Kokoda track IPZ, Varirata, New Britain Island and Sogeri plateau.	150	Same as Above	Land-use Assessment Reports			
7.1.1.6 Zoning of priority conservation areas in identified PAs.	400	Same as Above	Maps			
7.1.1.8 Collaborate with NFA, PNG FA, DAL, MRA, DPE, DMPG, CCDA and DNPM to mainstream conservation planning into Sector Plans.	100	Same as Above	CEPA; State Sol; NFA, PNG FA, DAL, MRA, DPE, DMPG, CCDA DNPM; Provincial Governments; DDAs	Integrated Sector Plans		
		Sub Total:	1,330			
8. Ensure PA Network is built and managed with free prior and informed consent (FPIC) of customary landowners and communities.						
8.1.1.1 Using the recommendations from the Powpa Report, identify 4 suitable CCA and LMMA sites in the 8 target Provinces.			0.0	CEPA Provincial, District and Local Level Government GEF5/6, JICA	Number of suitable CCA & LMMA sites identified	
8.1.1.2 Prepare Awareness materials on why the sites need to be protected and managed.	50	NGOs, Research Institutions, Protected Area		Number and types of awareness materials		

Goal No.1: Governance and Management of Protected Areas is enhanced *Continued...*

Goal No.1: Governance and Management of Protected Areas is enhanced *Continued...*

MONITORING AND EVALUATION FRAMEWORK

Goal No 1: Government and Management of Environment

• 10

1. To Establish the legal and institutional framework for effective management and governance of the PNG Protected Area Network.
 2. To Ensure the legal framework becomes fully operational with clear lines of responsibility and high standards of governance, accountability and reporting
 3. To Ensure effective legal and institutional arrangements are in place for provincial, district and local level governments, communities including customary landowners, on-ground protected area managers and other partners work in cooperation.
 4. To ensure local and international partners and stakeholders assist with sustainable financial and practical support, including training, education, capacity building, community development and mentoring
 5. To support customary landowners in their initiatives to establish effective protected areas on their land and contribute to strengthening the Protected Area Network.
 6. To ensure CEPA supports Protected Area Network with adequate funding and staff capacity

Projects/ Activities	Targets	Time Frame	Appropriation K'000	Expenditure to Date	Current Status	Comments/Recommendations
1.1.1.1 Review the current CEPA institutional structure to include with clear lines of responsibility the PA network management.	1.1.1 Standard of Governance by Government in CEPA is improved and strengthened by 2020.	2018-2020				
1.1.1.2 Endorse the revised CEPA institutional structure that includes PA network management		2018-2020				
1.1.1.3 Recruit qualified personnel to the approved CEPA institutional structure		2018-2020				
1.1.1.4 Conduct a Training Needs Assessment of CEPA Staff relating to Biodiversity Conservation and Protected Areas Management		2018-2020				
1.1.1.5 Train CEPA officers in PA management and planning and biodiversity conservation		2018-2020				
	Sub-Total:					
1.1.2.1 Conduct assessment of all existing Protected Areas in PNG	1.1.2 A Protected Area Network Register/ registry is developed and linked to Provincial/ Regional Offices by 2020	2018-2020				
1.1.2.2 Implement recommendations of the Assessment Report and re-classify all existing Protected Areas.		2018-2020				
1.1.2.3 Update the PA Network Register/registry		2018-2020				
1.1.2.4 Draft SOP to include the Administration of PA Register		2018-2020				
1.1.2.5 Update all other data of Protected Areas managed by other stakeholders.		2018-2020				
1.1.2.6 Formulate a coherent and synchronized Data-set Standards across all targeted PA types.		2018-2020				
1.1.2.7 Develop mechanisms for effective communication and sharing of information and data between line agencies and stakeholders		2018-2020				
1.1.2.8 Review data storage system, its backup system and report improvements on storage system		2018-2020				
	Sub-Total:					

Goal No.1: Governance and Management of Protected Areas is enhanced *Continued...*

Projects/ Activities	Targets	Time Frame	Appropriation K'000	Expenditure to Date	Current Status	Comments/Recommendations
1.2.1.1 Recruit a legal counsel as consultant to develop PA legislation and regulations	1.2.1 A new Protected Area legislation developed by 2018	2018-2020				
1.2.1.2 Conduct a legal review of all existing conservation related legislation and provide a report with recommendations for improvement.		2018-2020				
1.2.1.3 Draft Information Paper on the proposed Protected Area legislation.		2018-2020				
1.2.1.4 Circulate the Draft Bill to partners, stakeholders and communities for written comments and feedback.		2018-2020				
1.1.2.5 Workshop the Zero Draft Bill with partners, stakeholders and communities to incorporate feed-back through regional consultations.		2018-2020				
1.1.2.6 Consult Stakeholders on revised Drafts of the Bill		2018-2020				
1.1.2.7 Hire a legal drafting specialist to: • Fine-tune the Bill ensuring there is Constitutional compliance with Section 38(1) of the Constitution as well as provide practical and experienced inputs to ensuring cross-cutting issues in the Transitional Provisions to save all existing rights.	1.2.1 A new Protected Area legislation developed by 2018...Continue					
	Provide practical and experienced input to obtain approval or clearance from the Office of the Legislative Counsel that the PA Bill is fit for submission to the NEC.					
	Provide practical and experienced input to navigating the process of obtaining the Certificate of Necessity from the Solicitor General's Office.					
	Assist in obtaining the cooperation of the NEC secretariat to get the Bill onto the NEC agenda and business-paper.					
	Provide practical and experienced input into the process of compiling and fine-tuning the final NEC Submission.					
					Sub-Total:	

1.2.2.1 Review relevant legislation to make it consistent with the new PA legislation such as; Conservation Areas Act,	1.2.2. Related legislation relevant to protected areas established reviewed and amended by 2025	2018-2025	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fauna Protection and Control Act, • Crocodile Protection Act, • International Trade Act (CITES), • Environment Act, • Forestry Act, • Mining Act, • Fisheries Act, • Maritime Zones Act, and Marine Pollution Act under NMSA. 			
1.2.2.2 Prepare report for any major or consequential amendments.	2018-2025		
1.2.2.3 Seek legal clearance prior to making necessary amendments	2018-2025		
1.2.2.4 Amend all necessary legislation where possible.	2018-2025		
	Sub-Total:		
1.2.3.1 Conduct desk top review on the new PA legislation to ensure consistency with the Torres Strait Treaty and the Organic Law on Provincial and Local Level Government.	1.2.3 Consistency and complementarity of the new PA legislation with Organic Law on Provincial and Local Level Government and other international Treaties by 2018.	2018	
1.2.3.2 Make further recommendation for amendments if necessary to appropriate authorities.		2018	
	Sub-Total:		
1.3.1. Review current implementation of Global, Regional and Bilateral Environmental/Biodiversity Conservation Agreements (MEAs).	1.3.1 Nationalize Aichi Targets, World Heritage, KI, 17 SDGs, into national legislations and policies by 2018.	2018	
1.3.1.2 Amend relevant national legislation to nationalize MEAs.		2018	
1.3.1.3 Provide reports on the status of implementation.		2018	
1.3.1.4 Monitor and review implementation of the targets using indicators		2018	
	Sub-Total:		

Goal No.1: Governance and Management of Protected Areas is enhanced *Continued...*

Projects/ Activities	Targets	Time Frame	Appropriation K'000	Expenditure to Date	Current Status	Comments/Recommendations
2.1.1.1 Develop Regulations for: • Establishment and Council Procedures of the NCC including NPART and RPART, • Protected Area Management, • Establishing of new PA • standards for adaptive and effective biodiversity management; • Penalties and Fines • Zoning, • De-registration of a PA, • Species Management, control and protection in PA • Documenting Traditional knowledge (including local ecological and biological knowledge and cultural values), • Resources development within the vicinity of major protected areas. • Linking of Environment Permits for developments adjacent to Protected Areas.	2.1.1 Develop priority Regulations by 2018	2018				
2.1.2.1 Develop Standard Operating Procedures for; • Protected Area management to be transparent, accountable, adaptive, responsive to landowner needs, and for occupational health and safety, • Administration for PA Network Register/ registry to include data collection and sharing, community engagement protocol, research consent regime etc. • Linking of Environment Permits for developments adjacent to Protected Areas.	2.1.2 Develop Standard Operating Procedures by 2020.	2018-2020				
3.1.1.1 Conduct a Technical assessment on Management Effectiveness of registered Protected Areas. 3.1.1.2 Implement recommendations from this assessment in the 8 target provinces as part of their Management Plans 3.1.1.3 Assign a CEPA team to work with projects at Varirata National Park, New Britain Island, Kokoda Track IPZ, YUS and Torricelli Mountain Ranges in developing respective Management Plans as models	3.1.1 Shared governance of Protected Areas between customary landowners and organizations including NGOs and Governance by customary landowners in ¹³⁸ targeted Provinces are strengthened by 2020 2018-2020 2018-2020 2018-2020	Sub-Total: Sub-Total:				

3.1.1.4 Implement these Management plans with strong emphasis on developing their governance structures			
3.1.1.5 Document all lessons learnt from these sites			
3.1.1.6 Replicate the lessons learnt in other priority protected areas as identified through the PoWPA report in both marine and terrestrial.			
	Sub-Total:		
3.1.2.1 Conduct Training Needs Assessments for all levels of government and communities and develop Training Plan for each Province.	3.1.2 Train 10 community personnel in Protected Area Management and governance per project site by 2020.		
3.1.2.2 PA Management to identify relevant landowners for training.			
3.1.2.3 Identify resource persons or institutions (e.g. IPA) to conduct Training on PA Management including basic financial management, book keeping, FPIC & IPR, reporting and literacy if needed.			
3.1.2.4 Document all lesson learnt from this process to be replicated in other priority protected areas identified through PoWPA.			
	Sub-Total:		
3.2.1.1 Review Almami LLG Conservation Law and Forest Protection Law 2007, Madang to be consistent with the new PA legislation.	3.2.1 Any existing Provincial and LLG laws reviewed and aligned with the new PA legislation by 2025	2018-2025	
3.2.1.2 Complete a peer review of the pending Kimbe Bay Environmental Law.		2018-2025	
3.2.1.3 Prepare a report on its findings		2018-2025	
3.2.1.4 Complete the legal requirements and clearance before recommending for its enactment		2018-2025	
3.2.1.5 Complete a needs assessment for all Provinces to identify any need for Provincial and LLG laws for biodiversity conservation and protected area management.		2018-2025	
3.2.1.6 Implement any key recommendations from this report in order to maintain and strengthen effective protected area management.		2018-2025	
	Sub-Total:		

¹³ The 8 target Province which projects are implemented include; Central, Northern, East and West Sepik, East and West New Britain, Morobe and Madang and any additional specified sites under GEF 6

Goal No.1: Governance and Management of Protected Areas is enhanced *Continued...*

Projects/ Activities	Targets	Time Frame	Appropriation K'000	Expenditure to Date	Current Status	Comments/Recommendations
3.3.1.1 Integrate biodiversity conservation and community livelihood development initiatives of VNP into the provincial, district and local governments' development plans	3.3.1 Integrated Provincial (5 Years) Development Plans for 8 target Provinces to reflect protected area management activities, its annual budget and land use plans by 2020	2018-2020				
3.3.1.2 Establish consultation with key government personnel from the provincial, district, and local level governments for the review of their 5 Year Development Plans		2018-2020				
	Sub-Total:					
3.3.2.1 Build the capacity of East and West New Britain, East and West Sepik, Morobe, Madang, Central and Oro Provincial, Districts and Local Level Governments to manage Identified PA's within their respective areas	3.3.2 10% priority conservation areas integrated and aligned with Resource Sectors conservation planning by 2025	2018-2025				
3.3.2.2 Establish and harmonise a database for PA Network on the various PA's and provide accessibility to Provincial/ Regional Offices.		2018-2025				
3.3.2.3 Conduct assessment of land uses in selected PAs – Kokoda track IPZ, Varirata, New Britain Island and Sogeri plateau		2018-2025				
3.3.2.4 Zoning of priority conservation areas in identified PAs.		2018-2025				
3.3.2.5 Collaborate with NFA, PNG FA, DAL, MRA, DPPE, DMPG, CCDA and DNPM to mainstream conservation planning into Sector Plans.		2018-2025				
	Sub-Total:					
4.1.1.1 Using the recommendations from the PoWPA Report, identify 4 suitable CCA and LMMA sites in the 8 target Provinces	4.1.1 New Community Conservation Areas or Locally Managed Marine Areas are registered and effectively managed by customary landowners in any of the 8 target Provinces by 2020	2018-2020				
4.1.1.2 Prepare Awareness materials on why the sites need to be protected and managed.		2018-2020				
4.1.1.3 Prepare a road map on the proposed sites in-house.		2018-2020				
4.1.1.4 Conduct awareness programs on these sites to relevant stakeholders including governments and landowners.		2018-2020				
4.1.1.5 Using the new PA legislation as a yard stick, go through the full process of declaring the sites protected working closely with the communities, LLGs, Districts and Provincial Administrations		2018-2020				

4.1.1.6 Conduct specific Training for partners including landowners in PA management and enforcement of the new PA law including PA management	2018-2020		
4.2.1.1 Conduct and implement Governance by local communities by allowing the communities to take leadership in building their capacities	4.2.1 Customary landowners in 8 Target Provinces demonstrating strong leadership in PA management by 2020.	Sub-Total:	
5.1.1.1 Establish Project Management or Donor Co-ordination Unit in CEPA.	5.1.1 Budget for protected Area Network management and supporting activities in CEPA and 8 target Provinces are increased by 2020.	2018-2020	
5.1.1.2 Review or audit the existing Financial Management structure in CEPA to ensure it is credible and transparent.		2018-2020	
5.1.1.3 Implement recommendations in accordance with the Public Finance Management Act and CEPA Financial Management Order		2018-2020	
5.1.1.4 Prepare Donor Fund Raising Strategy for PA Network Management in PNG.		2018-2020	
5.1.1.5 Prepare annual Budget submissions based on identified priority activities in the PA Implementation Plan (2018-2025).		2018-2020	
5.1.1.6 Prepare 1 Capital Investment Project submission for five years commencing 2018 – 2022.		2018-2020	
5.1.1.7 Secure additional funds from GEF6, JICA and other donors for implementation of the PA policy.		2018-2020	
	Sub-Total:		
5.2.1.1 Review the MoA between NCDC and CEPA on the management arrangement for Varirata National Park, Central Province and amend where necessary.	5.2.1 Declare Public Private Partnership arrangement in place for Varirata National Park by 2020	2018-2020	
5.2.1.2 Complete a literature review of existing PPP arrangements with established PAs in Australia and other Asian countries.		2018-2020	
5.2.1.3 Explore potential partners for PPP arrangements in PNG or abroad.		2018-2020	
5.2.1.4 Approach the potential partner for Varirata National Park		2018-2020	
5.2.1.5 Work with JICA-CEPA project team to further expand on the potential investors/partners for Varirata National Park		2018-2020	
5.2.1.6 Prepare necessary legal process to formalize the arrangements under the new PA law.		2018-2020	
	Sub-Total:		
	Grand-Total:		

GOAL NO. 2: SUSTAINABLE LIVELIHOODS OF COMMUNITIES

1. Implementation Framework
2. Implementation Schedule
3. Monitoring and Evaluation Framework

IMPLEMENTATION FRAMEWORK

Goal No. 2: Livelihoods of the communities are sustained

Objective 1 - To strengthen customary practices for enhancing and protecting the environment and traditional livelihoods through protected area establishment and management.			
Targets	Actions to be taken	Measurable indicators	Responsible/Support organization
Strategy 1.1 Areas under Customary 'Conservation' i.e Sacred Sites, Tambu Areas and/or Customary Practices that sustain the environment are recognized.			
1.1.1 Traditional ecological and sustainable cultural practice based 'sacred sites' recognized as PAS in 8 Provinces/ecoregions by 2023.	<p>1.1.1.1 Collaborate with relevant Agencies to identify and document Sacred Sites in identified Project sites (8 Provinces/ Ecoregions).</p> <p>1.1.1.2 Collaborate with NMAG to assist local communities to develop 'Sacred Site/PA Conservation Management Plans and MEAs.</p>	<p>LLG Inventory records in local language (pictures /video /maps / stories/ legends) by Clan for each Ward and Sacred Sites.</p> <p>Local language and English version materials of Sacred Site in Provincial and National Inventories.</p> <p>Sacred Sites and/or Practices recognized in PA Bill 'Deed' within the LLG.</p> <p>CA Deeded Sacred sites on National PA Register</p>	CEPA, PNGNMAG, AG LLG, NGOs CEPA, PNGNMAG, AG LLG, NGOs CEPA, PNGNMAG, AG LLG, NGOs CEPA, PNGNMAG, AG LLG
Strategy 1.2 Ensure local arrangements governing use of natural resources in Protected Areas are sustainable and continue to support traditional livelihoods.			
1.2.1 Document traditional and cultural knowledge and practices for sustainable environmental use in all targeted PAs by 2023.	<p>1.2.1.1 Facilitate for relevant processes for documenting traditional knowledge and practices in target communities/ PAs.</p> <p>1.2.1.2 Collaborate with relevant partners to ensure that traditional ecological knowledge and cultural uses of the environment in an effective medium conforms to FPIC and IPR standards.</p> <p>1.2.1.3 Collaborate with relevant partners to ensure that Valuation of Social and Environmental Services - both directly and indirectly benefit the clans/ communities for each PA.</p>	<p>Traditional Knowledge products.</p> <p>Documentation /Audio Visual products as appropriate for each PA PIC and IPR records for each PA.</p> <p>Valuation of Socio-Environmental Services Document for each PA</p>	CEPA, PNGNM, AG JICA, KI, GEF5, LLG NGOs CEPA, PNGNM and AG JICA, KI, GEF5, LLG NGOs CEPA, PNGNM, AG JICA, KI, GEF5, LLG NGOs
1.2.2 Protect and promote understanding of the value of cultural and traditional knowledge in targeted PAs by 2023.	1.2.2.1 Facilitate for development of awareness materials on Social and Ecosystem values contribution to community livelihoods.	Report of Traditional Ecological/ Cultural Practices that relate to environmental management for each Rural District.	CEPA, Provincial Govts, LLGs, JICA, KI, GEF5, NGOs

		Awareness materials and medium verified by product; Awareness materials produced and distributed to Districts Activities on World Days.	CEPA, JICA, KI, GEF5 Provincial Govts, LLG NGOs
	1.2.2.3 Consistent with CEPA communications strategy, evaluate medium of information dissemination to maximize effectiveness and select the best	Evaluation Reports and Recommendations. Altered Awareness.	CEPA, Provincial Govts, LLG, NGOs
1.2.3 Document identified pilot Project Sites, Social Maps completed by 2023.	1.2.3.1 Develop social mapping guidelines using Kokoda Initiative lessons learnt. 1.2.3.2 Engage expertise to conduct social mapping. 1.2.3.3 Social Maps checked and recognized by communities and appropriate Government Agency.	Number of Protected Areas socially mapped. Number of experts engaged; Report on Social mapping Social Mapping recognised by relevant Government Agency.	CEPA, UPNG/UNRE JICA, KI, GEF5, NGO, LLG, Provincial Govts
Objective 2 – To link additional livelihoods to effective Conservation Initiatives by customary landowners.			
Targets	Actions to be taken	Measurable Indicators	Responsible/Support organization
Strategy 2.1 Conservation Initiatives are supported by the provision of needed facilities to the community that will support the management of PAs.			
2.1.1 Improve support for livelihoods within identified PAs by 2023.	2.1.1.1 Facilitate funding support for social/economic /financial infrastructure facilities linked to PAs by Community Leaders within Ward, LLG and District Development Plans. 2.1.1.2 Facilitate training of Rangers, PA Management Committees and other expertise linked to PA management. 2.1.1.3 Co-ordinate monitoring and evaluation of livelihood conservation initiatives in targeted PAs.	Certificates of Completion of all infrastructure projects. MoA with Trainees. Graduands working in and for communities with PAs Monitoring and Evaluation Reports.	CEPA, Provincial ser- vices, JICA, KI, GEF5 LLG, Provincial Govts NGOs CEPA, JICA, KI, GEF5 CEPA, PA Manage- ment Provincial Administrations
Strategy 2.2 Conservation Initiatives are supported by economic opportunities in the community.			
2.2.1 In the targeted PAs, customary landowners' economic livelihood initiatives are developed/ enhanced and supported by 2023.	2.2.1.1 Facilitate and conduct awareness, on livelihood options for each targeted PAs. 2.2.1.2 Manage the procurement of technical assistance from appropriate local and international organizations. 2.2.1.3 Facilitate livelihood options with appropriate bodies/ industry.	Number and type of Livelihood options such as Conservation, Coffee/ Cocoa, Eco-tourism, Research-Tourism, forest products, business enterprise. Expression of Interest and responses.	CEPA, Provincial Govts JICA/KI/GEF5, CIC/ CCR/TPA, Business Sector, NGOs CEPA, PA Manage- ment Provincial Administrations
	2.2.1.4 Facilitate the certification of livelihood products as premium prices, in partnership with other relevant agencies.	Number of Agreements developed, negotiated and signed. e.g. LO growers with CIC, CCR, and Exporter. Certifications: e.g. Organic, Free Trade, Conservation.	CEPA, Provincial Govts JICA/KI/GEF5, CIC/ CCR/TPA, Business Sector, PA Manage- ment, Business Sector

Targets	Actions to be taken	Measurable indicators	Responsible/Support organization
2.2.2. Candidates from targeted PAs are trained in business management, marketing and related initiatives linked to PA management by 2023.	<p>2.2.2.1 Facilitate for Training Needs Assessment and Analysis of PA business management and marketing for each PAs</p> <p>2.2.2.2 Identify appropriate training providers</p> <p>2.2.2.3 Facilitate the identification of relevant candidates each from the targeted PAs.</p> <p>2.2.2.4 Facilitate training and follow-up by relevant Government Agency or private entity that specialise in business, marketing, basic science/monitoring, tour guiding, paralegal skills, basic book keeping, business, hospitality and certification standard requirements</p>	<p>Developed TNA, Evaluation document of training providers</p> <p>Number of Training Providers identified and engaged; Number of Candidates selected</p> <p>Number of persons identified from each targeted PA</p> <p>Number of persons trained and utilising skills and knowledge in basic science/monitoring, tour guiding, paralegal skills, basic book keeping, business, marketing, hospitality, certification standard requirements</p>	<p>CEPA, Provincial Gov'ts JICA/KI/GEF5, CIC/CCR/TPA, Business Sector</p> <p>CEPA, Provincial Gov'ts JICA/KI/GEF5, CIC/CCR/TPA, Business Sector</p> <p>CEPA, Provincial Gov'ts JICA/KI/GEF5, CIC/CCR/TPA, Business Sector</p>
	<p>Objective 3 – To develop Conservation and Benefit Sharing Agreements with customary landowners and communities for all Protected Areas in order to formalize the management arrangements and benefits.</p> <p>Strategy 3.1 Government recognition of ABS (Access Benefit Sharing) Agreements supported through practical assistance – both financial and technical.</p>	<p>3.1.1. Formulate ABS policy and legislation by 2020</p> <p>3.1.1.1 Ratify Nagoya Protocol.</p> <p>3.1.1.2 Consultations with stakeholders to draft TOR in ABS Policy development.</p> <p>3.1.1.2 Participate in ABS Policy and Legislation plus Regulations consultations.</p> <p>3.1.2.1 Socialise the Policy and Legislation when in place with PAs management.</p> <p>3.1.2.2 Conduct public awareness (workshops/training) on access benefit sharing outlining Opportunities and Risks.</p> <p>3.1.2.3 Assist in the development of ABS agreements with PIC (Prior Informed Consent), IPR Intellectual Property Rights) respected e.g. access to genetic resources, customary knowledge.</p> <p>3.1.2.4 Assist communities to define parties' roles, rights and responsibilities within ABS agreements.</p> <p>3.1.2.5 Develop and document conflict resolution procedures</p>	<p>Nagoya Protocol Ratified</p> <p>ABS Policy Drafting TOR</p> <p>ABS Policy, ABS Act with Regulations</p> <p>ABS Policy and Law copies in Districts</p> <p>ABS proposals</p> <p>ABS Agreements PIC and IPR support agreements</p> <p>Parties' roles, rights and responsibilities within ABS agreement.</p> <p>Conflict resolution procedure within ABS agreement</p>

IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE

Goal No. 2: Livelihoods of the communities are sustained

Program: Sustainable Livelihoods for Communities

Strategies:

1. Areas under Customary 'Conservation' i.e Sacred Sites, Tambo Areas and/or Customary Practices that sustain the environment are recognized.
2. Ensure local arrangements governing use of natural resources in Protected Areas are sustainable and continue to support traditional livelihoods.
3. Conservation Initiatives are supported by the provision of needed facilities to the community that will support the management of PAs.
4. Conservation Initiatives are supported by economic opportunities in the community.
5. Government recognition of ABS (Access Benefit Sharing) Agreements supported through practical assistance - both financial and technical.

Project/Activities	2018				2019				2020				2021				2022				2023				2024				2025				2026-2028				Cost k'000	Funding Source	Action	Output Indicator
	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4								
1. Areas under Customary 'Conservation' i.e Sacred Sites, Tambo Areas and/or Customary Practices that sustain the environment are recognized.																																								
1.1.1.1 Collaborate with relevant Agencies to identify and document Sacred Sites in identified Project sites (8 Provinces/Ecoregions).																																	200	CEPA Operational Budget Capital Investment Prog Donors Prov/DDAs	CEPA PNGN-MAG, AG LLG NGOs	LLG Inventory records in local language (pictures /video /maps /stories/legends) by Clan for each Ward and Sacred Sites.				
1.1.1.2 Collaborate with NMAG to assist local communities to develop 'Sacred Site/IPA Conservation Management Plans and MEAs																																	200	Same as above	Sacred Sites and/or Practices recognized in PA Bill 'Deed' within the LLG.	CA Deeded Sacred sites on National PA Register				
Sub Total:																																			400					

Goal No. 2: Livelihoods of the communities are sustained *Continued...*

2.1.1.3 Collaborate with relevant partners to ensure that Valuation of Social and Environmental Services - both directly and indirectly benefit the clans/ communities for each PA.	350	Same as above	CEPA PNG-NM, AG, JICA, KI, GEF5 NGO, LLG, Prov. Gov	Valuation of Socio-Environmental Services Document for each PA.
2.1.1.4 Facilitate for development of awareness materials on Social and Ecosystem values contribution to community livelihoods.	150	Same as above	CEPAJICA, KI, GEF5 NGO, LLG, Prov. Gov	Report of Traditional Ecological/ Cultural Practices that relate to environmental management for each Rural District.
2.1.1.5 Facilitate for community participatory and awareness for traditional, ecological and cultural (biocultural) practices.	300	Same as above	CEPAJICA, KI, GEF5 NGO, LLG, Prov. Gov	Awareness materials and medium verified by product; Awareness materials produced and distributed to Districts Activities on World Days.
2.1.1.6 Consistent with CEPA communications strategy, evaluate medium of information dissemination to maximize effectiveness and select the best	130	Same as above	CEPA NGO, LLG, Prov. Gov	Evaluation Reports and Recommendations. Altered Awareness
2.1.1.7 Develop social mapping guidelines using Kokoda Initiative lessons learnt.	40	Same as above	CEPA UPNG/ UNREJICA, KI, GEF5	Number of Protected Areas socially mapped.
2.1.1.8 Engage expertise to conduct social mapping.	200	Same as above	NGO, LLG, Prov. Gov	Number of experts engaged; Report on Social mapping
2.1.1.9 Social Maps checked and recognized by communities and appropriate Government Agency.	200	Same as above	Same as above	Social Mapping recognised by relevant Government Agency.
		Sub Total:	2,270	

Goal No. 2: Livelihoods of the communities are sustained *Continued...*

		Operation/ Capital Budgets Prov Govts Donors Business Communities	Business Sector	Certifications: e.g. Organic, Free Trade, Conserva- tion.
4.1.1.4 Facilitate the certification of livelihood products as premium prices, in partnership with other relevant agencies.	4.1.1.5 Facilitate for Training Needs Assessment and Analysis of PA business management and marketing for each PAs	Same as above	CEPA ProvGov JICA/K/GEFFS/ CIC/CCR/TPA Business Sector	Developed TNA, Evaluation docu- ment of training providers
4.1.1.6 Identify appropriate training providers	4.1.1.7 Facilitate the identification of relevant candidates each from the targeted PAs.	Same as above	Same as above	Number of Training Providers identified and engaged; Number of Candidates selected
4.1.1.8 Facilitate training and follow-up by relevant Government Agency or private entity that specialise in business, marketing, basic science /monitoring, tour guiding, paralegal skills, basic book keeping, business, hospitality and certification standard requirements		Same as above	Same as above	Number of persons identified from each targeted PA
				Number of persons trained and utilising skills and knowledge in basic science/ monitoring, tour guiding, paralegal skills, basic book keeping, business, marketing, hospitality, certification standard require- ments
				Sub Total: 4,050
5. Government recognition of ABS (Access Benefit Sharing) Agreements supported through practical assistance - both financial and technical.	5.1.1.1 Ratify Nagoya Protocol.			Nagoya Protocol Ratified
			400	Operation/ Capital Bud- gets Prov Govts- Donors
				Department of Commerce, Trade and Public Rela- tions CEPA, Nat Gov Agencies

Goal No. 2: Livelihoods of the communities are sustained *Continued...*

MONITORING AND EVALUATION FRAMEWORK

Goal No. 2: Livelihoods of the communities are sustained

Program: Sustainable Livelihoods for Communities

Objectives:

1. To strengthen customary practices for enhancing and protecting the environment and traditional livelihoods through protected area establishment and management
2. To link additional livelihoods to effective Conservation Initiatives by customary landowners.
3. To develop Conservation and Benefit Sharing Agreements with customary landowners and communities for all Protected Areas in order to formalize the management arrangements and benefits.

Projects/ Activities	Targets	Time Frame	Appropriation K'000	Expenditure to Date	Current Status	Comments/Recom- mendations
1.1.1.1 Collaborate with relevant Agencies to identify and document Sacred Sites in identified Project sites (8 Provinces/ Ecoregions).	1.1.1 Traditional ecological and sustainable cultural practice based 'Sacred sites' recognized as PAs in 8 Provinces/ ecoregions by 2023	2018-2023				
1.1.1.2 Collaborate with NMAG to assist local communities to develop 'Sacred Site/PA Conservation Management Plans and MEAS		2018-2023				
	Sub-Total:					
1.2.1.1 Facilitate for relevant processes for documenting traditional knowledge and practices in target communities/ PAs.	1.2.1 Document traditional and cultural knowledge and practices for sustainable environmental use in all targeted PAs by 2023.	2018-2023				
1.2.1.2 Collaborate with relevant partners to ensure that traditional ecological knowledge and cultural uses of the environment in an effective medium conforms to FPIC and PR standards.		2018-2023				
1.2.1.3 Collaborate with relevant partners to ensure that Valuation of Social and Environmental Services - both directly and indirectly benefit the clans/ communities for each PA.		2018-2023				
	Sub-Total:					

Goal No. 2: Livelihoods of the communities are sustained *Continued...*

Projects/ Activities	Targets	Time Frame	Appropriation K'000	Expenditure to Date	Current Status	Comments/Recommendations
1.2.2.1 Facilitate for development of awareness materials on Social and Ecosystem values contribution to community livelihoods	1.2.2 Protect and promote understanding of the value of cultural and traditional knowledge in targeted PAs by 2023.	2018-2023				
1.2.2.2 Facilitate for community participation and awareness for traditional, ecological and cultural (biocultural) practices.		2018-2023				
1.2.2.3 Consistent with CEPA communications strategy, evaluate medium of information dissemination to maximize effectiveness and select the best		2018-2023				
			Sub-Total:			
1.2.3.1 Develop social mapping guidelines using Kokoda Initiative lessons learnt.	1.2.3 Document identified pilot Project Sites, Social Maps completed by 2023	2018-2023				
1.2.3.2 Engage expertise to conduct social mapping.		2018-2023				
1.2.3.3 Social Maps checked and recognized by communities and appropriate Government Agency.		2018-2023				
			Sub-Total:			
2.1.1.1 Facilitate funding support for social/ economic /financial infrastructure facilities linked to PAs by Community Leaders within Ward, LLG and District Development Plans.	2.1.1 Improve support for livelihoods within identified PAs by 2023.	2018-2023				
2.1.1.2 Facilitate training of Rangers, PA Management Committees and other expertise linked to PA management.		2018-2023				
2.1.1.3 Co-ordinate monitoring and evaluation of livelihood conservation initiatives in targeted PAs.		2018-2023				
			Sub-Total:			
2.2.1.1 Facilitate and conduct awareness, on livelihood options for each targeted PAs.	2.2.1 In the targeted PAs, customary landowners' economic livelihood initiatives are developed/ enhanced and supported by 2023.	2018-2023				
2.2.1.2 Manage the procurement of technical assistance from appropriate local and international organizations.		2018-2023				
2.2.1.3 Facilitate livelihood options with appropriate bodies/industry		2018-2023				
2.2.1.4 Facilitate the certification of livelihood products as premium prices, in partnership with other relevant agencies.		2018-2023				
			Sub-Total:			

2.2.2.1 Facilitate for Training Needs Assessment and Analysis of PA business management and marketing for each PAs	2.2.2. Candidates from targeted PAs are trained in business management, marketing and related initiatives linked to PA management by 2023	2018-2023	
2.2.2.2 Identify appropriate training providers		2018-2023	
2.2.2.3 Facilitate the identification of relevant candidates each from the targeted PAs.		2018-2023	
2.2.2.4 Facilitate training and follow-up by relevant Government Agency or private entity that specialise in business, marketing, basic science/ monitoring, tour guiding, paralegal skills, basic book keeping, business, hospitality and certification standard requirements		2018-2023	
	Sub-Total:		
3.1.1.1 Ratify Nagoya Protocol.	3.1.1. Formulate ABS policy and legislation by 2020.	2018-2020	
3.1.1.2 Consultations with stakeholders to draft TOR in ABS Policy development.		2018-2020	
3.1.1.2 Participate in ABS Policy and Legislation plus Regulations consultations.		2018-2020	
	Sub-Total:		
3.1.2.1 Socialise the Policy and Legislation when in place with PAs management.	3.1.2 Conservation and ABS Agreements developed, formalized and operational in 84 locations by 2023	2018-2023	
3.1.2.2 Conduct public awareness (workshops/training) on access benefit sharing outlining Opportunities and Risks.		2018-2023	
3.1.2.3 Assist in the development of ABS agreements with PIC (Prior Informed Consent), IPR Intellectual Property Rights) respected e.g. access to genetic resources, customary knowledge.		2018-2023	
3.1.2.4 Assist communities to define parties' roles, rights and responsibilities within ABS agreements.		2018-2023	
3.1.2.5 Develop and document conflict resolution procedures.		2018-2023	
	Sub Total:		
	Grand-Total:		

GOAL NO. 3: EFFECTIVE AND ADAPTIVE BIODIVERSITY MANAGEMENT

1. Implementation Framework
2. Implementation Schedule
3. Monitoring and Evaluation Framework

IMPLEMENTATION FRAMEWORK

Goal No. 3: Effective and adaptive Biodiversity Management that supports the network and ensures that the values of the Protected Areas are maintained to the highest possible extent

Objective 3 - To ensure effective and adaptive biodiversity management supports the Protected Area Network			
Targets	Actions to be taken	Measurable indicators	Responsible / Support organization
Strategy 1.1 - Develop and implement Policies for biodiversity management planning, monitoring and reporting.			
1.1.1 Regular monitoring and reporting of Biodiversity Conservation activities of all PAs by 2020	<p>1.1.1.1 Conduct management effectiveness assessment of PAs as required.</p> <p>1.1.1.2 Monitor and report on the National Biodiversity Strategic Action Plan, in line with CBD reporting requirements and timeframe.</p> <p>1.1.1.3 Produce and submit National Reports to relevant MEAs/Regional & Bilateral (International Conventions and other obligations (CBD, CITES, RAMSAR), others as required.</p> <p>1.1.1.4 Update RAMSAR information sheets</p> <p>1.1.1.5 Produce and submit the National Report on the Cartagena Protocol (Biosafety).</p>	<p>All PAS METT scores PA Annual Report</p> <p>Monitoring Reports</p> <p>National Reports</p> <p>Updated RAMSAR Information Sheet</p> <p>National Report</p>	<p>CEPA UNDP, GEF4, GEF5, JICA/CEPA Management</p> <p>CEPA</p> <p>CEPA</p> <p>CEPA</p> <p>CEPA</p>
1.1.2 Biodiversity Conservation planning and monitoring Guidelines are established by 2020.	<p>1.1.2.1 Conduct Regional Workshops to consult with PAS/CCA Communities on species to be protected.</p> <p>1.1.2.2 Compile data from other stakeholders on different species.</p> <p>1.1.2.3 Finalize and submit the guidelines for NEC endorsement</p>	<p>Workshop Report; Number and Type of Species and habitat to be protected within each PAS/CCA within Management Plan.</p> <p>Target Conserved Species within database.</p> <p>Guidelines finalized, submitted, endorsed and adopted by NEC; Guidelines gazetted.</p> <p>Guidelines adopted by the PA Board</p>	<p>CEPA UNDP/GEF5/JICA, KI NGOs</p> <p>UNDP/GEF5/JICA, KI NGOs CEPA GovPNG PA Board</p>

<p>1.1.3 Species Management Plans developed for selected culturally important species (IUCN, CITES and PNG protected fauna) by 2023.</p>	<p>1.1.3.1 Conduct baseline study to find out what are culturally significant species</p> <p>1.1.3.2. Collate and update as relevant PNG important species including endemics, IUCN Red List of Threatened Species.</p> <p>1.1.3.3 Formulate Species Management Plans for selected culturally important species and species on the CITES</p> <p>1.1.3.4 Develop Species and Ecosystem Assessment Standards</p> <p>1.1.3.5 Produce Report on species and ecosystem assessments to CEPA.</p>	<p>Baseline Study Report on culturally significant species.</p> <p>Updated PNG IUCN Red List of Threatened Species.</p> <p>Number of Species Management Plans for selected culturally important species.</p> <p>Manual of Species and Ecosystem Assessment Standards</p> <p>Report on Species and Ecosystem Assessments</p>	<p>CEPA UNDP, GEF5, JICA, KI, USAID PA Management CEPA, UNDP, GEF5, JICA, KI, USAID, NGOs CEPA UNDP, GEF5, JICA, KI PA Management CEPA, LLGov/ProvGov GEF6 PA Management CEPA, LLGov/Prov Gov GEF6</p> <p>CEPA UNDP, GEF5, JICA, NGOs/ CBOs, Resource Sectors/ Development Partners, Academic Institutions, Dept. of Lands, LLGov CEPA, UNDP, GEF4, GEF5, JICA, KI, NGOs/ CBOS, Resource Sectors/Development Partners Academic Institutions, Dept. of Lands & Physical Planning CEPA, UNDP, GEF4, GEF5, JICA, KI, NGOs/ CBOS, Resource Sectors/Development Partners, Academic Institutions, Dept. of Lands & Physical Planning CEPA, LLG, Provincial Govts, UNDP, GEF4, GEF5, JICA, KI</p>
Strategy 1.2 - Effectively manage activities on Protected Areas including compatible development, recreation, research and traditional use			
<p>1.2.1 Participatory Land use/Zone and seascapes planning guidelines for Terrestrial/Narine Protected Areas is established by 2020</p>	<p>1.2.1.1 Collate PA information on social mapping, traditional governance systems, high conservation value (HCV) IUCN category and culturally significant species and ecosystems.</p> <p>1.2.1.2 Land use and seascapes lessons learnt recorded.</p>	<p>Inventory of all Protected Area Network</p> <p>PA Landuse Plans (YUS, Torelli, Managalas, Sogeri Plateau, IPZ) collated.</p>	<p>Guidelines endorsed and adopted by NEC and gazette.</p> <p>1.2.1.3 Develop participatory Land use/Zone (Ecosystem) and seascapes planning guidelines for Terrestrial/ Marine Protected Areas.</p> <p>1.2.1.4 Register all PAN Land-use and Seascapes Management Plans</p>

Goal No. 2: Effective and adaptive Biodiversity Management that supports the network and ensures that the values of the Protected Areas are maintained to the highest possible extent *Continued...*

Targets	Actions to be taken	Measurable indicators	Responsible / Support organization
Strategy 1.3 - Strengthen the monitoring and evaluation process for effective biodiversity management for each PA.			
1.3.1 Monitoring and evaluation process strengthened by 2018.	1.3.1.1 Conduct 4 Regional Workshops 1.3.1.2 Finalize the M & E process.	Number of regional workshops conducted; Workshop Reports; Number of participants M&E process finalized; Final Reports	CEPA UNDP, JICA, NGOs
1.3.2 Manual on the Protected Area Management effectiveness is developed by 2018	1.3.2.1 Develop Manual 1.3.2.2 Conduct working sessions to develop and workshop the Manual 1.3.2.3 Consolidate feedback and finalize Manual 1.3.2.4 Finalise Manual and draft NEC Submission 1.3.2.5 Submit Manual to the PA Board for its endorsement	Draft Manual Refined Manual from consultative working sessions Finalized version of Manual Level of documents/ preparations for NEC Manual endorsed by PA Board	CEPA, UNDP, JICA, GEF5, NGOs/ CBOs/ Resource Sectors/ De- velopment Partners/ Academic Institutions/ Government De- partments/Agencies at various levels of government CEPA
Objective 2 - To ensure that the values of the protected areas are maintained to the highest possible extent			
Strategy 2.1 - Encourage and support resource mobilization including human resource capacity building, finance, etc. and align on-going initiatives of Protected Area Management.			
2.1.1 Current Protected Areas resource requirements systematically documented through CEPA's Resource Mobilization Strategy by 2023.	2.1.1.1 Conduct 4 regional workshops to get inputs into the Mobilization Strategy 2.1.1.2 Finalise the Mobilization Strategy	Number of workshops conducted; Number of participants; Level of constructive inputs to the strategy Mobilization strategy finalized and endorsed	CEPA UNDP, JICA, NGOs, CBOs, Private Sector, Academia, Govt Agencies
2.1.2 Improve capacity of CEPA by 2023	2.1.2.1 Conduct Assessment of Capacity for CEPA	Assessment Report & Recommendations	CEPA/UNDP/JICA/ NGOs/ CBOs/Private sectors/ Academia/ Govt Agencies;

2.1.3 Improve capacity for Provincial Administrations, DDAs and LLGs by 2023.	2.1.3.1 Conduct assessment in 5 Provinces (PA, DDAs & LLGs) for targeted PAs	Assessment Report & Recommendations	Helia, Simbu, SHP, EHP, IBR, WCS, RCF, UoG, National Research and Academic Institutions
2.1.4 Improve capacity of national research and academic institutions by 2023.	2.1.4.1 Conduct assessment of national research and academic institutions	Assessment Report & Recommendations	
Strategy 2.2 - Promote merit-based Staff recruitment and training workshops			
2.2.1 A 5 year training plan for Protected Area Network (CEPA), 5 Provincial Administrations, DDAs, LLGs, National Research and Academic Institutions) developed by 2018	<p>2.2.1.1 Conduct National Training Needs Assessment (TNA) for PAN</p> <p>2.2.1.2 Prioritize training needs</p> <p>2.2.1.3 Solicit and secure funding for training and capacity building</p> <p>2.2.1.4 Identify and engage competent training providers to conduct competency based training for selected staff as per the NTNA</p> <p>2.2.1.5 Conduct training for selected staff</p>	<p>National Training Needs Assessment Report</p> <p>PAN Training Plan and Manual</p> <p>Funding secured for training</p> <p>Number of training institutions/providers identified and engaged;</p> <p>Level of competency based training provided</p> <p>Number of competency based trainings conducted</p>	CEPA UNDP/JICA/NGOs/ CBOs/Private sectors/ Academic institutions Helia, Chimbu, SHP, EHP, IBR, WCS, RCF, UoG National Research and Academic Institutions
Strategy 2.3 - Encourage and promote a nation-wide Protected Area Workforce Community guided by a common work place culture and values			
2.3.1 Workplace Code of Ethics and Principles developed by 2022	<p>2.3.1.1 Conduct 3 in-house workshops to develop the Code of Ethics and Principles</p> <p>2.3.1.2 Finalize the document and submit to the PAN Board for approval</p> <p>2.3.1.3 Implement the Workplace Code of Ethics and Principles</p>	<p>Number of in-house workshops conducted; Level of participation of staff members</p> <p>Approved Document; Approved Code of Ethics and Principles; Workplace Code of Ethics is upheld</p> <p>Number and types of penalties applicable to breach of the Workplace Code of Ethics and Principles</p>	CEPA UNDP/JICA/NGO/ Provincial Administrations/DDAs/LLGs/ NAQIA/DAL/Customs/ PNGFA/MRA/ Provincial Tourism Promotion Authority/ National Museum & Art Gallery/ Department of Community Development
2.3.2 Regulations on the appointment of Rangers for PAs developed and/or incorporated under the Protected Area Legislation by 2022	<p>2.3.2.1 Amend Fauna & Protection Control Act and develop Regulations for consultation</p> <p>2.3.2.2 Conduct consultative workshops and meetings on Amendments and Regulations</p> <p>2.3.2.3 Incorporate inputs from workshops, meetings and formal letters of Act and Regulations</p> <p>2.3.2.4 Submit Documents for PA Board endorsement on regulation</p> <p>2.3.2.5 Prepare Submissions with relevant documents NEC and Parliament</p>	Regulations developed	CEPA UNDP/JICA/NGO/ GEFF5, Provincial Administrations/ DDAs/ LLGs/NAQIA/DAL/ Customs/PNGFA/ MRA/State Solicitors Office/ Office of First Legislative Counsel/ PM&NEC/DPLGA

Goal No. 2: Effective and adaptive Biodiversity Management that supports the network and ensures that the values of the Protected Areas are maintained to the highest possible extent *Continued...*

Targets	Actions to be taken	Measurable indicators	Responsible / Support organization
2.3.3 Wildlife Rangers recruited in all provinces by 2022	2.3.3.1 Call for Expression of interest (EoI) & select successful applicants	Number of Successful applicants gazetted	CEPA, GEF5, GEF6, PA, DDA, LLGs & other agencies including NAQIA, DAL, Customs, PNGFA, MRA
Strategy 2.4 - Establish adaptive management systems which incorporate a good and shared understanding of natural and cultural values of Protected Areas			
2.4.1 A systematic integrated information system linking Protected Areas register developed by 2022	2.4.1.1 Develop an inventory for PAN 2.4.1.2 Contract a systems developer to create a PAN database 2.4.1.3 Submit a project proposal for developing PAN Inventory system 2.4.1.4 Secure funding and commence work on developing the PAN Inventory System 2.4.1.5 Update the PAN Inventory system on a regular basis	PAN Inventory developed A systems developer engaged; TOR for PAN system developed Project proposal; Number of potential sponsors Level of funding secured; Number of sponsors PAN Inventory system updated on a regular basis	CEPA, GEF5, GEF6, PA, DDA, LLGs & other agencies including NAQIA, DAL, Customs, PNGFA, MRA, Departments of National Planning and Treasury
Strategy 2.5 - Develop a robust information base to guide decision-making including a National Protected Areas and Proposals Database and a Reporting System			
2.5.1 A historical information management system developed for improved decision making by 2018	2.5.1.1 Develop an inventory for PAN 2.5.1.2 Contract a systems developer to create a PAN database 2.5.1.3 Develop a project proposal for developing PAN Inventory system 2.5.1.4 Secure funding and commence work on developing the PAN Inventory system 2.5.1.5 Update the PAN Inventory system on a regular basis	PAN historical information system A systems developer engaged; TOR for PAN Systems Developed Project Proposal Funding secured and accessed Up-to-date PAN Inventory	CEPA UNDP/JICA/NGO/ GEF4/ EMIS; Na- tional Research and Academic Institutions/ Provincial Administra- tions
2.5.2 A Dedicated documentation on traditional knowledge commenced by 2018	2.5.2.1 Develop an Inventory for existing and proposed traditional knowledge of PAN 2.5.2.2 Develop Registry of all PAN Management Plans 2.5.2.3 Conduct traditional knowledge documentations for 2 PAN pilot sites	Inventory of traditional knowledge of PAN Registry of Management Plans Number of Documentations for PAN pilot sites	CEPA UNDP/JICA/NGO/ CBOS/ Academic Institution/National Museum & Art Gallery
2.5.3 Conservation Priorities Map and information of PNG developed by 2018	2.5.3.1 Conduct Analysis & identification of Priority Biodiversity Areas in PNG	Maps & Reports finalized and endorsed by NEC / Parliament	CEPA UNDP PoW/PA

2.5.4 Biodiversity (species & ecosystems) Management System developed by 2018	2.5.4.1 Develop database, identify & access biodiversity data from institutions in PNG & overseas	Database developed and utilized; MOU on access to Biodiversity data from national and international institutions.	CEPA, UNDP/JICA/NGO/ CBOS/ Academic Institution/National Museum & Art Gallery
2.5.5 Register of existing and potential or /proposed Protected Areas developed by 2019	2.5.5.1 Develop an appropriate database for protected areas	PA Register of Protected Areas	
Strategy 2.6 - Promote planning as a process of adaptive management and an opportunity for building shared understanding			
2.6.1 All Protected Areas have Management Plans developed and operationalised by 2023	2.6.1.1 Develop PA Management Plans for all gazetted PAs	Number of PAs with Management Plans	CEPA, UNDP/JICA/NGO/CBOS
2.6.2 Management Advisory Group (MAG) established and functioning by 2018	2.6.2.1 Develop Regulation under the Protected Area Legislation on the establishment of MAG	Regulation endorsed by NEC & Parliament	CEPA, UNDP/JICA/NGO/CBO/ Academic Institutions/ Office of State Solicitor/Office of First Legislative Counsel/ PM&NEC
2.6.3 Roles and responsibilities including membership of both the PAN Board and the MAG clearly defined by 2018.	2.6.3.1 Develop Handbook on Roles and Responsibilities of MAG and PAN Board. 2.6.3.2 CEPA to nominate relevant Agencies to be members of the MAG 2.6.3.3 Develop TOR for the MAG 2.6.3.4 Submit nominated candidates to the PAN Board for approval	Handbook on Roles and Responsibilities of MAG and PAN Board Number of relevant Agencies on MAG TOR developed and finalized Number of nominees endorsed by the Minister as members of the MAG; PAN Board Decision giving approval for membership to the MAG	
2.6.4 Business Plans emanating from five (5) Protected Area Management Plans by 2018	2.6.4.1 Contract a competent Business Development Consultant to lead in PA Management Business Plan development 2.6.4.2 Conduct 4 regional workshops on PA Management Business Plan development 2.6.4.3 Submit Business Plan to the PAN Board for approval	PA Business development consultant engaged with clear TOR Number of Regional workshops conducted; Number of participants PAN Board Decision giving approval for the Business Plan	CEPA, UNDP/JICA/NGOS/ CBOS/ Private Sectors/ Academic Institutions
2.6.5 Fifteen to twenty (15 to 20) guidelines developed to guide sustainable use of resources by 2020	2.6.5.1 Contract a competent Consultant to lead in developing Guidelines for sustainable use of resources in PAs. 2.6.5.2 Conduct 4 Regional Workshops on Guidelines for sustainable use of resources in PAs. 2.6.5.3 Develop and finalize the Guidelines 2.6.5.4 Submit Guidelines for approval by PAN Board	Competent Consultant engaged with clear TOR. Number of Regional Workshops conducted. Number of participants. Number of Guidelines finalized.	CEPA, UNDP/JICA/NGOS/ CBOS/ Private Sectors/ Academic Institutions

Goal No. 2: Effective and adaptive Biodiversity Management that supports the network and ensures that the values of the Protected Areas are maintained to the highest possible extent *Continued...*

Targets	Actions to be taken	Measurable indicators	Responsible / Support organization
Strategy 2.7 - Promote creations of zones and Protected Areas in a unified manner			
2.7.1 Ten to twenty-five (10 to 25) zones and Protected Areas created in five (5) locations being guided by Management Planning Guidelines by 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2.7.1.1 Facilitate creation of zones and PAs in five (5) locations being guided by PA Management Planning Guidelines. 2.7.1.2 Develop an inventory of all PAN - both gazetted and proposed. 2.7.1.3 Develop Registry of all PAN Management Plans 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Number of zones and PA's created. Inventory of all PAN – both gazetted and proposed. Registry of all PAN Management Plans. 	CEPA/UNDP/JICA/CDDAs/LLGs/ NGOs/CBOs
Strategy 2.8 - Maintain and protect cultural values, natural landscapes and seascapes of PAs			
2.8.1 Twenty percent (20%) of Protected Areas boosted against effects of climate change and population growth by 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2.8.1.1 Facilitate identification and documentation of the effects of climate change and population growth on PAs - landscapes and seascapes. 2.8.1.2 Facilitate development of a practical Mitigation Plan outlining measure of intervention. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Report on the effects of climate change and population growth on PA's - landscapes and seascapes. Mitigation Plan 	CEPA/UNDP/JICA/CDDAs/LLGs/ NGOs/CBOs
2.8.2 Level of community resilience during natural and man-made disasters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2.8.2.1 Identify which communities are at most risk 2.8.2.2 Introduce appropriate mitigation measures to community members 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Number of communities identified Number and type of mitigation measures applied by number of communities 	CEPA/UNDP/JICA/CDDAs/LLGs/ NGOs/CBOs
Strategy 2.9 - Encourage and maintain an Asset Management System for the Protected Areas			
2.9.1 Establish Asset Management Systems for five (5) Protected Areas by 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2.9.1.1 Contract competent Asset Management System Specialist. 2.9.1.2 Design PA's Asset Management System. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Competent Consultant engaged with clear TOR. Asset Management System approved and operational. 	CEPA/UNDP/JICA/NGOs/CBOs/Private Sectors/Academic Institutions
2.9.2 Establish working status/ condition of plant/equipment and facilities in five (5) Protected Areas by 2020.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2.9.2.1 Conduct assessment of PAN assets and develop Asset Inventory. 2.9.2.2 Facilitate development of PAN Assets. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> PAN Assets Assessment Report and Recommendations. Asset Inventory 	CEPA/UNDP/JICA/NGOs/CBOs/Private sector/ Communities

IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE

Goal No. 3: Effective and adaptive Biodiversity Management that supports the network and ensures that the values of the Protected Areas are maintained to the highest possible extent.

Program: Effective and Adaptive Biodiversity Management

Strategies:

1. Develop and implement Policies for biodiversity management planning, monitoring and reporting
 2. Effectively manage activities on Protected Areas including compatible development, recreation, research and traditional use
 3. Strengthen the monitoring and evaluation process for effective biodiversity management for each PA
 4. Encourage and support resource mobilization including human resource capacity building, finance, etc. and align on-going initiatives of Protected Area Management
 5. Promote merit-based Staff recruitment and training workshops
 6. Encourage and promote a nation-wide Protected Area Workforce Community guided by a common work place culture and values
 7. Establish adaptive management systems which incorporate a good and shared understanding of natural and cultural values of Protected Areas
 8. Develop a robust information base to guide decision-making including a National Protected Areas and Proposals Database and a Reporting System
 9. Promote planning as a process of adaptive management and an opportunity for building shared understanding
 10. Promote creations of zones and Protected Areas in a unified manner
 11. Maintain and protect cultural values, natural landscapes and seascapes of PAs
 12. Encourage and maintain an asset management system for the Protected Areas

Project/Activities	2018				2019				2020				2021				2022				2023				2024				2025				2026-2028				Cost k'000	Funding Source	Action	Output Indicator
	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4								
1. Develop and implement Policies for biodiversity management planning, monitoring and reporting																																								
1.1.1.1 Conduct management effectiveness assessment of PAs as required.																																150	CEPA Operation/Capital Budgets; Donors	CEPA UNDP, GEF4, GEF5, JICA PA Management	All PAS METT scores PA Annual Report					
1.1.1.2 Monitor and report on the National Biodiversity Strategic Action Plan, in line with CBD reporting requirements and timeframe.																																800	Same as above	CEPA	Monitoring Reports					
1.1.1.3 Produce and submit National Reports to relevant MEAs/Regional & Bilateral (International Conventions and other obligations (CBD, CITES, RAMSAR), others as required.																																200	Same as above	Same as above	National Reports					

Goal No. 3: Effective and adaptive Biodiversity Management that supports the network and ensures that the values of the Protected Areas are maintained to the highest possible extent. *Continued...*

Project/Activities	2018				2019				2020				2021				2022				2023				2024				2025				2026-2028				Cost K'000	Funding Source	Action	Output Indicator
	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4								
1.1.1.4 Update RAMSAR information sheets																																130	Same as above	Same as above	Updated RAMSAR Information Sheet					
1.1.1.5 Produce and submit the National Report on the Cartagena Protocol (Biosafety).																																200	Same as above	Same as above	National Report					
1.1.1.6 Conduct Regional Workshops to consult with PAS/CCA Communities on species to be protected.																																700	CEPA Operation/Capital Budgets; Donors	CEPA UNDP/GEF5/ JICA, K NGOs	Workshop Report; Number and Type of Species and Habitat protected within each PAS/CCA within Management Plan.					
1.1.1.7 Compile data from other stakeholders on different species.																																100	Same as above	CEPA UNDP/GEF5/ JICA, K NGOs; Other Govt Agencies	Target Conserved Species within database.					
1.1.1.8 Finalize and submit the guidelines for NEC endorsement.																																100	CEPA Operation/Capital Budgets	PA Board	Guidelines finalized, submitted, endorsed and adopted by NEC; Guidelines gazette; Guidelines adopted by the PA Board					
1.1.1.9 Conduct baseline study to find out what are culturally significant species																																300	CEPA Operation/Capital Budgets; Donors	CEPA UNDP, GEF5, JICA, K, USAID	Baseline Study, Report on culturally significant species.					
1.1.1.10 Collate and update as relevant PNG important species including endemics, IUCN Red List of Threatened Species.																																100	Same as above	PA Management; CEPA, UNDP, GEF5, JICA, K, USAID, NGOs	Updated PNG IUCN Red List of Threatened Species					
1.1.1.11 Formulate Species Management Plans for selected culturally important species and species on the CITES																																80	Same as above	CEPA UNDP, GEF5, JICA, K	Number of Species Management Plans for selected culturally important species.					

Goal No. 3: Effective and adaptive Biodiversity Management that supports the network and ensures that the values of the Protected Areas are maintained to the highest possible extent. *Continued...*

4.1.3 Conduct Assessment of Capacity for CEPA		20	Same as above	CEPA UNDP, JICA NGOs/CBOs/ Private sectors/Academia/ Govt Agencies/ Helai Simbu /SHP/ EHP/ WCS, RCF, UoGIBR/ National Research and Academic Institutions	Assessment Reports completed and presented to relevant authorities; Recommendations in the Assessment Reports implemented		
4.1.4 Conduct assessment in 5 Provinces (PA, DDAs & LLGs) for targeted PAs		500	Same as above			Assessment Report and Recommendations	
4.1.5 Conduct assessment of national research and academic institutions		50	Same as above		Same as above	Assessment Report and Recommendations	
		Sub Total:		990			
5. Promote merit-based Staff recruitment and training workshops							
5.1.1 Conduct National Training Needs Assessment (TNA) for PAN		200	CEPA Operational/Capital Budgets; Donors;	CEPA UNDP, JICA NGOs/CBOs/ Private sectors/Academia/ Govt Agencies/ Helai Simbu /SHP/ EHP/ WCS, RCF, UoGIBR/ National Research and Academic Institutions	National Training Needs Assessment Report	PAN Training Plan and Manual	
5.1.2 Prioritize training needs		50	Provincial counterparts; Research Institutions/contributions				
5.1.3 Solicit and secure funding for training and capacity building		10	Same as above		Same as above	Funding secured for training	
5.1.4 Identify and engage competent training providers to conduct competency based training for selected staff as per the NTNAs		20	Same as above		Same as above	Number of providers identified and engaged Level of competency based training provided	
5.1.5 Conduct training for selected staff		150	Same as above		Same as above	Number of competency based trainings conducted	
		Sub Total:		430			

Goal No. 3: Effective and adaptive Biodiversity Management that supports the network and ensures that the values of the Protected Areas are maintained to the highest possible extent. *Continued...*

6.1.7 Submit documents for PA Board endorsement on Regulation		50	Same as above	Same as above	Regulation endorsed by PA Board
6.1.8 Prepare Submissions with relevant documents for NEC and Parliament		0.0	Same as above	Same as above	Regulation endorsed by NEC & passed by Parliament; NEC Decision Number
6.1.9 Call for Expression of Interest (EoI) & select successful applicants		20	Same as above	CEPA, PA, DDA, LLGs & other agencies including NAQIA, DA, Customs, PNGFA, MRA	Number of Successful applicants gazetted
		Sub Total:	395		
7. Establish adaptive management Systems which incorporate a good and shared understanding of natural and cultural values of Protected Areas					
7.1.1 Develop an inventory for PAN		70	CEPA Operational/Capital Budgets; Donors; Provincial counterparts; Research Institutions' contributions	CEPA UNDP/JICA/ NGO/ CBOs/ Academic Institution Departments of National Planning and Treasury	PAN Inventory developed
7.1.2 Contract a systems developer to create a PAN database		250		A Systems developer engaged; TOR for PAN system developer	
7.1.3 Submit a project proposal for developing PAN Inventory system		30		Project proposal; Number of potential sponsors	
7.1.4 Secure funding and commence work on developing the PAN Inventory system		0.0		Same as above Level of funding secured;	
7.1.5 Update the PAN Inventory system on a regular basis		100	CEPA Operational and Capital Budgets; Donors	Number sponsors PAN Inventory System updated on a regular basis	
		Sub Total:	450		
8. Develop a robust information base to guide decision-making including a National Protected Areas and Proposals Database and a Reporting System					
8.1.1 Develop an inventory for PAN		50	CEPA Operations/Capital Budgets; EMIS;	CEPA UNDP/JICA/ NGO/GEF4/ EMIS;	PAN historical information system

Goal No. 3: Effective and adaptive Biodiversity Management that supports the network and ensures that the values of the Protected Areas are maintained to the highest possible extent. *Continued...*

MONITORING AND EVALUATION FRAMEWORK

Goal No. 3: Effective and adaptive Biodiversity Management that supports the network and ensures that the values of the Protected Areas are maintained to the highest possible extent

Program: Effective and Adaptive Biodiversity Management

Objectives:

1. To ensure effective and adaptive biodiversity management supports the Protected Area Network
2. To ensure that the values of the protected areas are maintained to the highest possible extent

Projects/ Activities	Targets	Time Frame	Appropriation K'000	Expenditure to Date	Current Status	Comments/Recommendations
1.1.1.1 Conduct management effectiveness assessment of PAs as required.	1.1.1 Regular monitoring and reporting Biodiversity of Conservation activities of all PAs by 2020	2018-2020				
1.1.1.2 Monitor and report on the National Biodiversity Strategic Action Plan, in line with CBD reporting requirements and timeframe		2018-2020				
1.1.1.3 Produce and submit National Reports to relevant MEA/Regional & Bilateral (International Conventions and other obligations (CBD, CITES, RAMSAR), others as required.		2018-2020				
1.1.1.4 Update RAMSAR information sheets		2018-2020				
1.1.1.5 Produce and submit the National Report on the Cartagena Protocol (Biosafety).		2018-2020				
Sub-Total:						
1.1.2.1 Conduct Regional Workshops to consult with PAS/CCA Communities on species to be protected.	1.1.2 Biodiversity Conservation planning and monitoring Guidelines are established by 2020	2018-2020				
1.1.2.2 Compile data from other Stakeholders on different species.	1.1.2 Biodiversity Conservation planning and monitoring Guidelines are established by 2020...	2018-2020				
1.1.2.3 Finalize and submit the guidelines for NEC endorsement.		2018-2020				
Sub-Total:						
1.1.3.1 Conduct baseline study to find out what are culturally significant species	1.1.3 Species Management Plans developed for Selected Culturally important species (IUCN, CITES and PNG protected fauna) by 2023	2018-2023				
1.1.3.2 Collate and update as relevant PNG important species including endemics, IUCN Red List of Threatened Species		2018-2023				

1.1.3.3 Formulate Species Management Plans for selected culturally important species and species on the CITES	2018-2023		
1.1.3.4 Develop Species and Ecosystem Assessment Standards	2018-2023		
1.1.3.5 Produce Report on Species and ecosystem assessments to CEPA	2018-2023		
		Sub-Total:	
1.2.1.1 Collate PA information on social mapping, traditional governance systems, high conservation value (HCV) IUCN category and culturally significant species and ecosystems.	1.2.1.2 Land use and seascape lessons learnt recorded.	1.2.1.3 Develop participatory Land use/ Zone (Ecosystem) and seascape planning guidelines for Terrestrial/ Marine Protected Areas.	1.2.1.4 Register all PAN Land-use and Seascape Management Plans.
2018-2020	2018-2020	2018-2020	2018-2020
1.3.1.1 Conduct 4 regional workshops	1.3.1.2 Finalize them M & E process	1.3.1 Monitoring and evaluation process strengthened by 2018	2018
1.3.2.1 Develop Manual	1.3.2.2 Conduct working sessions to develop and workshop the Manual	1.3.2.3 Consolidate feedback and finalise Manual	1.3.2.4 Finalize Manual and draft NEC Submission
1.3.2.5 Submit Manual to the PA Board for its endorsement	1.3.2.6 Submit the NEC Submission		
1.3.3.1 Recruit competent personnel	1.3.3.2 Conduct assessment of PAs Management and funding capacity and report findings to CEPA	1.3.3 Current Protected Areas in PNG are evaluated by 2018 (GEF4)	2018
		Sub-Total:	

Goal No. 3: Effective and adaptive Biodiversity Management that supports the network and ensures the values of the Protected Areas are maintained to the highest extent *Continued...*

Projects/ Activities	Targets	Time Frame	Appropriation K'000	Expenditure to Date	Current Status	Comments/Recommendations
2.1.1.1 Conduct 4 regional workshops to get inputs into the Mobilization strategy	2.1.1 Current Protected Areas resource requirements systematically documented through CEPA's Resource Mobilization Strategy by 2023	2018-2023				
2.1.1.2 Finalize the Mobilization strategy		2018-2023				
2.1.2.1 Conduct Assessment of Capacity for CEPA	2.1.2 Improve capacity of CEPA by 2023	2018-2023				
	Sub-Total:					
2.1.3.1 Conduct Assessment in 5 Provinces (PA, DDAs & LLGs), for targeted PAs	2.1.3 Improve capacity for Provincial Administrations, DDAs and LLGs by 2023	2018-2023				
	Sub-Total:					
2.1.4.1 Conduct assessment of national research and academic institutions	2.1.4 Improve capacity of national research and academic institutions by 2023.	2018-2023				
	Sub-Total:					
2.2.1.1 Conduct National Training Needs Assessment (NTNA) for PAN	2.2.1 A 5 year training plan for Protected Area Network (CEPA, at least 5 Provincial Administrations, DDAs, LLGs), National Research and Academic Institutions developed by 2018	2018				
2.2.1.2 Prioritize training needs		2018				
2.2.1.3 Solicit and secure funding for training and capacity building		2018				
2.2.1.4 Identify and engage competent training providers to conduct competency based training for selected staff as per the NTNA		2018				
2.2.1.5 Conduct training for selected staff		2018				
	Sub-Total:					
2.3.1.1 Conduct 3 in-house workshops to develop the Code of Ethics and Principles	2.3.1 Workplace Code of Ethics and Principles developed by 2022	2018-2022				
2.3.1.2 Finalize the document and submit to the PAN Board for approval		2018-2022				
2.3.1.3 Implement the Workplace Code of Ethics and Principles		2018-2022				
	Sub-Total:					

2.3.2.1 Amend Fauna & Protection Control Act and develop Regulations for consultation	2.3.2 Regulations on the appointment of Rangers for PAs developed and/or incorporated under the Protected Area Legislation by 2022	2018-2022		
2.3.2.2 Conduct consultative workshops and meetings on Amendments and Regulations		2018-2022		
2.3.2.3 Incorporate inputs from workshops, meetings and formal letters of Act and Regulations		2018-2022		
2.3.2.4 Submit documents for PA Board endorsement on Regulation		2018-2022		
2.3.2.5 Prepare Submissions with relevant documents for NEC and Parliament		2018-2022		
	Sub-Total:			
2.3.3.1 Call for Expression of Interest (EoI) & select successful applicants	2.3.3 Wildlife Rangers recruited in all provinces by 2022	2018-2022		
	Sub-Total:			
2.4.1.1 Develop an inventory for PAN	2.4.1 A systematic integrated information system linking Protected Areas Register developed by 2022	2018-2022		
2.4.1.2 Contract a systems developer to create a PAN database		2018-2022		
2.4.1.3 Submit a project proposal for developing PAN Inventory system		2018-2022		
2.4.1.4 Secure funding and commence work on developing the PAN Inventory system		2018-2022		
2.4.1.5 Update the PAN Inventory system on a regular basis		2018-2022		
	Sub-Total:			
2.5.1.1 Develop an inventory for PAN	2.5.1 A historical information management system developed for improved decision making by 2018	2018		
2.5.1.2 Contract a systems developer to create a PAN database		2018		
2.5.1.3 Develop a project proposal for developing PAN Inventory system		2018		
2.5.1.4 Secure funding and commence work on developing the PAN Inventory system		2018		
2.5.1.5 Update the PAN Inventory system on a regular basis		2018		
	Sub-Total:			

Goal No. 3: Effective and adaptive Biodiversity Management that supports the network and ensures the values of the Protected Areas are maintained to the highest extent *Continued...*

Projects/ Activities	Targets	Time Frame	Appropriation K000	Expenditure to Date	Current Status	Comments/Recommendations
2.5.2.1 Develop an Inventory for existing and proposed traditional knowledge of PAN	2.5.2 A Dedicated documentation on traditional knowledge commenced by 2018	2018				
2.5.2.2 Develop Registry of all PAN Management Plans		2018				
2.5.2.3 Conduct traditional knowledge documentations for 2 PAN pilot sites		2018				
				Sub-Total:		
2.5.3.1 Conduct Analysis & Identification of Priority Biodiversity Areas in PNG	2.5.3 Conservation Priorities Map and information of PNG developed by 2018	2018				
2.5.4.1 Develop database, Identify & access biodiversity data from institutions in PNG & overseas	2.5.4 Biodiversity (species & ecosystems) Management System developed by 2018	2018		Sub-Total:		
2.5.5.1 Develop an appropriate database for protected areas	2.5.5 Register of existing and potential or /proposed Protected Areas developed by 2019	2018		Sub-Total:		
2.6.1.1 Develop PA Management Plans for all gazetted PAs	2.6.1 All Protected Areas have Management Plans developed and operationalised by 2023	2018-2023		Sub-Total:		
2.6.2.1 Develop Regulation under the Protected Area Legislation on the establishment of MAG	2.6.2 Management Advisory Group (MAG) established and functioning by 2018	2018		Sub-Total:		
2.6.3.1 Develop Handbook on Roles and Responsibilities of MAG and PAN Board	2.6.3 Roles and responsibilities including membership of both PAN Board and MAG clearly defined by 2018	2018				
2.6.3.2 CEPA to nominate respective agencies to be members of the MAG		2018				
2.6.3.3 Develop TOR for the MAG		2018				
2.6.3.4 Submit nominated candidates to the PAN Board for approval		2018		Sub-Total:		
2.6.4.1 Contract a competent Business Development Consultant to lead in PA Management Business Plan development	2.6.4 Business Plans emanating from five (5) Protected Area Management Plans by 2018	2018				

2.6.4.2 Conduct 4 regional workshops on PA Management Business Plan development	2018		
2.6.4.3 Submit business plan to the PAN Board for approval	2018		
		Sub-Total:	
2.6.5.1 Contract a competent Consultant to lead in developing Guidelines for sustainable use of resources in PAS	2018-2020	2.6.5 Fifteen to twenty (15 to 20) guidelines developed to guide sustainable use of resources by 2020	2018-2020
2.6.5.2 Conduct 4 regional workshops on Guidelines for sustainable use of resources in PAS	2018-2020		
2.6.5.3 Develop and finalize the guidelines	2018-2020		
2.6.5.4 Submit guidelines for approval by PAN Board	2018-2020		
		Sub-Total:	
2.7.1.1 Facilitate creation of zones and PAs in five (5) locations been guided by PA Management Planning Guidelines	2018-2020	2.7.1 Ten to twenty-five (Ten to 25) zones and Protected Areas created in five (five) locations been guided by Management Planning Guidelines by 2020	2018-2020
2.7.1.2 Develop an Inventory of all PAN - both gazetted and proposed	2018-2020		
2.7.1.3 Develop Registry of all PAN Management Plans	2018-2020		
		Sub-Total:	
2.8.1.1 Facilitate identification and documentation of the effects of climate change and population growth on PAs - landscapes and seascapes.	2018-2020	2.8.1 Twenty percent (20%) of Protected Areas boosted against effects of climate change or population growth by 2020	2018-2020
2.8.1.2 Facilitate development of a practical Mitigation Plan outlining measure of intervention.	2018-2020		
		Sub-Total:	

Goal No. 3: Effective and adaptive Biodiversity Management that supports the network and ensures the values of the Protected Areas are maintained to the highest extent *Continued...*

Projects/ Activities	Targets	Time Frame	Appropriation K'000	Expenditure to Date	Current Status	Comments/Recommendations
2.8.2.1 Identify which communities are at most risk	2.8.2 Level of community resilience during natural and man-made disasters	2018-2020				
2.8.2.2 Introduce appropriate mitigation measures to community members		2018-2020				
				Sub-Total:		
2.9.1.1 Contract competent Asset Management System Specialist	2.9.1 Establish asset management systems for five (5) Protected Areas by 2020	2018-2020				
2.9.1.2 Design PA's Asset Management System		2018-2020				
				Sub-Total:		
2.9.2.1 Conduct assessment of PAN assets and develop Asset inventory.	2.9.2 Establish working status/ condition of plant/ equipment and facilities in five (5) Protected Areas by 2020.	2018-2020				
2.9.2.2 Facilitate development of PAN Assets.		2018-2020				
				Sub Total:		
				Grand Total:		

IMPLEMENTATION FRAMEWORK

Goal No.4: Protected Areas Network that is relevant to the PNG people, protects the diversity of life, landscapes and seascapes and forms a well - connected, adequate and resilient system.

Objective 1 – To develop, enhance and manage a PNG Protected Areas Network that is relevant to the local communities and landscape, protects the diversity of life and forms a well connected and resilient system

Targets	Actions to be taken	Measurable Indicators	Responsible/Support Organization
Strategy 1.1 Establish a PNG Protected Area Network according to the guiding principles and the range of reserve types outlined in the PNG Policy on Protected Areas			
1.1.1 PNG Protected Areas Network strengthened by 2026	1.1.1.1 Conduct review of current Protected Area Network every 3 years 1.1.1.2 Review and update the current protected area database 1.1.1.3 Develop a standard procedure and data input manual for PAN data-base 1.1.1.4 Develop a standard guideline for protected areas 1.1.1.5 Upgrade and arrange PA types in the PA Network groupings into various classes drawing from local to international examples and best practices.	A status report of current Protected Area Network in PNG Database Review Report Standard procedure and data input manual. Standard Guideline Developed Report on Upgrading of PA Types.	CEPA/UNDP/JICA/ NGOs/CBOs/Private Sector/ Academia/Govt Agencies EHP, IBR, WCS, RCF, UoG National Research
Strategy 1.2 Strengthen research initiatives and or collaborations (partnerships) in biodiversity information			
1.2.1 20% increase in research partnerships entered into between CEPA and other partners by 2026	1.2.1.1 Review current research guidelines and align with new PA legislation. 1.2.1.2 Review screening process of research proposals on biodiversity and address loopholes. 1.2.1.3 Invite communities to participate in screening process as part of research protocols. 1.2.1.4 Take lead on biodiversity research and collaborate with NRI & Dept. of Foreign Affairs as part of reviewing research guidelines. 1.2.1.5 Facilitate development of Biodiversity Research Policy and ensure it has provincial linkages. 1.2.1.6 Review and collate existing and proposed scientific data/information relevant to Biodiversity conservation research initiatives. 1.2.1.7 Conduct educational awareness of protected areas in communities based on their priorities 1.2.1.8 Identify research needs, and research institutions and register all research requiring CEPA signoff.	Current Research Guidelines Review Report. Screening process of research proposals Review Report Number of communities participating	CEPA/UNDP/JICA/ NGOs/CBOs/Private sectors/ Academia/Govt Agencies IBR, WCS, RCF, UoG National Research, Academic Institutions, PA Communities.

Goal No.4: Protected Areas Network that is relevant to the PNG people, protects the diversity of life, landscapes and seascapes and forms a well - connected, adequate and resilient system.

Targets	Actions to be taken	Measurable Indicators	Responsible/Support Organization
Strategy 1.3 Establish a relevant, comprehensive, adequate, representative and resilient (CARR) PNG Protected Area Network according to the range of reserve types and network design principles established in the PNG Policy on Protected Areas			
1.3.1 A relevant, comprehensive, adequate, representative and resilient PNG Protected Area Network is established by 2026	1.3.1.1 Conduct assessment on the range of reserve types and network design principles established in the PNG Policy on Protected Areas 1.3.1.2 Present assessment reports to relevant authorities for their endorsement 1.3.1.3 Implement recommendations of the assessment reports	Assessment reports completed with recommendations Recommendations of the Assessment Reports endorsed by various authorities Various Key Recommendations implemented	CEPA/UNDP/JICA/ NGOs/CBOs/Private sectors/ Academia/Govt Agencies, IBR, WCS, RCF, UoG National Research, Academic Institutions, PA Communities
Strategy 1.4 Ensure a smooth transition from the 2014 Protected Area types to the updated Network, with no loss of values			
1.4.1 Reclassification of existing PAs into the new PA types as per PA Policy by 2020	1.4.1.1 Conduct consultations with the communities on recommendations for reclassification 1.4.1.2 Develop/update management plans for selected Protected Areas	Consultation Report PA Management Plan developed/updated	CEPA/UNDP/JICA/ NGOs/CBOs/Private sectors/ Academia/Govt Agencies, PA Communities
Strategy 1.5 Promote and encourage PA/CCA Communities' participation			
1.5.1 20 % of PA/CCA (GEF 5, KI and New Britain Island) Community representatives identified and trained by 2020.	1.5.1.1 Conduct PA training needs assessment 1.5.1.2 Identify PA/CCA Community representatives for training 1.5.1.3 Conduct training	TNA Report Number of PA/CCA Community representatives identified. Number of PA/CCA Community representatives trained.	CEPA/UNDP/JICA/ NGOs/CBOs/Private sectors/ Academia/Govt Agencies, PA Communities
1.5.2 Sustainable livelihoods needs (KI) assessed and tools developed (for development documented) by 2020	1.5.2.1 Develop workplan for sustainable livelihoods assessment 1.5.2.2 Identify and engage competent personnel to conduct assessment 1.5.2.3 Conduct needs assessment	All relevant activities captured in workplan Competent personnel engaged with clear TOR Needs Assessment Report	CEPA/UNDP/JICA/ NGOs/CBOs/Private sectors/ Academia/Govt Agencies, PA Communities
Strategy 1.6 Improve and strengthen PAS/CCA communities networking			
1.6.1 20% of PAS/CCA communities networks established and/or strengthened throughout PNG by 2020	1.6.1.1 Mobilize, establish and or strengthen PA Networks (both national and transnational) 1.6.1.2 Review governance options for PAS with high participatory process and incorporated engagement of Protected Areas/CCA communities 1.6.1.3 Create a standard template/procedure for Protected Areas/CCA communities engagement process & Toolkit development facilitated by Wide Bay Conservation Association	Number of networks established and/or strengthened. Number of positive consultations Number of prioritized options for gaps identified Community Engagement Toolkit for PNG developed and piloted on New Britain	CEPA/UNDP/JICA/ NGOs/CBOs/Private sectors/ Academia/Govt Agencies, PA Communities

Strategy 1.7 Mobilise support among various PA/CCA community Networks to establish an "Overarching Organization" to manage various Networks			
1.7.1 An "Overarching Organization" established by 2023	1.7.1.1 Facilitate effective networking of PA/CCA communities to solicit consensus and agreement 1.7.1.2 Register organization with IPA and IRC	Number of PA/CCA communities with signed consent MoUs; Number of Sites implementation plans developed Functional Overarching Organization registered with IPA and IRC	CEPA/UNDP/JICA/ NGOs/CBOs/Private sectors/ Academia/Govt Agencies, PA Communities
Strategy 1.8 Empower PA/CCA communities with skills and knowledge to participate effectively in managing protected areas			
1.8.1 Five (5) trainings conducted per location per year by 2026	1.8.1.1 Assess capacity and training needs of PA/CCA communities 1.8.1.2 Identify training providers to conduct training 1.8.1.3 Secure funds and conduct training 1.8.1.4 Provide the tools, capacity-building and networks to enable local communities to map their customary use of biodiversity at the local level	Training Needs Assessment Reports Number of training providers identified and engaged Level of funding secured Level and types of support provided to local communities	CEPA/UNDP/JICA/ NGOs/CBOs/Private sectors/ Academia/Govt Agencies, PA Communities
Objective 2- To develop and maintain a Protected Areas Proposal database of potential priority sites for PNG Protected Areas			
Strategy 2.1 Establish and/or integrate a PNG Biodiversity Information system for PNG PAN			
2.1.1 Develop and Integrate Biodiversity Information System by 2026	2.1.1.1 Review all existing data bases including but not limited to PiN Bio and NBIS using the principles set out in the PA Policy 2.1.1.2 Usage Agreement with the PNG Forest Authority and the access and sharing of biodiversity data.	Review Report Number of priority areas becoming pilot sites integrating other forms of collaboration between proxy PAs (comprehensive, effectively managed and ecologically representative)	CEPA/UNDP/JICA/ NGOs/CBOs/Private sectors/ Academia/Govt Agencies, PA Communities
2.1.2 A well established and effective data standard criterion for inputting data is developed by 2020	2.1.2.1 Standardize all relevant datasets 2.1.2.2 Ensure compliance of PA Regulations for biodiversity information. 2.1.2.3 CEPA to formulate format from research inputs to enhance biodiversity information.	Standardize database in existence; Database showing key areas been mapped out Number of persons/ research organization not complying to PA regulations Research Format established	CEPA/UNDP/JICA/ NGOs/CBOs/Private sectors/ Academia/Govt Agencies, PA Communities
2.1.3 Priority conservation targets and priority conservation areas (Ecological Gap Analysis) are identified by 2020	2.1.3.1 Conduct site specific survey for validation 2.1.3.2 Identify and map key areas for biodiversity with comparisons to update existing PAs.	Survey Report Report on Key areas for biodiversity identified and mapped.	CEPA/UNDP/JICA/ NGOs/CBOs/Private sectors/ Academia/Govt Agencies, PA Communities

IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE

Goal No. 4: Protected Areas Network that is relevant to the PNG people, protects the diversity of life, landscapes and seascapes and forms a well - connected, adequate and resilient system.

Program: Managing a relevant PNG Protected Area Network

Strategies:

1. Establish a PNG Protected Area Network according to the guiding principles and the range of reserve types outlined in the PNG Policy on Protected Areas
 2. Strengthen research initiatives and or collaborations (partnerships) in biodiversity information
 3. Establish a relevant, comprehensive, adequate, representative and resilient (CARR) PNG Protected Area Network according to the range of reserve types and network design principles established in the PNG Policy on Protected Areas
 4. Ensure a smooth transition from the 2014 Protected Area types to the updated Network, with no loss of values
 5. Promote and encourage PA/CCA communities' participation
 6. Improve and strengthen PA/CCA communities networking
 7. Mobilize support among various PA/CCA Communities Networks to establish an "Overarching Organization" to manage various Networks
 8. Empower PA/CCA communities with skills and knowledge to participate effectively in managing protected areas
 9. Establish and/or integrate a PNG Biodiversity Information system for PNG PAN

Project/Activities	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025-2026	2027-2028	Cost K'000	Funding Souce	Action	Output Indicator			
1 Establish a PNG Protected Area Network according to the guiding principles and the range of reserve types outlined in the PNG Policy on Protected Areas																
1.1.1.1.1 Conduct review of concurrent Protected Area Network every 3 years										540	CEPA/UNDP/JICA/NGOs/CBOs/Private Sector/Academia/Govt Agencies		A status report of current Protected Area Network in PNG			
1.1.1.1.2 Review and update the current protected area database										420	Provincial Admins; Research Organisations	EHP, IBR, WCS, RCF, UoG	Database Report	Review		
1.1.1.1.3 Develop a standard procedure and data input requirement for PAN database										60	National	Re-search	Standard procedure and data input manual			
1.1.1.1.4 Develop a standard guideline for protected areas										70	Same as above	Same as above	Standard Guideline developed			

GOAL NO. 4: Protected Areas Network that is relevant to the PNG people, protects the diversity of life, landscapes and seascapes and forms a well - connected, adequate and resilient system. *Continued...*

5. Promote and encourage PA/CCA Communities' participation									
5.1.1 Conduct PA training needs assessment			20	CEPA Operation/Capital Budgets; JICA/NGOs/ CBOs/ Private Sectors; Private Donors; Private Sponsors; Provincial Admins; Research Organizations	CEPA/UNDP/ JICA/NGOs/ CBOs/ Private Sectors /Academic/ Govt Agencies; PA Communities	CEPA/UNDP/ JICA/NGOs/ CBOs/ Private Sectors; Private Donors; Private Sponsors; Provincial Admins; Research Organizations	CEPA/UNDP/ JICA/NGOs/ CBOs/ Private Sectors; Private Donors; Private Sponsors; Provincial Admins; Research Organizations	TNA Report	
5.1.2 Identify PA/CCA Community representatives for training		0.0		Number of PA/CCA Community representatives identified	Number of PA/CCA Community representatives identified				
5.1.3 Conduct training		800							
5.1.4 Develop workplan for sustainable livelihoods assessment		3	Same above	Same as above	All relevant activities captured in workplan				
5.1.5 Identify and engage competent personnel to conduct assessment		150	Same above	Same as above	Competent personnel engaged with clear TOR				
5.1.6 Conduct needs assessment		80	Same above	Same as above	Needs Assessment Report				
Sub Total:									
1,053									
6. Improve and strengthen PA/CCA Communities' networking									
6.1.1 Mobilize, establish and/or strengthen networks (national and transnational)		150	CEPA Operation/Capital Budgets; JICA/NGOs/ CBOs/ Private Sectors; Private Donors; Private Sponsors; Provincial Admins; Research Organizations	CEPA Operation/Capital Budgets; JICA/NGOs/ CBOs/ Private Sectors; Private Donors; Private Sponsors; Provincial Admins; Research Organizations	Number of networks established and/or strengthened; Number of positive consultations	CEPA Operation/Capital Budgets; JICA/NGOs/ CBOs/ Private Sectors; Private Donors; Private Sponsors; Provincial Admins; Research Organizations	CEPA Operation/Capital Budgets; JICA/NGOs/ CBOs/ Private Sectors; Private Donors; Private Sponsors; Provincial Admins; Research Organizations	Community Engagement Toolkit for PNG developed and piloted on New Britain	
6.1.2 Review governance options for PAs with high participatory process and incorporated engagement of Protected Areas/ CCA communities		40	Same above	Same as above	Number of prioritized options for gaps identified				
6.1.3 Create a standard template/ procedure for Protected Areas/CCA communities' engagement process & Toolkit development facilitated by Wide Bay Conservation Association		30	Same above	Same as above	Community Engagement Toolkit for PNG developed and piloted on New Britain				
Sub Total:									
220									

GOAL NO. 4: Protected Areas Network that is relevant to the PNG people, protects the diversity of life, landscapes and seascapes and forms a well - connected, adequate and resilient system. *Continued..*

Project/Activities	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025-2026	2027-2028	Cost K'000	Funding Souce	Action	Output Indicator
7. Mobilise support among various PA/CCA Community Networks to establish an "Overarching Organization" to manage various Networks													
7.1.1 Facilitate effective networking of PA/CCA Communities to solicit consensus and agreement										200	CEPA Operation/Capital Budgets; Donors; Private sponsors; Provincial Admins; Research Organizations	CEPA/UNDP/JICA/NGOs/ CBOs/ Private sectors /Academia/ Govt Agencies; PA Communities	Number of PA/CCA communities with signed MOUs; Number of sites implementation plans developed
7.1.2 Register organization with IPA and IRC										20	Same as above	Same as above	Functional Overarching Organization registered with IPA and IRC
												Sub Total:	220
8. Empower PA/CCA Communities with skills and knowledge to participate effectively in managing protected areas													
8.1.1 Assess capacity and training needs of PA/CCA Communities										30	CEPA Operation/Capital Budgets; Donors; Private sponsors; Provincial Admins; Research Organizations	CEPA/UNDP/JICA/NGOs/ CBOs/ Private sectors /Academia/ Govt Agencies; PA Communities	Training Needs Assessment Reports
8.1.2 Identify training providers to conduct training										250			Number of training providers identified and engaged
8.1.3 Secure funds and conduct training										3000			Level of funding secured
8.1.4 Provide the tools, capacity-building and networks to enable local communities to map their customary use of biodiversity at the local level										100	Same above	Same as above	Level and types of support provided to local communities
												Sub Total:	3,380

9.1.1 Review all existing data bases including but not limited to PiN Bio and NBIS using the principles set out in the PA Policy	9.1.2 Usage Agreement with the PNG Forest Authority and the access and sharing of biodiversity data.	9.1.3 Standardize all relevant datasets	9.1.4 Ensure compliance of PA Regulations for biodiversity information.	9.1.5 CEPA to formulate format from research inputs to enhance biodiversity information.	9.1.6 Identify and map key areas for biodiversity with comparisons to update existing PAs.	9.1.7 Conduct site specific survey for validation	50	CEPA Operation/Capital Budgets; CBOs/ Donors; Private sector / Academic/ Sponsors; Provincial Agencies;	CEPA/UNDP/JICA/NGOs/ Private sectors / Academic/ Govt Agencies;	Review Report				
							40	PA Admins; Research Organizations	Community	Number of priority areas becoming pilot sites integrating other forms of collaboration between proxy PAS (comprehensive, effectively managed and ecologically representative)				
							150	Same above	Same as above	Standardize database in existence; Database showing keys areas been mapped out				
							100	Same above	Same as above	Number of persons/ organization complying to PA regulations				
							0.0	Same above	Same as above	Research established				
							900	Same above	Same as above	Report on Key areas for biodiversity identified and mapped				
							200	Same above	Same as above	Survey Report				
										Sub Total:	1,440			
										GRAND-TOTAL:	8,248			

MONITORING AND EVALUATION FRAMEWORK

Goal No. 4: Protected Areas Network that is relevant to the PNG people, protects the diversity of life, landscapes and seascapes and forms a well-connected, adequate and resilient system.

Program: Managing a relevant PNG Protected Area Network

Objectives:

1. To develop, enhance and manage a PNG Protected Areas Network that is relevant to the local communities and landscape, protects the diversity of life and forms a well-connected and resilient system
2. To develop and maintain a Protected Areas Proposal database of potential priority sites for PNG Protected Areas

Projects/ Activities	Targets	Time Frame	Appropriation K'000	Expenditure to Date	Current Status	Comments/Recommendations
1.1.1.1 Conduct review of current Protected Area Network every 3 years	1.1.1 PNG Protected Areas Network strengthened by 2026	2018-2026				
1.1.1.2 Review and update the current protected area database		2018-2026				
1.1.1.3 Develop a standard procedure and data input manual for PAN database		2018-2026				
1.1.1.4 Develop a standard guideline for protected areas		2018-2026				
1.1.1.5 Upgrade and arrange PA types in the PA Network groupings into various classes drawing from local to international examples and best practices.		2018-2026				
Sub-Total:						
1.2.1.1 Review current research guidelines and align with new PA legislation.	1.2.1 20% increase in research partnerships entered into between CEPA and other partners by 2026	2018-2026				
1.2.1.2 Review screening process of research proposals on biodiversity and address loopholes.		2018-2026				
1.2.1.3 Invite communities to participate in screening process as part of research protocols.	1.2.1 20% increase in research partnerships entered into between CEPA and other partners by 2026	2018-2026				
1.2.1.4 Take lead on biodiversity research and collaborate with NRI & Dept. of Foreign Affairs as part of reviewing research guidelines		2018-2026				
1.2.1.5 Facilitate development of Biodiversity Research Policy and ensure it has provincial linkages		2018-2026				

1.2.1.6 Review and collate existing and proposed scientific data/information relevant to Biodiversity conservation research initiatives	2018-2026		
1.2.1.7 Conduct educational awareness of protected areas in communities based on their priorities	2018-2026		
1.2.1.8 Identify research needs, and research institutions and register all research requiring CEPA signoff	2018-2026		
		Sub-Total:	
1.3.1.1 Conduct assessment on the range of reserve types and network design principles established in the PNG Policy on Protected Areas	1.3.1.2 Present assessment reports to relevant authorities for their endorsement	1.3.1.3 Implement recommendations of the assessment reports	2018-2026
			2018-2026
		Sub-Total:	
1.4.1.1 Conduct consultations with the communities on recommendations for reclassification	1.4.1.2 Develop/ update management plans for selected Protected Areas	1.4.1.3 Implement recommendations of the assessment reports	2018-2020
			2018-2022
		Sub-Total:	
1.5.1.1 Conduct PA training needs assessment	1.5.1.2 Identify PA/CCA Community representatives for training	1.5.1.3 Conduct training	2018-2020
			2018-2020
		Sub-Total:	

GOAL NO. 4: Protected Areas Network that is relevant to the PNG people, protects the diversity of life, landscapes and seascapes and forms a well-connected, adequate and resilient system. *Continued...*

Projects/ Activities	Targets	Time Frame	Appropriation K'000	Expenditure to Date	Current Status	Comments/Recommendations
1.5.2.1 Develop workplan for needs assessment	1.5.2 Sustainable livelihoods needs (K) assessed and tools developed (for development documented) by 2020.	2018-2020				
1.5.2.2 Identify and engage competent personnel to conduct assessment		2018-2020				
1.5.2.3 Conduct needs assessment		2018-2020				
	Sub-Total:					
1.6.1.1 Mobilize, establish and or strengthen PA networks (both national and trans-national)	1.6.1 20% of PAs/CCA Communities' networks established and/or strengthened throughout PNG by 2020.	2018-2020				
1.6.1.2 Review governance options for PAs with high participatory process and incorporated engagement of Protected Areas/ CCA communities		2018-2020				
1.6.1.3 Create a standard template/procedure for Protected Areas/CCA communities' engagement process & Toolkit development facilitated by Wide Bay Conservation Association		2018-2020				
	Sub-Total:					
1.7.1.1 Facilitate effective networking of PA/CCA communities to solicit consensus and agreement	1.7.1 An "Overarching Organization" established by 2023.	2018-2023				
1.7.1.2 Register organization with IPA and IRC		2018-2023				
	Sub-Total:					
1.8.1.1 Assess capacity and training needs of PA/CCA communities	1.8.1 Five (5) trainings conducted per location per year by 2026.	2018-2026				
1.8.1.2 Identify training providers to conduct training		2018-2026				
1.8.1.3 Secure funds and conduct training		2018-2026				
1.8.1.4 Provide the tools, capacity-building and networks to enable local communities to map their customary use of biodiversity at the local level.						
	Sub-Total:					

2.1.1.1 Review all existing data bases including but not limited to PIN Bio and NBIS using the principles set out in the Policy	2.1.1 Develop and integrate Biodiversity Information System by 2026.	2018-2026	
2.1.1.2 Usage Agreement with the PNG Forest Authority and the access and sharing of biodiversity data.		2018-2026	
			Sub-Total:
2.1.2.1 Standardize all relevant datasets	2.1.2 A well established and effective data standard criterion for inputting data is developed by 2026	2018-2026	
2.1.2.2 Ensure compliance of PA Regulations for biodiversity information.		2018-2026	
2.1.2.3 CEPA to formulate format from research inputs to enhance biodiversity information.		2018-2026	
2.1.2.4 Identify and map key areas for biodiversity with comparisons to update existing PAs		2018-2026	
			Sub-Total:
2.1.3.1 Conduct site specific survey for validation	2.1.3 Priority conservation targets and priority conservation areas (Ecological Gap Analysis) are identified by 2020	2018-2026	
			Sub-Total:
			Grand Total:

IMPLEMENTATION FRAMEWORK

Goal No.5: Sustainable and equitable financing facility supports the Protected Area Network and established Protected Areas.

Objective 1 - To establish a Biodiversity Trust Fund to support the establishment and management of Protected Areas across PNG		Measurable Indicators	Responsible/Support Organization
Targets	Actions to be taken	Strategy 1.1 Establish and promote a funding facility that will sustain the management of Protected Areas in the long term.	
Strategy 1.1 Establish and promote a funding facility that will sustain the management of Protected Areas in the long term.			
1.1.1 Biodiversity Trust Fund consultations initiated by 2018	1.1.1.1 Identify sites of global significance to sell to donors etc. 1.1.1.2 Allocate PA into categories e.g. global, national and local significance etc, and identify PAs that require funding 1.1.1.3 Allocate sustainable financing to local Protected Areas 1.1.1.4 Initiate Stakeholder consultations (donor, developing partners and Philanthropy Organizations) 1.1.2 Biodiversity Trust Fund Bill submitted to NEC by September 2018 1.1.3 Trust Fund Bill goes to Parliament for approval by November 2018 1.1.4 Biodiversity Trust Fund established and operational by 2019	Number of sites identified Number of PAs allocated into 10 Global Significance, 25 National and 22 Local categories. Level of funding allocated to local PAs considered as sustainable Number of consultations conducted; Number of Meetings/ Workshops held and Outcome Reports Biodiversity Trust Fund Legislations; NEC Submission; Parliamentary Statement Copies of Trust Fund Bill; NEC Submission; Parliamentary Statement	CEPA, DJAG, Treasury, PMNEC, BPNG, All relevant Government Department/ Agencies, Industry, Private Sector, Donors, NGOs CEPA, DJAG, PMNEC, DoT and BPNG, All relevant Government Department/ Agencies CEPA, State Solicitors Office, Department of Attorney General CEPA, State Solicitors Office, DJAG, BPNG, Departments of Treasury, Finance, DPLGA, Provincial Governments, Development Partners, NGOs
1.2.1 20% increase in Small Grants funding directly to local PA communities by 2019	1.2.1.1 Operationalize Small Grant facility 1.2.1.2 Operationalize the Biodiversity Trust Fund	Number of grantees; Volume of funds disbursed; Quarterly Reports.	CEPA, State Solicitors Office, DJAG, BPNG, Departments of Treasury, Finance, DPLGA, Provincial Governments, Development Partners, NGOs

Strategy 1.3 Utilize existing financing options to fund Protected Areas' initiatives

1.3.1 20 % increase in the number of financing options currently available by 2019	1.3.1.1 Develop database to capture all financing options and assess their viability	Database developed; Funding Gaps identified	CEPA, Departments of Finance, Treasury and National Planning & Monitoring
1.3.2 Carbon Trading Funding to be accessed by 2019	1.3.1.2 Incorporate requirements of Protected Areas into annual budgets 1.3.2.1 Initiate Consultation with UNDP/GEF	Annual Budgetary appropriations Number of consultations conducted	CEPA, CCDA, Prov. Govts/ Development Partners/ NGOs
1.3.3 Environmental levies collected by 2018	1.3.3.1 Commence consultations with relevant industries and entities 1.3.3.2 Develop draft trust instrument on how funds will be dispersed	Number of consultations conducted Trust Instruments developed and approved by NEC; Certified Trust Deeds	CEPA, MRA, CCDA, NFA, DJAG, NMSA, Departments of Treasury and Finance
Objective 2 - To ensure a sustainable and equitable funding mechanism is established to support the PNG Protected Areas			
Strategy 2.1 Mobilize support among stakeholders including various Landowners' Networks to establish a Biodiversity Trust Fund			
2.1.1 Biodiversity Trust Fund consultations initiated by 2018	2.1.1.1 Incorporate requirements of the management of Protected Areas and PA Network into annual budgets 2.1.1.2 Outline and define the scope for funding of Protected Areas and the Application Process 2.1.1.3 Identify existing potential financing sources to kick-start the Trust Fund 2.1.1.4 Conduct stakeholders' consultation 2.1.1.5 Develop the Governance and Management Structure of the Trust Fund, including the Benefit Sharing & Distribution System	Number of sites identified; Level of budget allocations Scope for funding clearly outlined and defined; Application process clearly defined Existing potential financing sources identified Consultation reports	CEPA, Departments of Finance & Treasury/DPLLG/ Prov.Govts/Donors/Developing Partners/ NGOs
2.1.2 Biodiversity Trust Fund Bill presented to cabinet by June 2018	2.1.2.1 Draft Biodiversity Trust Fund Bill 2.1.2.2 Carry out stakeholder consultation on the draft Trust Fund Bill	Governance and Management Structure of Trust Fund established Biodiversity Trust Fund Legislations drafted and submitted to NEC; Parliamentary Statement Consultation Reports; Number of consultations conducted	CEPA, State Solicitors Office, Department of Attorney General, First Legislative Council, Departments of Treasury and Finance, BPNG
2.1.3 NEC approval of Trust Fund Bill by August 2018	2.1.3.1 Present submissions together with Draft Bill and Drafting Instructions	NEC Decision approving establishment of Biodiversity Trust Fund	CEPA, State Solicitors Office, Department of Attorney General
2.1.4 Biodiversity Trust Fund established by 2019	2.1.4.1 Advertise and recruit competent personnel to manage the Trust Fund 2.1.4.2 Operationalize the Biodiversity Trust Fund.	Governance and Management Structure (Independent Board/ CEPA board) of the Trust Fund is set up and operational. Secretariat established; Number of staff recruited.	CEPA, State Solicitors Office, Department of Attorney General, BPNG, Departments of Treasury, Finance, DPM, DPGLA, Provincial Governments, Donors, Development Partners, NGOs

Goal No.5: Sustainable and equitable financing facility supports the Protected Area Continued...

Objective 3. To ensure all Development Plans and Annual Budgets capture requirements of Protected Areas.			
Targets	Actions to be taken	Measurable Indicators	Responsible/Support Organization
Strategy 3.1 Mobilise support at all levels of government to incorporate requirements of Protected Areas into their Strategic Planning and Budgeting initiatives.			
3.1.1 All development plans to factor in the requirements of Protected Areas by 2019.	3.1.1.1 Facilitate to ensure that PA Bill captures and makes it mandatory for Provincial and District Authorities to incorporate requirements of Protected Areas into their development plans.	Annual budgets reflecting Protected Areas share of funding.	CEPA/DNPM/Finance & Treasury/DPLLG/Prov. Govts/Donors/Developing Partners/NGOs
3.1.2 All budgets at national and sub-national levels to include appropriations for Protected Areas by 2019.	3.1.2.1 Conduct awareness on the significance of Protected Areas and their required funding.	MOUs/MOAs signed between partners.	CEPA/DNPM/Finance & Treasury/DPLLG/Prov. Govts/Donors/Developing Partners/NGOs
Objective 4. To promote and encourage alternative sources of income generation for the land owners within PAs.			
Strategy 4.1 Capacity Building, empowerment of communities and resource mobilization.			
4.1.1 One hundred and twenty (120) awareness activities and trainings conducted in 60 PAs by 2019.	4.1.1.1 Conduct training needs assessment of target groups and financial beneficiaries. 4.1.1.2 Conduct training for project stakeholders on PA management approaches, identifying values and threats and develop action plans 4.1.1.3 Assist DDA's to solicit funding from provincial and national governments to implement the plan 4.1.1.4 Identify opportunities for NGOs, CSOs and private sector in policy discussion on PA management and sustainable resources use 4.1.1.5 Review and update training handbook on PA management strategy	Training Needs Plan developed (Gap knowledge Training materials/Syllabus). Number of trainings conducted; Number of persons trained Level of funding secured from Provincial/ National Governments Level of participation from NGOs, CBOs and Private sector in policy discussions PA Management Plan reviewed (meeting minutes/reports/etc)	CEPA, Prov. Govts, LLGs, NGOs, Industries & others CEPA, Industry, NDB Other Stakeholders
4.1.2 One hundred and twenty (120) alternate employment opportunities identified and trialed in 60 communities by 2021.	4.1.2.1 Identify potential employment opportunities in the target community and develop action plan . 4.1.2.2 Recruit and train project beneficiaries as Conservation Wardens (Porters/guides) and Community Liaison Officers 4.1.2.3 Engage competent consultants or service providers to train PA/ project beneficiaries identified above.	Number of project beneficiaries trained and working as Conservation Wardens and Community Liaison Officers Number of competent consultants or service providers conducting training.	CEPA,Department of National Planning, Dept of Agriculture & Livestock, TPA, NFA, PNGFA, Development Partners NGOs, PA Communities
4.1.3 One hundred and twenty (120) community projects implemented in 60 locations by 2021	4.1.3.1 Conduct baseline study to assess viability of potential socio-economic activities in the project/PA site. 4.1.3.2 Identify and document potential community projects in the target community and develop their project proposals (for example, eaglewood, crocodile farming, eco-tourism, carving, fish farming, poultry, etc)	Baseline study completed; Number of potential socio- economic activities identified as viable Number of potential community projects identified and their project proposals developed.	CEPA,Department of National Planning, Dept of Agriculture & Livestock, TPA, NFA, PNGFA, Development Partners NGOs, PA Communities

4.1.3.3 Submit and secure funding from potential sponsors for various project proposals.

4.1.3.4 Access funding and implement project activities.

4.1.3.5 Monitor and report on progress of project activities.

Level of funding secured from number of potential sponsors.

Proportion of funding accessed and expanded on project activities.

Frequency of monitoring activities; Progress of implementation project activities

4.1.4 One hundred and twenty (120) communities' self - reliant projects identified and implemented in 60 locations by 2021.	4.1.4.1 Carry out inventory on options for self - reliant livelihood projects 4.1.4.2 Identify market options and Implement self - reliant livelihood projects	Inventory Report	CEPA, Provincial Govt, District Authority, LLG, NGOs, Industry (e.g. NBPPOL)
4.1.5 Increase in the proportion of external financial resources accessed by 60 PAs.	4.1.5.1 Identify and document external financial resources to be accessed by project beneficiaries 4.1.5.2 Provide assistance to project beneficiaries to develop project proposals to access external financial resources. 4.1.5.3 Secure micro-financing opportunities for community members within PAs. 4.1.5.4 Conduct training in financial management for interested members of communities	Number of Markets identified and types of livelihood projects implemented Number of external financial resources identified and documented Level of assistance provided to beneficiaries; Number of proposals finalized and submitted for potential funding Level of micro-financing opportunities secured; Number of community members benefiting from these opportunities Number of trainings conducted; Number of community members benefiting from this training	CEPA; UPNG, PAU, Bina-tang Research Institute, SPREP, National & International Consultants, Development Partners, NGO's
4.2.1 One hundred and twenty (120) collaborative research activities conducted in 60 PAs by 2021.	4.2.1.1 Establish a good communication network with permit issuing authorities (CEPA, NRI, Provincial Authorities) 4.2.1.2 Develop collaborative research programs Agreements (MoU/MoA). 4.2.1.3 Advertise and secure research opportunities to interested research institutions. 4.2.1.4 Engage interested research institutions to undertake research in PAs. 4.2.1.5 Advertise PA inventory tasks and contract competent consultant to review and update PAs in PNG.	Communication network developed Number of MoU/MoA binding agreements Number and types of research opportunities advertised and secured Number of research institutions expressing interest and engaged. PA inventory reviewed and updated.	CEPA, UPNG, PAU Bina-tang Research Institute, SPREP, National & International Consultants, NGOs & Industry
4.3.1 Traditional knowledge and sustainable cultural uses documented for 60 PAs by 2024.	4.3.1.1 Engage experts to conduct traditional knowledge and practices studies in target communities/PAs 4.3.1.2 Document traditional ecological knowledge and sustainable cultural uses. 4.3.1.3 Advertise for publication companies/consultants to research and publish research documents.	Number of studies conducted in number of communities; Available Report on comprehensive ecological studies. Number of documents featuring traditional ecological knowledge and sustainable cultural uses Number of publications containing traditional ecological knowledge and sustainable cultural uses	CEPA, UPNG, PAU, Bina-tang Research Institute, SPREP, National & International Consultants, NGO's and Industry

Strategy 4.2 Develop and implement collaborative research programs involving non-government organizations, industry, education sector and customary landowners.

4.2.1 One hundred and twenty (120) collaborative research activities conducted in 60 PAs by 2021.	4.2.1.1 Establish a good communication network with permit issuing authorities (CEPA, NRI, Provincial Authorities) 4.2.1.2 Develop collaborative research programs Agreements (MoU/MoA). 4.2.1.3 Advertise and secure research opportunities to interested research institutions. 4.2.1.4 Engage interested research institutions to undertake research in PAs. 4.2.1.5 Advertise PA inventory tasks and contract competent consultant to review and update PAs in PNG.	Communication network developed Number of MoU/MoA binding agreements Number and types of research opportunities advertised and secured Number of research institutions expressing interest and engaged. PA inventory reviewed and updated.	CEPA, UPNG, PAU Bina-tang Research Institute, SPREP, National & International Consultants, NGOs and Industry
Strategy 4.3 Improved understanding of Traditional Ecological Knowledge and sustainable cultural uses and practices and the incorporation of this knowledge into Protected Area planning and management			
4.3.1 Traditional knowledge and sustainable cultural uses documented for 60 PAs by 2024.	4.3.1.1 Engage experts to conduct traditional knowledge and practices studies in target communities/PAs 4.3.1.2 Document traditional ecological knowledge and sustainable cultural uses. 4.3.1.3 Advertise for publication companies/consultants to research and publish research documents.	Number of studies conducted in number of communities; Available Report on comprehensive ecological studies. Number of documents featuring traditional ecological knowledge and sustainable cultural uses Number of publications containing traditional ecological knowledge and sustainable cultural uses	CEPA, UPNG, PAU, Bina-tang Research Institute, SPREP, National & International Consultants, NGO's and Industry

Goal No.5: Sustainable and equitable financing facility supports the Protected Area *Continued...*

Targets	Actions to be taken	Measurable Indicators	Responsible/Support Organization
4.3.2 Traditional ecological & sustainable cultural practice based protected area planning/management implemented in 60 PAS by 2025.	4.3.2.1 Conduct community participatory and awareness for traditional ecological and cultural practices. 4.3.2.2 Develop management plans in consultation with local communities and LLGs/District representatives. 4.3.2.3 Assist local communities/PA beneficiaries to develop Management Plans.	Number of community participatory and awareness conducted Number of consultations conducted with local communities and LLGs/District representatives Number of management plans developed, endorsed and funded; Number of projects funded from the Management Plans	CEPA, UPNG, PAU, Bina-tang Research Institute, SPREP, National & International Consultants, NGO's and Industry

IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE

Goal No. 5: Sustainable and equitable financing facility supports the Protected Area Network and established Protected Areas.

Program: Sustainable and Equitable Financing Facility

Strategies:

1. Establish and promote a funding facility that will sustain the management of Protected Areas in the long term
2. Establish Small Grant facility to deliver funding directly to support local communities in the establishment and management of Protected Areas
3. Utilize existing financing options to fund Protected Areas' initiatives
4. Mobilise support among stakeholders including various Landowners' Networks to establish a Biodiversity Trust Fund
5. Mobilise support at all levels of government to incorporate requirements of Protected Areas into their Strategic Planning and Budgeting initiatives
6. Capacity Building, empowerment of communities and resource mobilization
7. Develop and implement collaborative research programs involving non-government organizations, industry, education sector and customary landowners
8. Improved understanding of Traditional Ecological knowledge and sustainable cultural uses and practices and the incorporation of this knowledge into Protected Area planning and management

Goal No.5: Sustainable and equitable financing facility supports the Protected Area

Project/Activities	2018				2019				2020				2021				2022				2023				2024				2025				2026-2028				Cost K'000	Funding Source	Action Organization	Output Indicator
	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4								
1. Establish and promote a funding facility that will sustain the management of Protected Areas in the long term																																								
1.1.1.1 Identify sites of global significance to sell to donors etc.																																								
1.1.1.2 Allocate PA into categories e.g. global, national and local significance etc, and identify PAs that require funding																																								
1.1.1.3 Allocate sustainable financing to local Protected Areas																																								
1.1.1.4 Initiate Stakeholder consultations (donor, developing partners and Philanthropy Organizations)																																								
1.1.1.5 Draft and submit NEC Submissions together with Draft Bill and Drafting Instructions																																								
1.1.1.6 Present submissions at Parliament.																																								

Goal No.5: Sustainable and equitable financing facility supports the Protected Area *Continued...*

Goal No.5: Sustainable and equitable financing facility supports the Protected Area *Continued...*

Project/Activities	2018				2019				2020				2021				2022				2023				2024				2025				2026-2028				Cost K'000	Funding Source	Action Organization	Output Indicator
	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4								
4.1.1.2 Outline and define the scope for funding of Protected Areas and the Application Process																																								
4.1.1.3 Identify existing potential financing sources to kick-start the Trust Fund																																								
4.1.1.4 Conduct stakeholders consultation																																								
4.1.1.5 Develop the Governance and Management Structure of the Trust Fund, including the Benefit Sharing & Distribution System																																								
4.1.1.6 Draft Biodiversity Trust Fund Bill																																								
4.1.1.7 Carry out stakeholder consultation on the draft Trust Fund Bill																																								
4.1.1.8 Present submissions together with Draft Bill and Drafting Instructions																																								
4.1.1.9 1 Advertise and recruit competent personnel to manage the Trust Fund																																								

Goal No.5: Sustainable and equitable financing facility supports the Protected Area *Continued...*

Project/Activities	2018			2019			2020			2021			2022			2023			2024			2025			2026-2028			Cost K'000	Funding Source	Action Organization	Output Indicator
	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4			
6.1.1.4 Identify opportunities for NGOs, CSOs and private sector in policy discussion on PA management and sustainable resources use																															
6.1.1.5 Review and update training handbook on PA management strategy																															
6.1.1.6 Identify potential employment opportunities in the target community and develop action plan																															
6.1.1.7 Recruit and train project beneficiaries as Conservation Wardens (Porters/guides) and Community Liaison Officers																															
6.1.1.8 Engage competent consultants or service providers to train PA/ project beneficiaries identified above																															
6.1.1.9 Conduct baseline study to assess viability of potential socio-economic activities in the project/PA site																															

6.1.1.10 Identify and document potential projects in the target community and develop their project proposals (for example, eaglewood, crocodile farming, eco-tourism, carving, fish farming, poultry, etc)						
6.1.1.11 Submit and secure funding from potential sponsors for various project proposals		100	Same as above	Same as above	Number of potential community projects identified and their project proposals developed	
6.1.1.12 Access funding and implement project activities		700	Same as above	Same as above	Level of funding secured from number of potential sponsors	
6.1.1.13 Monitor and report on progress of project activities		300	Same as above	Same as above	Proportion of funding accessed and expanded on project activities	
6.1.1.14 Carry out inventory on options for self - reliant livelihood projects		150	Same as above	CEPA, Provincial Govt, District Authority, LLG, NGOs, Industry (e.g. NBPOL)	Frequency of monitoring activities; Progress of implementation project activities	Inventory Report
6.1.1.15 Identify market options and Implement self - reliant livelihood projects		350	Same as above	CEPA, Provincial Govt, District Authority, LLG, NGOs, Industry (e.g. NBPOL)	Number of Markets identified and types of livelihood projects implemented	
6.1.1.16 Identify and document external financial resources to be accessed by project beneficiaries		100	Same as above	CEPA, UPNG, PAU, Binatang Research Institute, SPREP, National & International Consultants, Development Partners, NGO's	Number of external financial resources identified and documented	
6.1.1.17 Provide assistance to project beneficiaries to develop project proposals to access external financial resources		150	Same as above	Same as above	Level of assistance provided to beneficiaries; Number of proposals finalized and submitted for potential funding	

Goal No.5: Sustainable and equitable financing facility supports the ProtectedArea *Continued....*

MONITORING AND EVALUATION FRAMEWORK

Goal No. 5: Sustainable and equitable financing facility supports the Protected Area Network and established Protected Areas

Program: Sustainable and Equitable Financing Facility

Objectives:

1. To establish a Biodiversity Trust Fund to support the establishment and management of Protected Areas across PNG
2. To ensure a sustainable and equitable funding mechanism is established to support the PNG Protected Areas
3. To ensure all Development Plans and Annual Budgets capture requirements of Protected Areas
4. To promote and encourage alternative sources of income generation for the land owners within PAs

Projects / Activities	Targets	Time Frame	Appropriation	Expenditure to date	Current Status	Comments / Recommendations
1.1.1.1 Identify sites of global significance to sell to donors etc.	1.1.1 Biodiversity Trust Fund consultations initiated by 2018	2018				
1.1.1.2 Allocate PA into categories e.g. global, national and local significance etc, and identify PAs that require funding		2018				
1.1.1.3 Allocate sustainable financing to local Protected Areas		2018				
1.1.1.4 Initiate Stakeholder consultations (donor, developing partners and Philanthropy Organizations)		2018				
			Sub Total:			
1.1.2.1 Draft and submit NEC Submissions together with Draft Bill and Drafting Instructions	1.1.2 Biodiversity Trust Fund Bill submitted to NEC by September 2018	2018				
			Sub Total:			
1.1.3.1 Present submissions to Parliament	1.1.3 Trust Fund Bill goes to Parliament for approval by November 2018	2018				
			Sub Total:			

1.1.4.1 Develop the Governance and Management Structure	1.1.4. Biodiversity Trust Fund established and operational by 2019	2018 - 2019		
1.1.4.2 Establish a Secretariat as an interim arrangement to establish permanent management and governance structure for the Trust Fund	1.1.4. Biodiversity Trust Fund established and operational by 2019. Continue..	2018 - 2019		
1.1.4.3 Develop structure of the Trust Fund		2018 - 2019		
1.1.4.4 Advertise and recruit competent personnel to manage the Trust Fund/ independent Body		2018 - 2019		
1.1.4.5 Operationalize the Biodiversity Trust Fund		2018 - 2019		
	Sub Total:			
1.2.1.1 Operationalize Small Grant facility	1.2.1 20% increase in Small Grants funding directly to local PA communities by 2019	2018 - 2019		
	Sub Total:			
1.3.1.1 Develop database to capture all financing options and assess their viability	1.3.1 20 % increase in the number of financing options currently available by 2019	2018 - 2019		
1.3.1.2 Incorporate requirements of Protected Areas into annual budgets		2018 - 2019		
	Sub Total:			
1.1.7.1 Initiate consultations with UNDP/ GEF	1.3.2 Carbon Trading Funding to be assessed by 2019	2018 - 2019		
	Sub Total:			
1.3.3.1 Commence consultations with relevant industries and entities	1.3.3 Environmental levies collected by 2018	2018		
1.3.3.2 Develop draft instrument on how funds will be dispersed		2018		
	Sub Total:			

GOAL NO. 5: Sustainable and equitable financing facility supports the Protected Area Network and established Protected Areas. *Continued...*

Projects / Activities	Targets	Time Frame	Appropriation	Expenditure to date	Current Status	Comments / Recommendations
2.1.1.1 Incorporate requirements of the management of Protected Areas and PA Network into annual budgets	2.1.1 Biodiversity Trust Fund consultations initiated by 2018	2018				
2.1.1.2 Outline and define the scope for funding of Protected Areas and the Application Process		2018				
2.1.1.3 Identify existing potential financing sources to kick-start the Trust Fund		2018				
2.1.1.4 Conduct stakeholders' consultation		2018				
2.1.1.5 Develop the Governance and Management Structure of the Trust Fund, including the Benefit Sharing & Distribution System		2018				
			Sub Total:			
2.1.2.1 Draft Biodiversity Trust Fund Bill	2.1.2 Biodiversity Trust Fund Bill presented to cabinet by June 2018	2018				
2.1.2.2 Carry out stakeholder consultation on the draft Trust Fund Bill						
			Sub Total:			
2.1.3.1 Present submissions together with Draft Bill and Drafting Instructions	2.1.3 NEC approval of Trust Fund Bill by August 2018	2018				
			Sub Total:			
2.1.4.1 Advertise and recruit competent personnel to manage the Trust Fund	2.1.4 Biodiversity Trust Fund established by 2019	2018 - 2019				
2.1.4.2 Operationalize the Biodiversity Trust Fund		2018 - 2019				
			Sub Total:			
3.1.1.1 Facilitate to ensure that PA Bill captures and makes it mandatory for Provincial and District Authorities to incorporate requirements of Protected Areas into their development plans	3.1.1 All development plans to factor in the requirements of Protected Areas by 2019	2018 - 2019				
			Sub Total:			

3.1.2.1 Conduct awareness on the significance of Protected Areas and their required funding	3.1.2 All budgets at national and sub-national levels to include appropriations for Protected Areas by 2019.	2018 - 2019		
4.1.1.1 Conduct training needs assessment of target groups and financial beneficiaries	4.1.1 One hundred and twenty (120) awareness activities and trainings conducted in 60 PAs by 2019.	2018 - 2019		Sub Total:
4.1.1.2 Conduct training for project stakeholders on PA management approaches, identifying values and threats and develop action plans		2018 - 2019		
4.1.1.3 Assist DDAs to solicit funding from provincial and national governments to implement the plan		2018 - 2019		
4.1.1.4 Identify opportunities for NGOs, CSOs and private sector in policy discussion on PA management and sustainable resources use		2018 - 2019		
4.1.1.5 Review and update training handbook on PA management strategy		2018 - 2019		
			Sub Total:	
4.1.2.1 Identify potential employment opportunities in the target community and develop action plan	4.1.2 One hundred and twenty (120) alternate employment opportunities identified and trialed in 60 communities by 2021.	2018 - 2021		
4.1.2.2 Recruit and train project beneficiaries as Conservation Wardens (Porters/guides) and Community Liaison Officers		2018 - 2021		
4.1.2.3 Engage competent consultants or service providers to train PAV project beneficiaries identified above		2018 - 2021		
			Sub Total:	

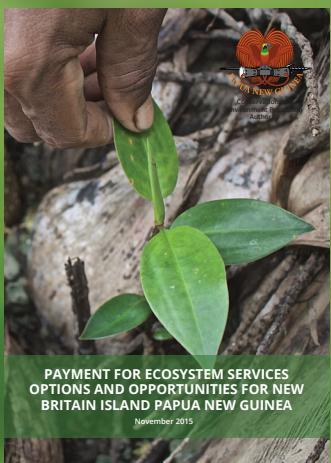
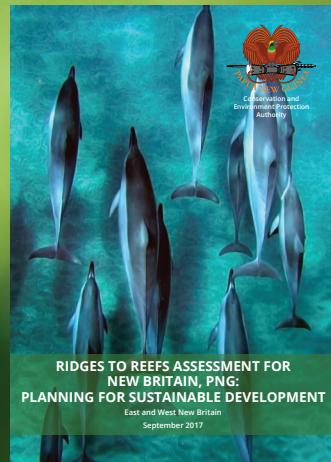
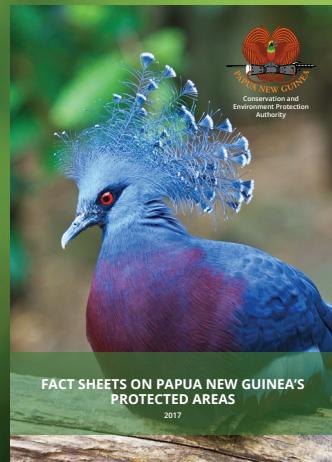
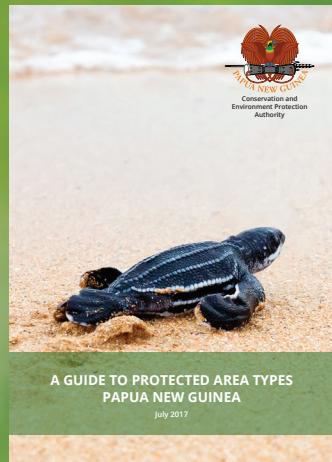
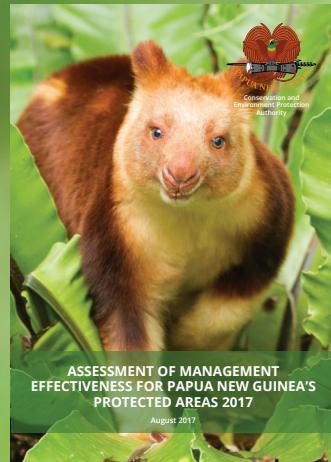
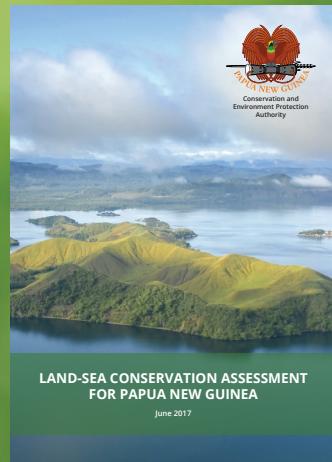
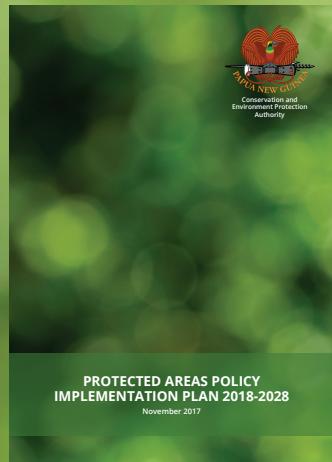
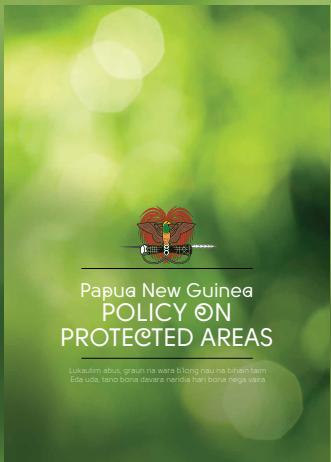
GOAL NO. 5: Sustainable and equitable financing facility supports the Protected Area Network and established Protected Areas. *Continued...*

Projects / Activities	Targets	Time Frame	Appropriation	Expenditure to date	Current Status	Comments / Recommendations
4.1.3.1 Conduct baseline study to assess viability of potential socio-economic activities in the project/PA site	4.1.3 One hundred and twenty (120) community projects implemented in 60 locations by 2021	2018 - 2021				
4.1.3.2 Identify and document potential community projects in the target community and develop their project proposals (for example, eaglewood, crocodile farming, eco-tourism, carving, fish farming, poultry, etc)		2018 - 2021				
4.1.3.3 Submit and secure funding from potential sponsors for various project proposals		2018 - 2021				
4.1.3.4 Access funding and implement project activities		2018 - 2021				
4.1.3.5 Monitor and report on progress of project activities		2018 - 2021				
			Sub Total:			
4.1.4.1 Carry out inventory on options for self - reliant livelihood projects	4.1.4 One hundred and twenty (120) communities' self - reliant projects identified and implemented in 60 locations by 2021.	2018 - 2021				
4.1.4.2 Identify market options and Implement self - reliant livelihood projects		2018 - 2021				
			Sub Total:			
4.1.5.1 Identify and document external financial resources to be accessed by project beneficiaries	4.1.5 Increase in the proportion of external financial resources accessed by 60 PAs.	2018 - 2028				
4.1.5.2 Provide assistance to project beneficiaries to develop project proposals to access external financial resources		2018 - 2028				
4.1.5.3 Secure micro-financing opportunities for community members within PAs		2018 - 2028				
4.1.5.4 Conduct training in financial management for interested members of communities		2018 - 2028				
			Sub Total:			

4.2.1.1 Establish a good communication network with permit issuing authorities (CEPA, NRI, Provincial Authorities)	4.2.1 One hundred and twenty (120) collaborative research activities conducted in 60 PAs by 2021.	2018 - 2021		
4.2.1.2 Develop collaborative research programs Agreements (MoU/MoA)		2018 - 2021		
4.2.1.3 Advertise and secure research opportunities to interested research institutions		2018 - 2021		
4.2.1.4 Engage interested research institutions to undertake research in PAs		2018 - 2021		
4.2.1.5 Advertise PA inventory tasks and contract competent consultant to review and update PAs in PNG		2018 - 2021		
			Sub Total:	
4.3.1.1 Engage experts to conduct traditional knowledge and practices studies in target communities/PAs	4.3.1 Traditional knowledge and sustainable cultural uses documented for 60 PAs by 2024.	2018 - 2024		
4.3.1.2 Document traditional ecological knowledge and sustainable cultural uses		2018 - 2024		
4.3.1.3 Advertise for publication companies/consultants to research and publish research documents		2018 - 2024		
			Sub Total:	
4.3.2.1 Conduct community participation and awareness for traditional ecological and cultural practices	4.3.2 Traditional ecological & sustainable cultural practice based protected area planning/management implemented in 60 PAs by 2025	2018 - 2025		
4.3.2.2 Develop management plans in consultation with local communities and LLGs/District representatives		2018 - 2025		
4.3.2.3 Assist local communities/PA beneficiaries to develop Management Plans		2018 - 2025		
			Sub Total:	
			Grand Total:	



PNG's natural beauty (pictured in New Ireland Province) offers many ecotourism opportunities © Alice Plate/ UNDP



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